**Regulation 2023** 

**Program Structure** 

# Diploma in Mechanical Engineering (Tool & Die)

# **Program Outcomes (PO's)**

POs are statements that describe what students are expected to know and be able to do upon graduating from the program. These relate to the skills, knowledge, analytical ability, attitude, and behavior that students acquire through the program.

The POs essentially indicate what the students can do from subject-wise knowledge acquired by them during the program. As such, POs define the professional profile of an engineering diploma graduate.

NBA has defined the following seven POs for an Engineering diploma graduate:

**PO1:** Basic and Discipline-specific knowledge: Apply knowledge of basic mathematics, science and engineering fundamentals and an engineering specialization to solve the engineering problems.

PO2: Problem analysis: Identify and analyse well-defined engineering problems using codified standard methods.

**PO3:** Design/ development of solutions: Design solutions for well-defined technical problems and assist with the design of systems components or processes to meet specified needs.

**PO4:** Engineering Tools, Experimentation, and Testing: Apply modern engineering tools and appropriate technique to conduct standard tests and measurements.

**PO5:** Engineering practices for society, sustainability and environment: Apply appropriate technology in the context of society, sustainability, environment and ethical practices.

**PO6:** Project Management: Use engineering management principles individually, as a team member or as a leader to manage projects and effectively communicate about well-defined engineering activities.

**PO7:** Life-long learning: Ability to analyse individual needs and engage in updating in the context of technological changes.

# **Credit Distribution**

Semester	No of Courses	Periods	Credits
Semester I	8	640	20
Semester II	8	640	20
Semester III	8	640	21
Semester IV	7	640	20
Semester V	8	640	21
Semester VI	3	630	18
	·	Total	120

# I SEMESTER

Sl.No	Course Category	Course Type	Sode	Course Title	L-T-P	Period	Credit	End Exam
1	Humanities & Social Science	Theory	1000231110	Tamil Marabu	2-0-0	30	2	Theory
2	Basic Science	Theory	1000231230	Basic Mathematics	3-1-0	60	4	Theory
3	Basic Science	Practicum	1000231330	Basic Physics	2-0-2	60	3	Theory
4	Basic Science	Practicum	1000231430	Basic Chemistry	2-0-2	60	3	Theory
5	Engineering Science	Practicum	1000231520	Digital Workplace Skills	0-0-4	60	2	Practical
6	Humanities & Social Science	Practicum	1000231640	Communicative English I	1-0-2	45	2	Practical
7	Engineering Science	Practicum	1000231740	Basic Workshop Practices	1-0-2	45	2	Practical
8	Open Elective	Advanced Skill Certification	1000231860	Basic English for Employability	0-0-4	60	2	Practical
9	Humanities & Social Science	Integrated Learning Experience	1000231880	Growth Lab	-	15	0	-
10	Audit Course	Integrated Learning Experience	1000231881	Induction Program - I	-	40	0	-
11	Audit Course	Integrated Learning Experience	1000231882	I&E/ Club Activity/ Community Initiatives	-	30	0	-
12	Audit Course	Integrated Learning Experience	1000231883	Shop floor Immersion	-	8	0	-
13	Audit Course	Integrated Learning Experience	1000231884	Student-Led Initiative	-	22	0	-
14	Audit Course	Integrated Learning Experience	1000231886	Health & Wellness	-	30	0	-
				1	Test & Revisions	60	-	
					Library	15	-	
					TOTAL	640	20	

# **II SEMESTER**

SL.NO	<b>Course Category</b>	Course Type	Code	Course Title	L-T-P	Period	Credit	End Exam
1	Humanities & Social Science	Theory	1000232110	Tamizhar Thozhilnutpam	2-0-0	30	2	Theory
2	Program Core	Theory	1000232210	Basics of Mechanical Engineering	3-0-0	45	3	Theory
3	Engineering Science	Practicum	1000232320	Drafting Practices	0-0-4	60	2	Practical
4	Basic Science	Practicum	1000232440	Applied Mathematics -2	1-0-4	75	3	Practical
5	Basic Science	Practicum	1000232540	Applied Physics - I	2-0-4	90	4	Practical
6	Basic Science	Practicum	1000232640	Applied Chemistry - I	2-0-4	90	4	Practical
7	Engineering Science	Practicum	1000232740	Basic Engineering Practices	0-0-4	60	2	Practical
8	Humanities & Social Science	Practicum	1000232840	Communicative English II	1-0-2	45	2	Practical
9	Open Elective	Advanced Skill Certification	1000232860	Advanced Skills Certification - 2	1-0-2	45	2	NA
10	Humanities & Social Science	Integrated LearningExperience	1000232880	Growth Lab	-	30	0	-
11	Audit Course	Integrated LearningExperience	1000232882	I&E/ Club Activity/ Community Initiatives		30	0	-
12	Audit Course	Integrated LearningExperience	1000232883	Shop floor Immersion		8	0	-
13	Audit Course	Integrated LearningExperience	1000232884	Student-Led Initiative	-	24	0	-
14	Audit Course	Integrated LearningExperience	1000232885	Emerging Technology Seminars		8	0	-
15	Audit Course	Integrated LearningExperience	1000232886	Health & Wellness	-	30	0	-
				Tes	st & Revisions	60	-	
					Library	15	-	
					TOTAL	640	20	

SI.								
No	Course Category	Course Type	Code	Course Title	L-T-P	Period	Credit	End Exam
1	Program Core	Theory	1220233110	Manufacturing Technology	3-0-0	45	3	Theory
2	Program Core	Practicum	1020233230	Strength of Material	3-0-2	75	4	Theory
3	Program Core	Practicum	1220233330	Engineering Materials & Metallurgy	3-0-2	75	4	Theory
4	Program Core	Practicum	1220233440	Engineering Metrology	1-0-4	75	3	Practical
5	Program Core	Practical	1220233520	Computer Aided Machine & Tool Drawing Practical	0-0-4	60	2	Practical
6	Program Core	Practical	1220233620	Manufacturing Technology Practical	0-0-4	60	2	Practical
7	Open Elective	Practical	1220233760	Advanced Skills Certification 1-0		45	2	NA
8	Humanities & Social Science	Integrated Learning Experience	1220233880	Growth Lab		30	0	NA
9	Audit Course	Integrated Learning Experience	1020233881	Induction Program - II	-	16	0	-
10	Audit Course	Integrated Learning Experience	1220233882	I&E/ Club Activity/ Community Initiatives	-	16	0	-
11	Audit Course	Integrated Learning Experience	1220233883	Shop floor Immersion	-	8	0	-
12	Audit Course	Integrated Learning Experience	1220233884	Student-Led Initiative	-	22	0	-
13	Audit Course	Integrated Learning Experience	1220233885	Emerging Technology Seminars	-	8	0	-
14	Audit Course	Integrated Learning Experience	1220233886	Health & Wellness	0-0-2	30	1	-
		1		Test	& Revisions	30	-	-
					Library	15	-	-
					Total	625	21	

## **III SEMESTER**

## IV SEMESTER

SI. No	Course Category	Course Type	Code	Course Title	L-T-P	Period	Credit	End Exam
1	Program Core	Theory	1220234110	Tool Room Special Machines	3-0-0	45	3	Theory
2	Program Core	Theory	1220234210	Press Tool	3-0-0	45	3	Theory
3	Program Core	Practicum	1220234340	Fluid Power & Thermal Engineering	2-0-4	75	4	Practical
4	Program Core	Practical	1220234420	Special Machines Practical	0-0-4	60	2	Practical
5	Program Core	Practical	1220234520	Press Tool Making Practical	0-0-6	90	3	Practical
6	Program Elective-I	1020234340     3.     Heat Power Engineering       4.     Inter discipline courses #		1-0-4	75	3	Practical	
7	Open Elective	Practical	1220234760		1-0-2	60	2	NA
8	Audit Course	Integrated Learning Experience	1220234882	I&E/ Club Activity/ Community Initiatives -		30	0	-
9	Audit Course	Integrated Learning Experience	1220234883	Shop floor Immersion	-	8	0	-
10	Audit Course	Integrated Learning Experience	1220234884	Student-Led Initiative	-	24	0	-
11	Audit Course	Integrated Learning Experience	1220234885	Emerging Technology Seminars	-	8	0	-
12	Audit Course	Integrated Learning Experience	1220234886	Health & Wellness	-	30	0	-
13	Audit Course	Integrated Learning Experience	1220234887	Special Interest group(Placement Training)	-	30	0	-
					Test & Revisions	30	-	-
					Library	30	-	-
						640	20	-

Note: # courses from other programmes with the same credits can be considered after proper approval from the Chairman, Board of Examinations.

# **V SEMESTER**

Sl. No	Course Category	Course Type	Code	Course Title	L-T-P	Period	Credit	End Exan
1	Program Core	Practicum	1220235130	Jig, Fixture & Gauges	3-0-2	75	4	Theory
2	Program Core	Theory	1220235210	Plastic Moulding Technology	3-0-0	45	3	Theory
3	Program Core	Practicum	1220235330	Tool Design & Drawing	2-0-2	60	3	Theory
4	Program Core	Practical	1220235420	Plastic Mould Making Practical	0-0-4	60	2	Practical
			1020235541	CNC Programming				
			1020235543	Industrial IoT				
5	Program Elective-II	Practicum	1020235544	Advanced Welding Technologies	1-0-4	75	3	Practical
	5		1020235545	Industrial Robotics				
			1020235546	HAVC Systems and Components				
6	Hum. Social Science	Practicum	1220235654	Innovation and Startup	1-0-2	45	2	Project
7	Project/Internship	Project/ Internship	1220235773	Industrial Training (Summer Vacation – 90 hours)	-	-	2	Project
8	Open Elective	Practical	1220235860	Advanced Skills Certification	1-0-2	45	2	NA
9	Audit Course	Integrated Learning Experience	1220235981	Induction program III	-	40	0	-
10	Audit Course	Integrated Learning Experience	1220235984	Student-Led Initiative	-	30	0	-
11	Audit Course	Integrated Learning Experience	1220235986	Health & Wellness	-	30	0	-
12	Audit Course	Integrated Learning Experience	1220235987	Special Interest Groups (Placement Training)	-	40	0	-
	1		1	Test	& Revisions	45	_	-
					Library	15	-	-
					Total	580	21	-

# **VI SEMESTER**

Sl. No	Course Category	Course Type	Code	Course Title	L-T-P	Period	Credit	End Exam
1	Program Core	Theory	1220236110	Forging Dies, Die Casting Dies & Die Maintenance	3-0-0	45	3	Theory
			1220236211	Industrial Engineering				
2	Program Elective-III *	Theory	1220236212	Total Quality Management	3-0-0	45	3	Theory
			6000236112	Entrepreneurship				
			6000236113	Project Management				
			1020236115	Industry 4.0				
				Online Elective courses \$				
3	Industrial Training/Project	Project/ Internship		In-House ** Project/Internship/Fellowship	-	540	12	Project
					Total	630	18	
3	Industrial Training/Project	Project/ Internship	1220236351	Internship	-	540	12	Project
3	Industrial Training/Project	Project/ Internship	1220236353	Fellowship	-	540	12	Project
3	Industrial Training/Project	Project/ Internship	1220236374	In-House Project	-	540	12	Project

Note: \$ Online courses with the same credits available in AICTE, SWAYAM, NPTEL and reputed institution with proper evaluation system and certification can be considered after proper approval from the Chairman, Board of Examinations.

\*\* Every student should select any one from the In- house Project or Internship or Fellowship. This guidelines have to be followed.

#### Introduction:

Use of innovative technologies to create existing products and the creation of new products. Manufacturing technology can include production activities that depend on information, automation, computation, software, sensing, and networking.

#### **Course Objectives:**

- To illustrate the working principles of various metal casting processes.
- To learn and apply the working principles of various metal joining processes.
- To study the basic concepts of lathe machine and constructional features of lathe.
- To learn working of basic mechanics of grinding, drilling & broaching machines.
- o To learn working of basic mechanics of planner, shaper and slotter.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

- **CO1:** The student will be able to recommend the appropriate design of casting process systems and machining (metal cutting) processes.
- **CO2:** To understand the Knowledge & various modern welding techniques such as arc, resistance welding techniques. Atomic hydrogen, TIG, MIG
- CO3: To give detailed study of lathes (semi-automatic lathe and conventional lathe).
- **CO4:** The student will have the basic understanding in working principle of grinding, drilling & broaching machines.
- CO5: The student will have the basic understanding in working principle of planner, shaper and slotter.

#### **Pre-requisites:**

Basic knowledge in Mechanical, materials



# DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI – 600 025 REGULATION 2023

1220233110	MANUFACTURING TECHNOLOGY	L	Т	Р	С
THEORY		3	0	0	3

# **CO/PO Mapping:**

CO / PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
CO1	3	-	3	3	-	3	3
CO2	3	-	2	3	2	3	3
CO3	3	-	2	3	2	2	3
CO4	3	-	2	3	-	3	2
CO5	3	-	2	2	2	3	3

Legend: 3-High Correlation, 2-Medium Correlation, 1-Low Correlation

# **Instructional Strategy:**

- o Engage and Motivate: Teachers should actively engage students to boost their learning confidence
- o To help students learn and appreciate numerous concepts and principles in each area, teachers should provide examples from daily life, realistic situations, and real-world engineering and technological applications.
- The demonstration can make the subject exciting and foster in the students a scientific mindset. Student activities should be planned on all the topics.
- Throughout the course, a theory-demonstrate-practice-activity strategy may be used to ensure that learning is outcome- and employability-based.
- o Simulation and Real-World Practice: Conduct demonstrations and hands-on activities in a simulated environment, transitioning to real-world scenarios when possible.



# DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI – 600 025 REGULATION 2023

THEORY

L	Т	Р	С
3	0	0	3

#### **Assessment Methodology**

	C	Continuous Assess	ment (40 marks)		End Semester Examination	
	CA1	CA2	CA3	CA4	(60 marks)	
Mode	Written test (Two units)	Written test (Another Two units)	Quiz MCQ (Online /Offline)	Model Examination	Written Examination	
Duration	2 Periods	2 Periods	1 Hour	3 Hours	3 Hours	
Exam Marks	50	50	60	100	100	
Converted to	15	15	5	20	60	
Marks	15		5	20	60	
Tentative Schedule	6th Week	12th Week	13-14th Week	16th Week		

**CA1 and CA2:** Assessment written test should be conducted for 50 Marks for two units. The marks scored will be converted to 15 Marks. Best of one will be considered for the internal assessment of 15 Marks.

CA1and CA2, Assessment test should be conducted for two units as below. Answer

five questions (5 X 10 Marks = 50 Marks).

Eight questions will be asked, students should write Five questions. Each unit four questions can be asked. Each question may have subdivisions. Maximum two subdivisions shall be permitted.

**CA3:** 60 MCQ can be asked by covering the entire portion. It may be conducted by Online / Offline. The answer scripts of every student (online / offline) for this assessment should be kept for records and future verification. The marks scored should be converted to 5 marks for the internal assessment.



1220233110	MANUFACTURING TECHNOLOGY	L	Т	Р	С
THEORY		3	0	0	3

**CA4:** Model examination should be conducted as per the end semester question pattern. The marks should be converted to 20 marks for the internal assessment.

# **Question Pattern:**

Answer ten questions by selecting two questions from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks each. Four questions will be asked from every unit, students should write any two questions. The question may have two subdivisions only.

## **Syllabus Contents**

Unit I	Casting Processes	
Patterns: Defir	ition-Pattern materials-factors for selecting pattern materials-single piece solid, split	
patterns-patter	n allowances-core prints. Moulding-definition-moulding boxes, moulding sand-	
ingredients-sil	ica-clay-moisture and miscellaneous materials-properties of moulding sand-sand	
additives-mou	lding sand preparation-mixing-tempering and conditioning- Types of moulding-green	
and dry sand-	machine moulding-top and bottom squeezer machines-jolting machines-sand slinger-	
CO2 process c	ore making-types of core-core boxes	
Casting : Defin	nition-sand casting using green sand and dry sand-gravity die casting-pressure die	0
casting: Hot	and cold chamber processes-centrifugal casting-continuous casting-chilled casting-	9
malleable cast	ing-melting of cast iron-cupola furnace-melting of nonferrous metals-crucible furnace	
melting of st	teel-arc furnaces-induction furnaces-instrument for measuring temperature-optical	
pyrometer-the	rmo electric pyrometer-cleaning of casting-tumbling, trimming sand and shot blasting-	
defects in cast	ing causes and their remedies-safety practices in foundry.	



1220233110	MANUFACTURING TECHNOLOGY	L	Т	Р	C
THEORY		3	0	0	3

Unit II	Metal Joining Processes	
Arc Welding:	Definition-Arc welding equipment-arc welding methods-carbon arc, metal arc, Metal	
Inert Gas (	MIG), Tungsten Inert Gas (TIG), Atomic hydrogen, Plasma arc, Submerged arc and	
Electro slag	welding	
Gas welding:	Definition-Gas welding equipment-Oxy and acetylene welding-Three types of flame.	
Resistance we	lding: Classification of resistance welding-butt-spot-seam-projection welding-welding	9
related proc	resses-oxy and acetylene cutting-arc cutting-hand facing bronze welding-soldering and	9
brazing-spe	cial welding processes: cast iron welding- thermit welding-solid state welding,	
ultrasonic, c	liffusion and explosive welding-explosive cladding.	
Modern we	elding: Electron beam and laser beam welding-types of welded joints-inspection and	
testing of w	elded joints-destructive and nondestructive types of tests-safety practices in welding.	
Unit III	Centre Lathe, Semi-Automatic and Automatic Lathe	
Centre Lathe:	Theory of Lathes-specifications-simple sketches-principal parts and its functions-	
tumbler gear	mechanism-quick change gear box-apron mechanism-carriage cross slide-automatic,	
longitudinal a	nd cross feed mechanism-work holding devices : face plate, three jaw chuck, four jaw	
chuck, catch	plate and carrier-types of centres-machining operations done on lathe: facing, plain	
turning, step	turning, taper turning, knurling, thread cutting, boring, chamfering-major machining	
parameters.		
Semi-Automat	ic Lathe: Types of Semi-Automatic Lathe - Capstan and turret lathes - difference	9
between turre	t and capstan - tools and work holding devices - self-opening die head -collapsible	
tapes		
Automatic Lat	the: Classification of single spindle automatic lathe - principle of automatic lathe -	
automatic scre	w cutting machine – multi spindle automatic lathes	



THEORY

Unit IV	Drilling, Grinding and Broaching Machine	
Drilling Macl	nines: Drills: Flat drills, twist drills-nomenclature-types of drilling machines: bench	
type, floor t	ype, radial type, gang drill, multi spindle type- principle of operations in drilling-	
methods of l	nolding drill bit: drill chucks, socket and sleeve-drilling operation: drilling, boring,	
reaming, cou	nter sinking, counter boring, spot facing, tapping, deep hole drilling	9
Grinding Ma	chine: Types and Classification-specifications-principles of operations-grinding wheels	
abrasives: na	tural and artificial-types of bonds-grit, grade and structure of wheels-wheel shapes and	
sizes-BIS ma	rking systems of grinding wheels-selection of grinding wheels-dressing and truing of	
wheels-balan	cing of grinding wheels.	
Broaching: B	croaching Machine – Basic Process – Vertical broaching Machine – Horizontal	
Broaching ma	achine – Double cut broaching – Key way Broaching	
Unit V	Planner, Shaper and Slotter Machine	
Planner: Types	s of Planner-specifications-principles of operation-quick return mechanism-feed	
mechanism-w	ork holding devices-types of planner operation	
Shaper: Types	of Shaper-specifications-principle of operations-quick return mechanism-crank and	
slotted link m	echanism-feed mechanism-work holding devices-types of shaper operations	9
Slotter: Types	of slotter-specifications-principle of operation-Whitworth quick return mechanism-feed	9
mechanism-w	ork holding devices	
TOTALHOU	RS	45
	Assessment Test and Revision with Student activity	15*
	. Test and Revision periods can be used 1 Period per week can be used for this	

\* Common Test and Revision periods can be used. 1 Period per week can be used for this subject



THEORY

#### Suggested List of Students Activity:

- Prepare the green sand mould for the solid and Spilt pattern
- Practice the basic welding operation
- Prepare a list of work holding devices and tool holding devices used in the workshop

#### **Text and Reference Books:**

- R.K. Jain, Production Technology, Edition 1<sup>st</sup>, Khanna Publishers, 2021.
- P. C. SHARMA, Production Technology, Edn. 10, S.Chand& Co. Ltd., 2010
- P N RAO, manufacturing technology Vol -1, Vol -2, edition5th,Tata McGraw Hill Education Private Limited

#### Web-based/Online Resources:

- o https://youtu.be/OJnWA2DF6jQ?si=JUK0NXnqcqMkrEvf
- o https://youtu.be/K4TEuJsUGEM?si=5PYbhvtQE2X6hjeu
- NPTEL (Website): The National Programming Technology Enhanced Learning (NPTEL) offers free online courses on manufacturing processes and other Mechanical Engineering topics. NPTEL Mechanical Engineering.

#### **END SEMESTER QUESTION PATTERN - Theory Exam**

#### **Duration: 3 Hrs.**

#### Max. Marks: 100

**Note:** Answer ten questions by selecting two questions from each unit. Each questioncarries 10 marks each.

#### **Instruction to the Question Setters**

Four questions will be asked from every unit, students should write any two questions for 10 marks. The question may have two subdivisions only.



L	Т	Р	С
3	0	2	4

# PRACTICUM

## Introduction:

Strength of materials is a key subject in mechanical engineering that focuses on how solid objects behave when they are put under various forces and pressures. It's vital it helps us understand and predict if a material can handle certain loads without breaking. Strength of materials is the discipline related to calculation of stresses and strains in structures and mechanical components. It helps engineers make informed decisions about material selection, decision and construction.

#### **Course Objectives:**

- Acquire knowledge about selection of materials
- Towards developing the theoretical basics about the stress, strain and elastic modulus concepts in various components.
- > Understand the mechanical behavior of materials.
- To solve practical problems related to shafts and springs.
   Estimate the stresses induced in thin cylinders.
- Understand the basics of engineering materials and their role in the development of societies and industries.

# **Course Outcomes:**

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

- CO1: Discuss various engineering materials and their mechanical properties
- CO2: Compute the effects various loads on materials
- CO3: Analyses the shaft using the principles of pure torsion
- CO4: Analyses the springs in various load conditions

CO5: Determine the various dimensions of thin cylinders under various load conditions



PRACTICUM         3         0         2         4	1020233230	STRENGTH OF MATERIALS	L	Т	Р	С
	PRACTICUM		3	0	2	4

#### **Pre-requisites:**

Knowledge of basic mathematics and Science

## **CO/PO Mapping**

CO / PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
C01	2	3	3				
CO2	2	3	3	2			
CO3	3	3	3				
CO4	3	3	3				
CO5	3	1	3	2			

Legend: 3-High Correlation, 2-Medium Correlation, 1-Low Correlation

# **Instructional Strategy:**

- The instructional strategy for teaching strength of materials in polytechnic colleges emphasizes practical application and industry relevance.
- Through a curriculum aligned with the state technical education board, the syllabus is broken down into manageable units, prioritizing topics pertinent to Indian engineering contexts.
- Visual aids, bilingual explanations, and hands-on demonstrations are utilized to accommodate linguistic diversity and enhance understanding.
- Incorporating industry examples and field visit to construction sites and manufacturing facilities fosters experiential learning.
- Assessment methods include practical assessment, written exams, and peer learning initiatives, complemented by career guidance to inform students about opportunities in mechanical engineering.
- Continuous feedback mechanisms ensure the refinement and effectiveness of the instructional approach.



# STRENGTH OF MATERIALS

L	Т	Р	С
3	0	2	4

#### **Assessment Methodology:**

	Co	ontinuous Assessr	nent (40 marks)		End
	CA1	CA2	CA3	CA4	Semester Examination (60 marks)
Mode	Written Test Theory (First Two Units)	Written Test Theory (Another Two Units)	Practical Test (All Exercises)	Written Test (Complete Theory Portions)	Written Examination (Complete Theory Portions)
Duration	2 Periods	2 Periods	3 Hours	3 Hours	3 Hours
Exam Marks	50	50	100	100	100
Converted to	10	10	15	15	60
Marks	1	0	15	15	60
Tentative Schedule	6th Week	12th Week	15th Week	16th Week	

Note:

• CA1 and CA2: Assessment written test should be conducted for 50 Marks. The marks scored will be converted to 10 Marks for each test. Best of one will be considered for the internal assessment of 10 Marks.

CA1 and CA2, Assessment written test should be conducted for two units as below. Answer any five questions. (5 X 10 Marks = 50 Marks).

Eight questions will be asked, students should write five questions.

Each unit four questions can be asked. Each question may have subdivisions. Maximum two subdivisions shall be permitted.

• **CA 3:** All the exercises/experiments should be completed and kept for the practical test. The students shall be permitted to select any one experiment by lot for the test. The practical test should be conducted as per the scheme of evaluation as below. The marks awarded for 100 marks will be converted to 15 Marks for the internal mark.



1020233230	STRENGTH OF MATERIALS	L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICUM		3	0	2	4

Practical documents should be maintained for every exercise / experiment immediately after completion of the practice. The practical document should be submitted for the practical test. Each exercise/experiment should be evaluated for 10 Marks. The total marks awarded should be converted to 30 Marks for the practical test as per the scheme of evaluation as below.

The details of the practical documents to be prepared as per the instruction below.EachExercise observation and calculations should be completed on the day of practice. The same shall beevaluated for 10 marks on the day or next day of practice beforecommencement of the next exercise.

This documentation can be carried out in a separate notebook or printed manual or file. The reading and calculations and graph should be written by the student manually. The evaluated practical document should be submitted for the Practical Test (CA3). The mark scored by the students should be converted to 30 marks. The same should be included as per the allocation in the practical test.

The detailed date of the practices and its evaluations should be maintained in the course logbook. The log book and the practical documents should be submitted for the verification by the Flying Squad and DOTE Official.

Sl.No.	Description	Marks
А	Aim / Apparatus required	10
В	Procedure / Observation	20
С	Formula / Calculation	20
D	Result / Graph	10
Е	Practical document (All Practical's)	30
F	Viva Voce	10
	Total	100

**SCHEME OF EVALUATION - Practical Test** 



1020233230	STRENGTH OF MATERIALS	L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICUM		3	0	2	4

**CA4:** Model examination should be conducted for complete theory portions as per the end semester question pattern. The marks awarded should be converted to 15 marks for the internal assessment.

# **Question Pattern:**

Answer Ten questions by selecting two questions from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks each. Four questions will be asked from every unit, students should write any two questions. The question may have two subdivisions only.

# Syllabus Contents

Unit I	SELECTION OF MATERIALS	
Theory:		9
Engineering	g materials:	
Introduction	to engineering materials- Ferrous and Non Ferrous materials - material selection-	
factors affect	ting the selection of materials-procedure for materials selection.	
Advanced n	naterials - smart materials and nanomaterials-classification of nanomaterials -	
applications		
Hardness te	st:	
Brinell hard	ness test, Rockwell hardness test, Vickers Hardness test – Shore Hardness Test (	
Durometer)	- Knowledge on Micro Hardness test	
Practical:		3
EXPERIM	ENT : 1.	
Hardness T	est: Determination of Rockwell hardness number for various materials like mild	
steel, high c	arbon steel, brass, copper, aluminium and Plastics (Any Two Materials).	



Unit II	DEFORMATION OF METALS	
Theory:		9
Simple stre	sses and strains: Definition - load, stress and strain - classification of force systems -	
tensile, comp	pressive and shear force systems- Definition - Hooke's law -Young's modulus - working	
stress, factor	of safety, load factor, shear stress and shear strain - modulus of rigidity - deformation due to	
tension and c	compressive forces - simple problems in tension, compression and shear force.	
Mechanical	testing of materials: Tensile test of mild steel in UTM - stress strain diagram - limit of	
proportionali	ty - elastic limit -yield stress - breaking stress - ultimate stress - percentage of an	
elongation a	nd percentage reduction in area ( no problems)- fatigue test - creep test.	
Practical:		4
EXPERIME		
Tensile Tes	t on materials : Determine young's modulus of elasticity, yield stress, ultimate stress,	
breaking stre	ess, percentage of elongation and percentage of reduction in area of a given specimen	
(Mild steel, 0	Cast Iron, Aluminum, Brass) (Any one material) and plot stress strain diagram.	
Unit III	ELASTIC CONSTANTS AND STRAIN ENERGY	
Theory:		9
Elastic const	ants: Definition - lateral strain – poison's ratio - volumetric strain - bulk modulus - volumetric	
strain of rec	ctangular and circular bars (No derivation) - problems connecting linear, lateral and	
volumetric d	eformation – Simple problemson elastic constants.	
Strain energ	gy: Definition - proof resilience - modulus of resilience - the expression for strain energy	
stored in a	bar due to axial load - instantaneous stresses due to sudden and impact loads (No	
	problems computing instantaneous	
	formation in sudden and impact loadings.	



Practical:		3
EXPERIM	ENT : 3.	
Impact test	: Find the impact strength of the given specimen ( Mild steel, Cast Iron, Aluminium	
and Brass)	(Any Two materials) using izod test and Charpy test.	
Unit IV	THEORY OF TORSION	
Theory: To	<b>Prime</b> Theory of torsion - assumptions - torsion equation $\frac{T}{J} = \frac{f_s}{R} = \frac{C\theta}{l}$	9
	on)- strength of solid and hollow shafts - power transmitted - definition - polar modulus $-$	
sectional m	odulus - torsional rigidity - strength and stiffness of shafts - comparison of hollow	
and solid sl	nafts in weight and strength considerations - advantages of hollow shafts over solid	
shafts – she	ar stress distribution - problems.	
Material te	sting: Torsion testing machine (Description only).	
Practical:		4
EXPERIM	ENT : 4.	
Torsion tes	st: Determine the shear stress and modulus of rigidity of the given specimen (Mild	
steel, Cast I	ron, Aluminum and Brass) - (Any two materials) using a Torsion testing machine.	
Unit V	SPRINGS AND THIN CYLINDERS	
Theory:		9
Springs: T	ypes of springs - laminated and coiled spring - applications - types of coiled springs -	
difference	between open and closely coiled helical springs - closely coiled helical spring	
subjected to	o an axial load (no derivation) - problems to determine shear stress, deflection,	
stiffness and	d resilience of closed coil helical springs.	



1020233230	STRENGTH OF MATERIALS	L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICUM		3	0	2	4

Thin cylinders: Definition - thin cylindrical shell - failure of thin cylindrical shell subjected to	
internal pressure - hoop and longitudinal stresses causes in thin cylindrical shell subjected to	
internal pressure (no derivation) - simple problems - change in dimensions of a thin cylindrical	
shell subjected to internal pressure -problems	
Practical:	6
EXPERIMENT : 5.	
Test on springs of circular section: Determine the modulus of rigidity and strainenergy, and	
stiffness of the open coiled helical springs.	
EXPERIMENT : 6.	
Determine the modulus of rigidity and strain energy, and stiffness of the closedcoiled helical	
springs.	
Revision + Test + Students Activity	10
TOTAL HOURS	75
	1

#### Suggested List of Students Activity:

Other than the classroom learning, the following are the suggested student related co-curricular activities which can be undertaken to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course.

- Conduct a survey, specific to properties of various types of materials used in mechanical engineering and prepare a report.
- Compare the strength of the solid shaft with that of hollow shaft for the same power transmission for an automobile and make a report.
- Students can be given practices in the Virtual Labs | Mechanical Engineering (vlab.co.in).
   This can be given to a team of students and make them prepare a report.

Sample Experiments: Four bar mechanism, Slider crank mechanism, Elliptical Trammel, Cam Mechanism, Linkage Model, Crank and Slotted Mechanism, Whitworth Mechanism, Straight Line Mechanism, Universal Joint etc...



## **Text and Reference books:**

- 1. Dr. P.Purushothama Raj, V. Ramasamy, Strength of Materials, Pearson Edition 2013.
- 2. Dr. R K Bansal, strength of materials, 5th edition, laxmi publications private limited, 2013.
- 3. R S Khurmi, strength of materials, edition 2019, s chand publications, 2019.
- 4. B K Sarkar, strength of materials, 10th edition, tata mcgraw hill education private limited, 2012.
- 5. R K Rajput, materials science and engineering, 5th edition, S K Kataria and sons publications, 2024

# Web reference:

- https://youtu.be/GkFgysZC4Vc?si=j-q-9UMmeDg64YNB
- https://youtu.be/uA\_HqCGo8Pg?si=q03sPw7010ot0BdT
- https://youtu.be/WERoSRcnafA?si=b7Xv3RI1s8LvSUhw

# Equipment / Facilities required to conduct the Practical Portions.

1. Universal testing machine.	01
2. Rockwell's hardness testing machine.	01
3. Impact testing machine.	01
4. Torsion testing machine.	01
5. Spring testing machine	01

Required instruments and consumables.



# **END SEMESTER QUESTION PATTERN - Theory Exam**

# **Duration: 3 Hrs.**

#### Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer Ten questions by selecting two questions from each unit. Each questioncarries 10 marks each.

## **Instruction to the Question Setters**

Four questions will be asked from every unit, students should write any two questions for 10 marks. The question may have two subdivisions only.



L	Т	Р	С
3	0	2	4

Practicum

## Introduction:

Materials are so important in the development of human civilization that the historians have identified early periods of civilization by the name of most significantly used material, e.g.: Stone Age, Bronze Age. This is just an observation made to showcase the importance of materials and their impact on human civilization. It is obvious that materials have affected and controlling a broad range of human activities through thousands of decades.

Metallurgy and Materials engineering involves the engineering principles required to concentrate, extract and refine metals, materials and carbon (coal) materials, as well as to develop new alloys and materials, including ceramics and composites

Materials engineering shows us how to apply knowledge to make better things and to make things better. Materials science and engineering drives innovation in both research and industry in everything from aerospace to medicine. It is fundamental to all other science and engineering disciplines.

#### **Course Objectives**

The objective of this course is to enable the student to

- 1. To know about the different types of material structure.
- 2. To acquire knowledge on Deformation of Metals.
- 3. To Understand the Phase Diagrams.
- 4. To Understand and Use Iron Carbon Equilibrium Diagram.
- 5. To Study about various Heat Treatment Process.
- 6. To Get Knowledge on Thermal & Magnetic properties of Materials.
- 7. To know about Superconductivity.
- 8. To study about various Ferrous & Non Ferrous Alloys.
- 9. To understand the process of Non Destructive Testing.



Practicum

#### **Course Outcomes:**

CO1: Explain the basic crystal structure of materials knows as deformation of material behavior.

CO2: Identify the solid solutions & phase diagrams, heat treatment transformation system

CO3: Discuss about the heat treatment of steel & properties of engineering materials

CO4: Describe the properties & composition ferrous & non-ferrous material and its alloys composition

CO5: Explain the modern trends of metallographic & surface treatment and non-destructive testing

## **Pre-requisites:**

Mathematical skills, Mechanics.

#### **CO/PO Mapping**

CO / PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
CO1	3	3	-	2	-	3	2
CO2	3	2	3	-	1	2	3
CO3	2	3	-	3	-	2	3
CO4	3	3	2	3	-	-	3
CO5	3	-	2	2	2	2	2

Legend: 3-High Correlation, 2-Medium Correlation, 1-Low Correlation

# **Instructional Strategy:**

- Engage and Motivate: Instructors should actively engage students to boost their learning confidence.
- Real-World Relevance: Incorporate relatable, real-life examples and engineering applications to help students understand and appreciate course concepts.
- Interactive Learning: Utilize demonstrations and plan interactive student activities for an engaging
- learning experience. Application-Based Learning: Employ a theory-demonstrate-practice-activity strategy throughout the course to ensure outcome-driven learning and employability.
- Simulation and Real-World Practice: Conduct demonstrations and hands-on activities in a simulated environment, transitioning to real-world scenarios when possible.
- Encourage Critical Analysis: Foster an environment where students can honestly assess experiment



1220233330	Engineering Materials and Metallurgy	L	Т	Р	С
Practicum	Digineering materials and meaning,	3	0	2	4

# **Assessment Methodology:**

	Co	ontinuous Assessr	nent (40 marks)		End Semester
	CA1	CA2	CA3	CA4	Examination (60 marks)
Mode	Written Test Theory (First Two Units)	Written Test Theory (Another Two Units)	Practical Test (All Exercises)	Written Test (Complete Theory Portions)	Written Examination (Complete Theory Portions)
Duration	2 Periods	2 Periods	3 Hours	3 Hours	3 Hours
Exam Marks	50	50	100	100	100
Converted to	10	10	15	15	60
Marks	10	0	15	15	60
Tentative Schedule	6th Week	12th Week	15th Week	16th Week	

Note:

• CA1 and CA2: Assessment written test should be conducted for 50 Marks. The marks scored will be converted to 10 Marks for each test. Best of one will be considered for the internal assessment of 10 Marks. CA1 and CA2, Assessment written test should be conducted for two units as below. Answer any Five questions. (5 X 10 Marks = 50 Marks).

Eight questions will be asked, students should write Five questions. Each unit Four questions can be asked. Each question may have subdivisions. Maximum wo subdivisions shall be permitted.



1220233330	Engineering Materials and Metallurgy	L	Т	Р	С
Practicum	Engineering materials and metanurgy	3	0	2	4

**CA 3:** All the exercises/experiments should be completed and kept for the practical test. The students shall be permitted to select any one experiment by lot for the test. The practical test should be conducted as per the scheme of evaluation as below. The marks awarded for 100 marks will be converted to 15 Marks for the internal mark.

Practical documents should be maintained for every exercise / experiment immediately after completion of the practice. The practical document should be submitted for the practical test. Each exercise/experiment should be evaluated for 10 Marks. The total marks awarded should be converted to 30 Marks for the practical test as per the scheme of evaluation as below.

CA4: Model examination should be conducted for complete theory portions as per the end semester question pattern. The marks awarded should be converted to 15 marks for the internal assessment.

# The details of the practical documents to be prepared as per the instruction below.

Each exercise observation and calculations should be completed on the day of practice. The same shall be evaluated for 10 marks on the day or next day of practice beforecommencement of the next exercise.

This documentation can be carried out in a separate notebook or printed manual or file. The reading and calculations and graph should be written by the student manually. The evaluated practical document should be submitted for the Practical Test (CA3). The mark scored by the students should be converted to 30 marks. The same should be included as per the allocation in the practical test.

The detailed date of the practices and its evaluations should be maintained in the course logbook. The log book and the practical documents should be submitted for the verification by the Flying Squad and DOTE Official.



1220233330	Engineering Materials and Metallurgy	L	Т	Р	С
Practicum		3	0	2	4

# **SCHEME OF EVALUATION - Practical Test**

Sl.No.	Description	Marks
А	Aim / Apparatus required	10
В	Procedure / Observation	20
С	Formula / Calculation	20
D	Result / Graph	10
E	Practical document (All Practicals)	30
F	Viva Voce	10
	Total	100

# **Question Pattern:**

Answer Ten questions by selecting two questions from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks each.

Four questions will be asked from every unit, students should write any two questions. The question may have two subdivisions only.



Practicum     3     0     2     4	1220233330	Engineering Materials and Metallurgy	L	Т	Р	С
	Practicum	Engineering Materials and Metanurgy	3	0	2	4

# **Syllabus Contents**

Unit I METALLURGY AND MATERIAL STRUCTURE						
Crystalline Structure: Crystallography, crystal, single crystal, crystallization of metals, crystal symmetry,						
elements of symmetry, space lattice, unit cell, lattice parameters of unit cell, primitive cell, crystal structure,						
crystal system - cubic system, Tetragonal system, Hexagonal or trigonal system, orthorhombic system,						
monoclinic system, triclinic system. Miller Indices, Crystal directions, coordinate number, atomic radius, number						
of atoms per unit cell, density of crystal material. Material structure -Face centered cubic (FCC), Body centered	9					
cubic (BCC), Hexagonal close-packed (HCP).						
Bonding in solids: Primary bonds - Metallic bond, Ionic bond, Covalent bond. Imperfections in metal crystals-						
types of defect- point defect, line defect, surface defect, volume defect, effect of imperfection on metal properties						
Experiment #1: Study of Metallurgical microscope and grain structures	4					
Unit II PHASE DIAGRAMS AND IRON CARBON EQUILIBRIUM DIAGRAM						
Phase Diagrams: Solid solution - types of solid solution- substitutional and interstitial solid solution- solid						
solution alloy - System, Phase, Component, Degree of freedom or variance of the system. Phase rule, Cooling						
curves - cooling curve of pure metal, solidification or crystallization of metal, cooling curve of eutectic type						
alloy. Construction of equilibrium diagrams, Interpretation of equilibrium diagrams. Types of phase diagrams -						
Eutectic system, Peritectic system, Eutectoid system, Peritectoid system. Iron-Carbon system - allotropy of iron,	9					
micro constituents of iron and steel, Iron-iron carbide equilibrium diagram, critical temperatures, effect of	9					
alloying elements on Fe-Fe3C diagram.						
Heat Treatment and Transformation Diagram: Purpose of Heat Treatment, Heat treatment cycle,						
Time-Temperature-Transformation (TTT) diagram – importance of T.T.T diagram, steps to construct T.T.T						
diagram, T.T.T diagram and cooling curves.						
Experiment #2: Preparation of specimen for study of micro structure of ferrousmetals	4					



			-	U
Practicum Engineering Materials and Metallurgy	3	0	2	4

#### Unit III

# HEAT TREATMENT, PROPERTIES OF ENGINEERING MATERIALS

**Heat Treatment of Steel:** Annealing – stress relief annealing, Process annealing, spheroidise annealing, Full annealing. Normalizing, Hardening – process, quenching medium, hardenability, end quench hardenability test. Tempering – low temperature tempering, medium temperature tempering, High temperature tempering, Temper brittleness, Austempering, Martempering. Case hardening – carburising

pack carburising, liquid carburising, gas carburising. Nitriding, cyaniding, carbonitriding. Surface hardening –
 flame hardening, induction hardening.

**Properties of Engineering Materials:** Introduction, Mechanical properties of Materials – Strength, Elasticity, Plasticity, Ductility, Malleability, stiffness, toughness, brittleness, hardness, wear resistance, machinability, castability, weldability, fatigue strength, creep. Thermal Properties – Introduction, Heat capacity, Expansion, conductivity, Thermal stress. Magnetic properties

**Experiment #3:** Examine the micro structure of metal samples (i) Ferrous and (ii) Non- Ferrous

# Unit IV FERROUS AND NON – FERROUS METALS AND THEIR ALLOYS

Ferrous Metals & its Alloys: Pig Iron – classification, properties and applications, Wrought Iron – composition, properties and uses. Cast Iron – Introduction, classification, effects of alloying elements on the structure of cast iron. Designation system of Cast Iron as per BIS. Composition, Mechanical properties, applications of Grey cast iron, Spheroidal graphite cast iron, Malleable cast iron .Steels – Classification of steel, Effects of alloying elements in steel. Composition, Mechanical properties, applications of low carbon steel, medium carbon steel and high carbon steel. HSS , Tool steel, Stainless steel - Composition ,Mechanical properties and applications Non – Ferrous Metals & its Alloys: Aluminium & its alloys – types, properties and applications. Designation system of aluminium and its alloys as per BIS .Copper & its Alloys – Types , Zinc – Composition , properties & applications.

Experiment #4: Detection of Cracks in casting using Detection methods. i. Visual Inspection and ring test ii. Die penetrant test



9

4

Practicum

С

4

Unit V	Metallography, Surface Treatment and Non Destructive Testing	
Metallograp	ny: Metallurgical microscope–Preparation of Specimen, micro and macro	
examination	Study of micro structure of Ferrous and Non Ferrous metals. Modern techniques of material	
studies– elec	tron microscope	
Surface Tre	atment: Mechanical cleaning and finishing – Vibratory Finishing, wire brush cleaning,	
buffing and	electro polishing. Chemical cleaning - Vapour degreasing, solvent cleaning, alkaline	9
cleaning, U	ltrasonic cleaning, acid pickling. Surface coatings – Electroplating, Physical vapour	
deposition, c	hemical vapour deposition.	
Non Destru	ctive Testing: Magnetic particle inspection, X-Ray Inspection, Gamma radiography,	
Ultrasonic Ir	spection.	
Experiment	#5: Detection of Cracks in casting using Magnetic particle test	4
	Assessment Test, Revision and Students Activity	10
	Total	75

#### Suggested List of Students Activity:

- 1. Presentation / Seminars by students on any recent technological developments based on the course.
- 2. Periodic class quizzes conducted on a weekly / fortnightly based on the course

#### **Text Books & Reference Books:**

- 1. Dr. O.P.Khanna, Material science and Metallurgy, Dhanpat Rai & Sons
- 2. Material Science and Engineering, William .D.Callister JR , Sixth Edition
- 3. ASM Hand book, Vol.1, ASM International, Materials Park, Ohio, U.S.A,
- 4. S.K.Hajra Choudhury and A.K.Hajra Choudhury, Elements of Workshop
- 5. Technology, Media Promoters and publishers pvt. Ltd

#### END SEMESTER QUESTION PATTERN - Theory Exam

# **Duration: 3 Hrs.**

**Note:** Answer Ten questions by selecting two questions from each unit. Each questioncarries 10 marks each.

#### **Instruction to the Question Setters**

Four questions will be asked from every unit, students should write any two questions for 10 marks. The question may have two subdivisions only.



# DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI – 600 025 REGULATION 2023

Max. Marks: 100

1220233330	Engineering Meterials and Metallurgy	L	Т	Р	С
Practicum	Engineering Materials and Metallurgy	3	0	2	4

## Introduction:

Introduction to Metrology and Linear Measurement, Angular Measurement, Measurement of Gears and Threads, Measurement of Geometric Parameters and Surface Finish, Comparators and Measurement by Light Wave Interference and Measuring Machines and Recent Trends in Metrology

## **Course Objectives:**

The objective of this course is to enable the student to

- To understand the Needs & Objectives of metrology.
- To understand about the various linear & angular measuring Instruments.
- To Study about the various Measurement Techniques.
- To Calibrate an Instrument.
- To know about various geometric parameters.
- To use Light rays in Measuring an Object.
- To know about the measuring machines.
- To acquire Knowledge about Recent Trends in Metrology.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

- CO1: Select and measure linear measurements using vernier caliper, vernier height gauge and micrometer
- CO2: Measure angle of surface using sine bar, slip gauges & angular measuring instruments
- CO3: Use dial indicator to measure geometrical parameters
- **CO4:** Explain the usage of Comparators and to check parallelism, squareness, circularity & perpendicularity of a surface

CO5: Understand the working principles of CMM and latest trends in Metrology.

Pre-requisites: Knowledge about accuracy, precision, reliability, and traceability.



1220233440	Engineering Metrology	L	Т	Р	С
Practicum	Engineering with ology	1	0	4	3

**CO/PO Mapping** 

CO / PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
C01	3	2	3	2	3	3	1
CO2		2	2	2	2	2	
CO3	2	2	3	2	3	3	1
CO4	3	2	2	2	3	3	
CO5	3	2	3	2	3	3	2

Legend: 3-HighCorrelation, 2-MediumCorrelation, 1-LowCorrelation

## **Instructional Strategy:**

- It is advised that teachers take steps to pique pupils' attention and boost their curiosity to learn.
- Implementtask-basedlearningactivitieswherestudentsworkonspecifictasks or projects.
- In corporate technology tools and resources, such as online platforms, interactive multimedia, and virtual communication tools, to enhance engagement and provide additional practice opportunities.
- Incorporateformativeandsummativeassessmentstogaugestudentprogressandprovidetargeted feedback.
- Throughout the course, a theory-demonstrate-practice-activity strategy may be used to ensure that learning is outcome and employability based.
- Alldemonstrations/Hand-onpracticesmaybefollowedintherealenvironmentasfaras possible.



1220233440	Engineering Metrology	L	Т	Р	С
Practicum	Engineering Wetrology	1	0	4	3

#### **Assessment Methodology:**

	Cor	ntinuous Assessme	ent (40 marks)		End Semester
	CA1	CA2	CA3	CA4	- Examination (60 marks)
Mode	Practical Test	Practical Test	Written Test Theory	Practical Test	Practical Examination
Portion	Cycle I Experiments/ 50% Experiments	Cycle II Experiments/ Another 50% Experiments	All Units	All Experiments	All Experiments
Duration	2 Periods	2 Periods	3 Hours	3 Hours	3 hours
Exam Marks	60	60	100	100	100
Converted to Marks	10	10	15	15	60
Marks	larks 10		15	15	
Internal Marks			60		
Tentative Schedule	7th Week	14th Week	15th Week	16th Week	

Note:

- CA1 and CA2: All the exercises/experiments should be completed as per the portions above and kept for the practical test. The students shall be permitted to select any one by lot for the test. The practical test should be conducted as per the scheme of evaluation as below. The marks awarded shall be converted to 10 Marks for each assessment test. Best of one will be considered for the internal assessment of 10 Marks.
- CA 3: Written Test for complete theory portions should be conducted for 100 Marks as per the question pattern below. The marks scored will be converted to 15 Marks for internal assessment.
- CA 4: All the exercises/experiments should be completed and kept for the practical test. The students shall be permitted to select any one by lot for the test. The practical test should be conducted as per the scheme of evaluation below. The marks awarded should be converted to 15 Marks for the internal assessment.Practical documents should be maintained for every experiment immediately after completion of the practice. The practical document should be submitted for the practical test. The same should be evaluated for 10 Marks for each exercise/experiment. The total marks awarded should be converted to 10 Marks for the practical test as per the scheme of evaluation as below.



# DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI – 600 025 REGULATION 2023

1220233440	En circo acia e Materile en	L	Т	Р	С
Practicum	Engineering Metrology	1	0	4	3

#### The details of the documents to be prepared as per the instruction below.

Each experiment should be completed on the day of practice. The same shall be evaluated for 10 marks on the day or next day of practice before commencement of the next experiment.

This documentation can be carried out in a separate notebook or a printed manual or a file with documents. The Readings, Calculations and Graph / Result should be written by the student manually.

The detailed date of the practices and its evaluations should be maintained in the course logbook. The log book and the practical documents should be submitted for the verification by the Flying Squad and DOTE Official.

PART	DESCRIPTION	MARKS
Α	Observation / Reading	10
В	Tabulation / Formula	20
С	Calculation & Result	20
	TOTAL	50
D	Practical Documents (As per the portions)	10
	Total Marks	60

#### SCHEME OF EVALUATION



1220233440	Fu sin conin a Matuala su	L	Т	Р	С
Practicum	Engineering Metrology	1	0	4	3

#### **Question pattern – Written Test Theory**

Description		Marks		
Part – A	30 MCQ Questions.	30 X 1 Mark	30 Marks	
Part – B	7 Questions to be answered out of 10	7 X 10 Marks	70 Marks	
	Questions.			
TOTAL	TOTAL			

#### SCHEME OF EVALUATION

### Model Practical Examination and End Semester Examination - Practical Exam

PART	DESCRIPTION	MARKS
Α	Observation / Reading	10
В	Tabulation / Formula	20
С	Calculation	20
D	Result	10
Ε	Viva voce	10
F	Written test	30
		100

Note: For the written test 30 MCQ shall be asked from the theory portions.



## DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI – 600 025 REGULATION 2023

1220233440	Engineering Metrology	L	Т	Р	С
Practicum	Engineering Wietrology	1	0	4	3

## Syllabus Contents

	Theory Portion	
	UNIT I: Introduction to Metrology and Linear Measurement	Period
Introduc	tion: Metrology, objectives of metrology, Precision vs Accuracy. Repeatability, calibration,	
sensitivity	and readability, classification of methods of measurement, general care of equipments.	
Non prec	ision Linear Measurements: Surface plates, Tool maker's flats and high precision surface plates,	
Angle pla	tes, bench centers, v-blocks, straight edges, Toolmaker's straight edges, using a straight edge, sprit	
levels,cor	nbination set, universal surface gauge, Engineer's square, Engineer's parallel, Radius gauge, feeler	
gauge, sci	rew pitch gauge, Engineer's taper, wire and thickness gauge.	
Precisio	n Linear Measurements: Characteristics and principles of precision measuring instruments.	
Vernier	instruments, types of vernier calipers, errors in calipers, Vernier height gauge, Vernier depth	9
gauge, d	igital readout height gauge. Micrometers – Internal micrometers, micrometer depth gauge, thread	
microme	ter, v-anvil micrometer, dial micrometers, digital micrometers, groove micrometer. Telescope	
internal g	gauge, Measuring dia of deep holes, slip gauges.	
Practica	Exercises:	
Ex.No	Name of the Experiment	Period
1.	Linear Measurements	
	1(a). Verniercaliper – Measuring the overall dimensions of a Die plate to an accuracy of 0.02 mm.	23
	1(b). Micrometer – Measuring diameter and thickness of die components to an accuracy of one	
	micron (0.001mm)	
	<ul> <li>2(i). Vernier height gauge:-</li> <li>a) Measurement of height of the given work piece b) Marking the given dimensions on the work piece. c) Transferring measurements from one job to another.</li> <li>2(ii). Vernier Depth gauge – Measuring the depth of blind holes .</li> </ul>	



1220233440	Engineering Metrology	L	Т	Р	С
Practicum	Engineering Wetrology	1	0	4	3

Unit II	Angular Measurement, Measurement of Gears and Threads	Period
protractor, acute Optical instrum micro-optic auto use of angle dek Measurement o	<b>rement:</b> Instruments for angular measurement- optical bevel protractor, universal bevel angle attachment, optical dividing head, Sine bars, Sine center, angle gauges, clinometers. <b>nents for angular measurement</b> : - Autocollimator – principle of the autocollimator, collimator, measurement of straightness and flatness. Angle dekkor – working principle, kor in combination with angle gauges. Optical square. <b>f Gears:</b> Gear tooth terminology, Gear tooth verniercaliper. <b>rements</b> : Screw thread projection, Tool Maker's Microscope, Measurement of Effective	9
	Practical Exercises:	
<ul> <li>3(b). Measureme</li> <li>3(c). Measurement</li> <li>4. Measurement</li> <li>micron.</li> <li>5. Slip Gauges -</li> <li>Go sizes in adjust</li> </ul>	ad micrometer – Measuring the root dia of the given screw thread ent of pitch of screw threads using screw pitch gauges. ent of effective dia of screw thread using three wire method. of Internal dia of the given die set bush using Inside Micrometer to an accuracy of one - Building up the given required dimensions and measuring or marking or setting Go and No stable gap gauges, to an accuracy of 0.5 micron.	23
Angular Measu		
	of angles using universal bevel protractor to an accuracy of 5'.	
8. Using combin		
-	in the given component with protractor head	
	the center of the given cylindrical job using center head.	
	port the squareness of the given specimen using square head.	
9.Measure the an	gle of the surface using Sine bar and Slip Gauges.	

Practical Instructions for Cycle 1 & 2 and Students Activity & Continuous Assessment	11
Total Period	75



1220233440	Engineering Metrology	L	Т	Р	С
Practicum	Engineering vietrology	1	0	4	3

#### Suggested List of Students Activity:

• Each students to write and submit the assignment on the topic Basics of. Exercises.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. R.K.Jain., Engineering Metrology, Khanna Publishers, Eleventh edition
- 2. R.Jenkins, Fundamentals of Mechanical Inspection, McGraw Hill Book company.

#### **Reference books:**

- 1. Dr. R. Manikandan, Metrology and Measurements Laboratory Manual, 1<sup>st</sup>edition, Notion Press, 2020
- 2. <u>AnandJayakumarArumugham</u>, Metrology and Measurement : Laboratory Manual, 2<sup>nd</sup>edition, Notion Press, 2020
- 3. Arul R,Metrology and Measurements Lab Manual,1<sup>st</sup>edition, Notion Press,2020

#### Web-based/Online Resources:

- 1. https://youtu.be/NQzX3SAAO\_0?si=OQCmDTqZJO8F4sVj
- 2. https://youtu.be/RYwU769Eny4?si=uVFzbtbUNki8mPpU
- 3. https://youtu.be/8\_wDaFu5yCo?si=TpuNR9WEGmYo0vGT

## END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS – PRACTICAL EXAM. SCHEME OF EVALUATION

PART	DESCRIPTION	MARKS
Α	Observation / Reading	10
В	Tabulation / Formula	20
С	Calculation	20
D	Result	10
E	Viva voce	10
F	Written test	30
		100

Note: For the written test 30 MCQ shall be asked from the theory portions.



S.NO	LIST OF THE EQUIPMENTS	QUANTITY REQUIRED
1	Vernier caliper 0-150mm	6
2	Micrometer 0-25mm	6
3	Vernier height gauge 0-300mm	2
4	Vernier depth gauge 150mm	2
5	Screw thread micrometer	1
6	Inside micrometer 25-50 mm	6
7	Slip gauges	2
8	Universal bevel protractor	3
9	Combination set	1
10	Sine bar 200mm	1
11	Tool makers straight edge	2
12	Feeler gauge	2
13	Dial test indicator with magnetic stand	3
14	V-block	1
15	Surface plate	1
16	Spirit level	2
17	Go & No Go gauges set	1

## Equipment/Facilities required to conduct the Practical Course.



1220233520	Computer Aided Machine and	L	Т	Р	С
Practical	<b>Tool Drawing Practical</b>	0	0	4	2

#### Introduction:

Introduction to CAD software, drawing aids and editing commands, basic dimensioning, hatching, blocks and views, Isometric drawing, printing and plotting

#### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. Appreciate the need of sectional view and types of sections.
- 2. Draw sectional views using different types of sections.
- 3. Explain the use of threaded fasteners and the types of threads.
- 4. Compare hole basis system with shaft basis system.
- 5. Select different types of fits and tolerance for various types of mating parts.
- 6. Practice on CAD commands in making 2D Drawings.
- 7. Draw assembled drawings of different types of joints and couplings using CAD.
- 8. Draw assembled drawings of various types of machine elements and Tool assembly using CAD.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

CO1: Draw sectional views and types of sections

CO2: Select threads fasteners and types of threads

- CO3: Compare hole basis system and shaft basis system
- CO4: Manipulate fits and tolerance of mating parts
- **CO5**: Construct plan, elevation and side views of different components
- CO6: Carry out drawing of a jig, fixture, press tool and plastic moulding tool assembly

#### **Pre-requisites:**

Knowledge of Program core.

- 1. Design the Product.
- 2. Finalize and Prototype.



1220233520	Computer Aided Machine and Tool Drawing Practical	L	Т	Р	С
Practical		0	0	4	2

#### **CO/PO Mapping**

CO / PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
CO1	3	3	-	2	1	3	3
CO2	2	3	2	1	2	2	
CO3	3	3	2	2	2	3	1
CO4	3	2	2	3	2	2	
CO5	3	3	-	3	3	3	3

Legend: 3-High Correlation, 2-Medium Correlation, 1-Low Correlation

#### **Instructional Strategy:**

- o Engage and Motivate: Teachers should actively engage students to boost their learning confidence
- o To help students learn and appreciate numerous concepts and principles in each area, teachers should provide examples from daily life, realistic situations, and real-world engineering and technological applications.
- The demonstration can make the subject exciting and foster in the students a scientific mindset. Student activities should be planned on all the topics.
- o Throughout the course, a theory-demonstrate-practice-activity strategy may be used to ensure that learning is outcome- and employability-based.
- o Simulation and Real-World Practice: Conduct demonstrations and hands-on activities in a simulated environment, transitioning to real-world scenarios when possible.



1220233520	Computer Aided Machine and Tool Drawing Practical	L	Т	Р	С
Practical		0	0	4	2

#### **Assessment Methodology:**

	С	ontinuous Assess	ment (40 marks)		End Semester
	CA1	CA2	CA3	CA4	Examination (60 marks)
Mode	Practical Test	Practical Test	Practical Document	Practical Test	Practical Examination
Portion	First Cycle	Second Cycle	All Exercises	All Exercises	All Exercises
Duration	2 Periods	2 Periods	Regularly	3 Hours	3 Hours
Exam Marks	50	50	100	100	100
Converted to	10	10	10	20	60
Marks	1	.0	10	20	60
Tentative Schedule	7th Week	14th Week	15th Week	16th Week	

Note:

• CA1 and CA2: All the exercises/experiments as per the portions mentioned above should be completed and kept for the practical test. The students shall be permitted to select any one by lot for the test. The practical test should be conducted as per the scheme of evaluation as below. The marks awarded will be converted to 10 Marks for each assessment test. Best of one will be considered for the internal assessment of 10 Marks.

Cycle 1 - Exercises 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5.

Cycle 2 - Exercises 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10.



1220233520	Computer Aided Machine and Tool Drawing	L	Т	Р	С
Practical	Practical	0	0	4	2

#### SCHEME OF EVALUATION

PART	DESCRIPTION	MARKS	
Α	Aim & Command Required	10	
В	Modelling (2 Views Only)	30	
С	Bill of Material & Dimensioning	10	
	TOTAL		

• CA 3: Practical document should be maintained for every exercise immediately after completion of the practice. The same should be evaluated for 10 Marks. The total marks awarded should be converted to 10 Marks for the internal assessment. The practical document should be submitted for the Practical Test and End Semester Examination with a bonafide certificate

The details of the documents to be prepared as per the instruction below.

Each exercise should be completed on the day of practice. The same shall be evaluated for 10 marks on the day or next day of practice before commencement of the next exercise.

This documentation can be carried out in a separate notebook or a printed manual or a file with documents..

The detailed date of the practices and its evaluations should be maintained in the course logbook. The log book and the practical documents should be submitted for the verification by the Flying Squad and DOTE Official.

• CA 4: All the exercises should be completed and kept for the practical test. The students shall be permitted to select any one by lot for the test. The practical test should be conducted as per the scheme of evaluation as below. The marks awarded should be converted to 20 Marks for the internal assessment.



1220233520	Computer Aided Machine and Tool Drawing	L	Т	Р	С
Practical	Practical	0	0	4	2

#### SCHEME OF EVALUATION

Part	Description	Marks
Α	Aim & Command Required	10
В	Modeling (2 Views Only)	60
С	Bill of Material & Dimensioning	20
F	Viva Voce	10
	TOTAL MARKS	100



С

2

Practical

#### **UNIT-I : INTRODUCTION TO CAD SOFTWARE**

Introduction – History of CAD – Applications – Advantages over manual drafting – Hardware requirements – Software requirements – Windows desktop – CAD screen interface – menus – Tool bars – 7 How to start CAD – How to execute command – types of co-ordinate systems – Absolute – Relative – Polar.

#### **UNIT-II: DRAWING AIDS AND EDITING COMMANDS**

Creating objects (2D) – Using draw commands – Line, Arc, Circle, Ellipse, Donut, Polygon, Point, Pline, Sketch, Trace – Creating 2D Solid. Creating text – Dtext, Mtext, Text styles – Mline, spline – Drawing with precision – O-snap options – drafting settings –limits – Units – drawing aids – Fill, Snap, Grid, Ortho lines – Function keys - Editing and modify commands – Object selection methods – Erasing object – Oops -Cancelling and undoing a command – Copy – Move – Array – Offset – Scale – Rotate – Mirror – Break – Trim – Extend – Explode. Divide – Measure – stretch – Lengthen – Changing properties – Color – line types –LT scale – Matching properties – Editing with grips – Pedit – Ddedit – Mledit.

#### BASIC DIMENSIONING, HATCHING, BLOCKS AND VIEWS

Basic dimensioning – Editing dimensions – Dimension styles – Dimension system variables. Machine drawing with CAD. Creation of blocks – Wblock – inserting a block – Block attributes – Hatching –Pattern types – Boundary hatch – working with layers - Controlling the drawing display – Blipmode – View group commands – Zoom, redraw, regen, regenauto, pan, viewres – Real time zoom. Inquiry groups – calculating area – Distance – Time – Status of drawing – Using calculator.

#### **ISOMETRIC DRAWING, PRINTING AND PLOTTING**

Isometric drawing – Isometric projection – drawing iso circles – Dimensioning isometric objects. File commands – File Import and export – plotting drawing – external references – 3D fundamentals – 2D to 3D Conversion 3D Drawing: 3D Primitives-Extrude – Revolve-Slice-Section, Surface 3D Mesh-3D - Surface-3D Operation-Solid Editing.



1220233520	Computer Aided Machine and Tool Drawing	L	Т	Р	С
Practical	Practical	0	0	4	2

	MACHINE DRAWING	25
1.	Sleeve & Cotter joint	
2.	Screw Jack	
3.	Foot step bearing	
4.	Plummer Block	
5.	Universal Coupling	
6.	Machine Vice	

	TOOL DRAWING	25
1.	Template Drill jig	
2.	Welding fixture	
3.	Press tool assembly- Blanking tool	
4.	Plastic moulding tool assembly- Injection moulding tool	
	Tests and Model examination	10
	TOTAL HOURS	75



	omputer Aided Machine and Tool Drawing	L	Т	Р	С
Practical	Practical	0	0	4	2

#### MACHINE DRAWING

#### Exercise – 1 Sleeve & Cotter Joint

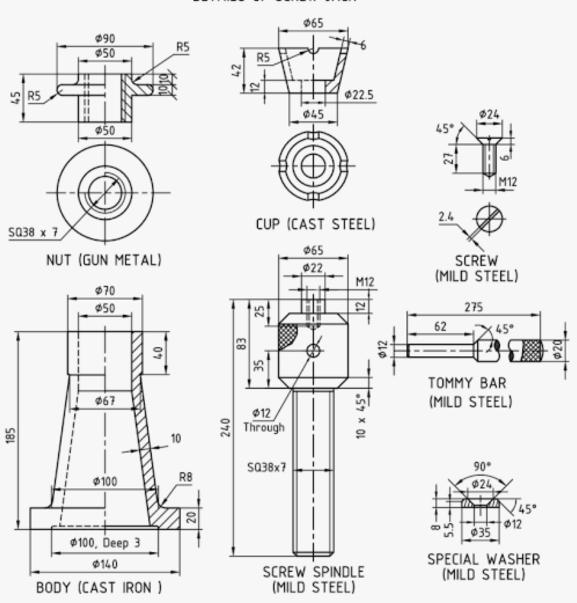
#### PART & ASSEMBLY DRAWING SLEEVE AND COTTER JOINT Taper to suit. Cotter 28 25 25 V////// 을 불 53 2//// /////// //// 150 SLEEVE 1 NO 25 8 C \$23 \$24 COTTER 2 NO 35 53 ROD 2 NO 35 53 35 53 з ø25 <u>i a</u> 5 - F 59 \$44 25 25 150 8 SECTIONAL FRONT VIEW LEFT SIDE VIEW ð ÷E PLAN BILL OF MATERIALS S.No. PART NAME NO.OFF MATERIAL MILD STEEL 1 1. SLEEVE 2. RODS MILD STEEL 2 з. COTTER STEEL 2



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#### PART DRAWING

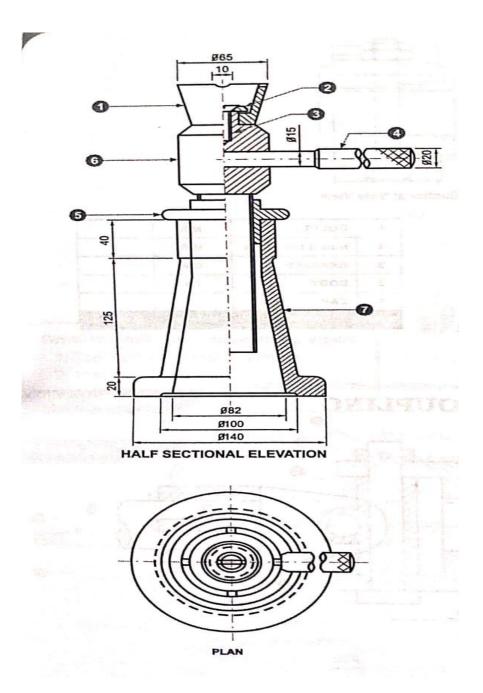
DETAILS OF SCREW JACK





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## ASSEMBLY DRAWING



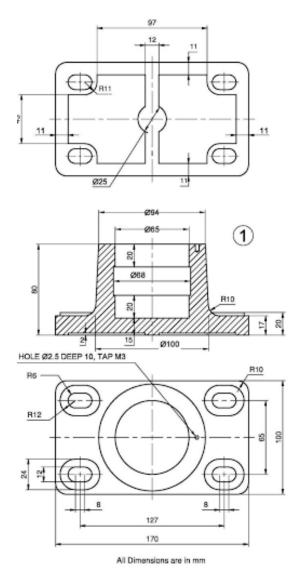


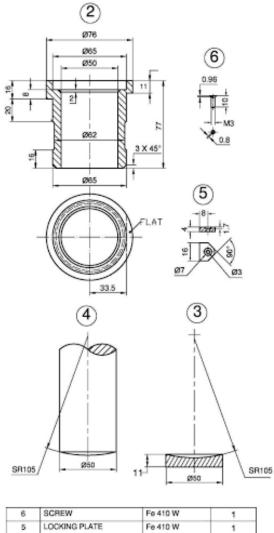
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1220233520	Computer Aided Machine and Tool Drawing	L	Т	Р	С
Practical	Practical	0	0	4	2
Exercise – 3 FOOT S	TEP BEARING				

## PART DRAWING

FOOTSTEP BEARING





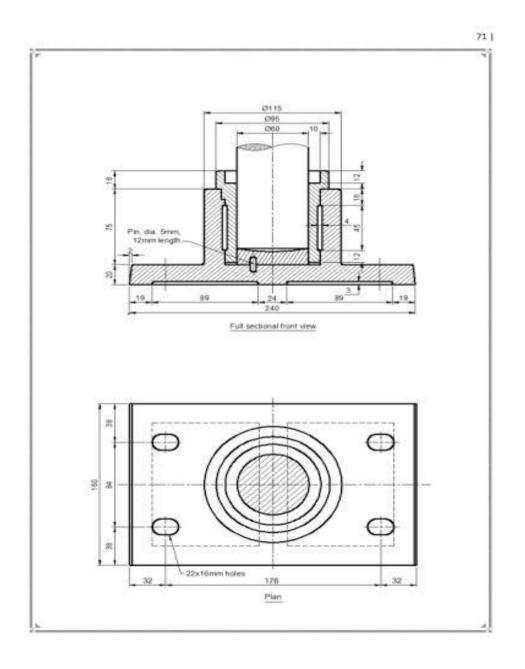
ITEM NO	DESCRIPTION	MATERIAL	NO OFF
1	SUPPORTING BRACKET	CAST IRON	1
2	BUSH	GUN METAL	1
3	PAD	GUN METAL	1
4	SHAFT	Fe 410 W	1
5	LOCKING PLATE	Fe 410 W	1
6	SCREW	Fe 410 W	1



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1220233520	Computer Aided Machine and Tool Drawing Practical	L	Т	Р	С
Practical	Tacucai	0	0	4	2

## ASSEMBLY DRAWING



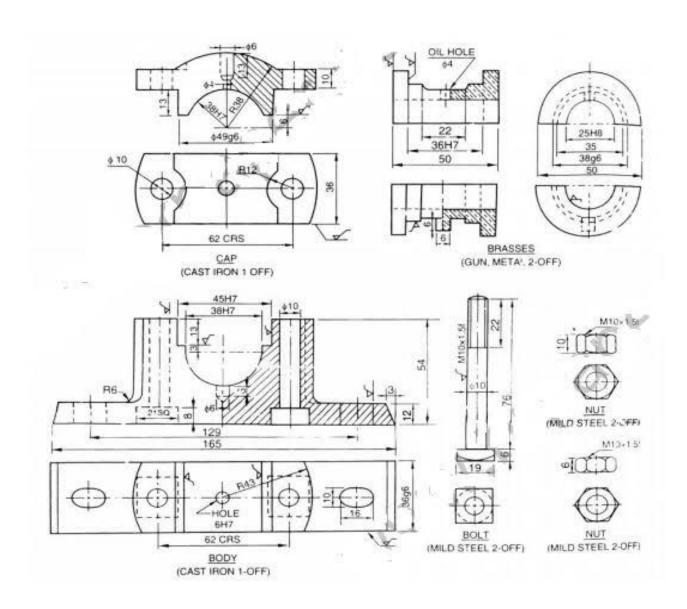


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1220233520	Computer Aided Machine and Tool Drawing	L	Т	Р	С
Practical	Practical	0	0	4	2

## Exercise – 4 PLUMMER BLOCK

## PART DRAWING

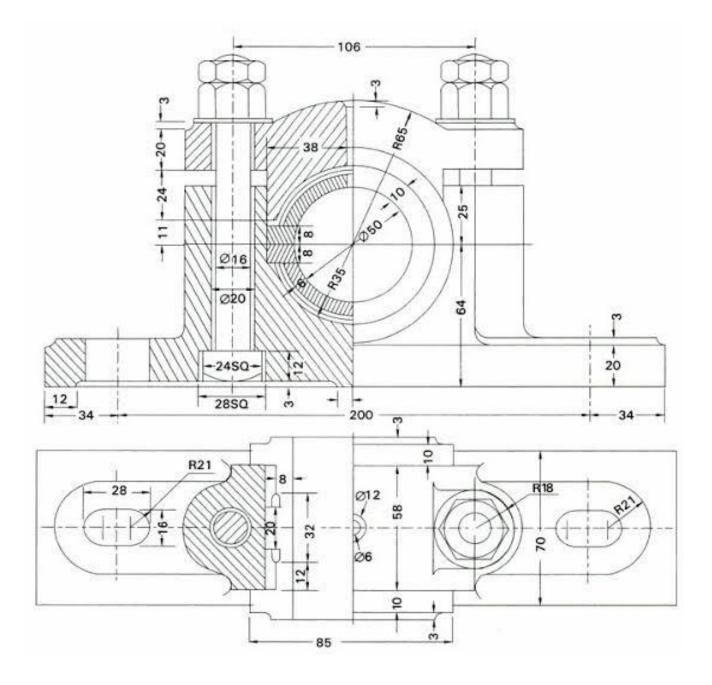




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Computer Aided Machine and Tool Drawing	L	Т	Р	С
Practical	0	0	4	2
	•			

## ASSEMBLY DRAWING



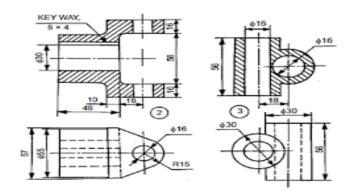


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1220233520	Computer Aided Machine and Tool Drawing	L	Т	Р	С
Practical	Practical	0	0	4	2

#### Exercise – 5 Universal Coupling

## PART DRAWING



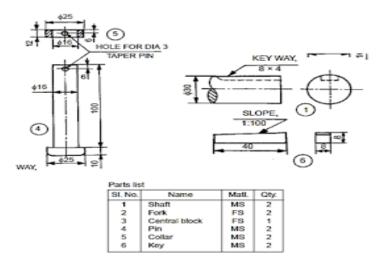


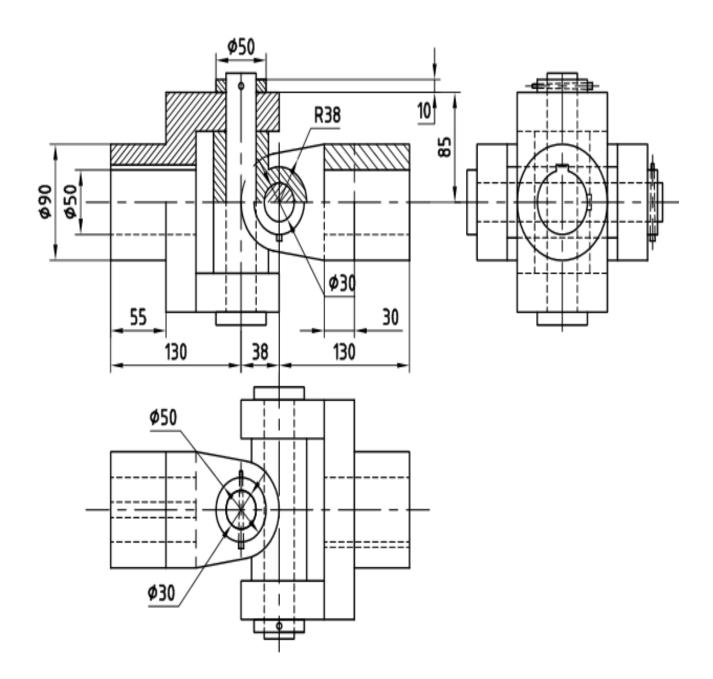
Fig. 2: Details of a Universal Coupling

ASSEMBLY DRAWING



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1220233520	Computer Aided Machine and Tool Drawing	L	Т	Р	С
Practical	Practical	0	0	4	2

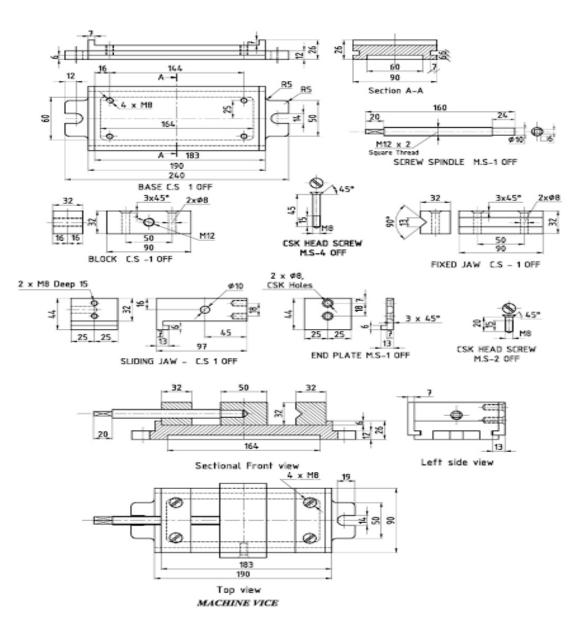




1220233520	Computer Aided Machine and Tool Drawing	L	Т	Р	С
Practical	Practical	0	0	4	2

#### **Exercise – 6 Machine Vice**

## PART DRAWING

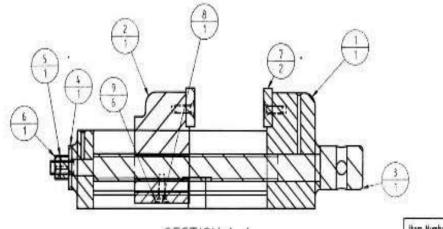




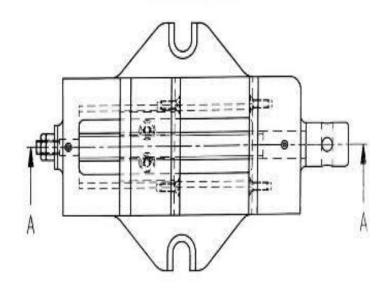
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1220233520	Computer Aided Machine and Tool Drawing	L	Т	Р	С
Practical	Practical	0	0	4	2

## ASSEMBLY DRAWING



SECTION A-A



# MACHINE VICE

.

8 X

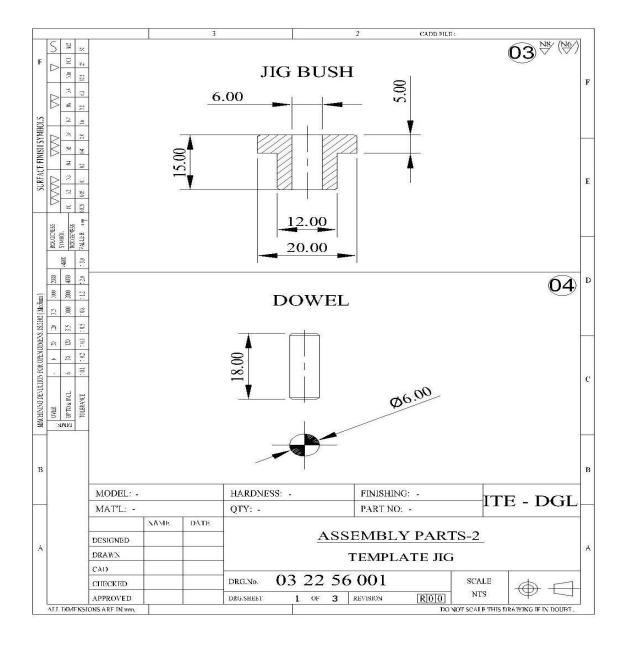
lten Nunber	Title	Quantity
1	body of vice	1
2	movable jaw	1
3	screw rod	1
4	wisher	1
5	nut	1
6	lock nut	1
7	jaw grip	Ζ.
8	clamping plate	1
9	strew m6	6



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1220233520	Computer Aided Machine and Tool Drawing	L	Т	Р	С
Practical	Practical	0	0	4	2

#### **Tool Drawing**

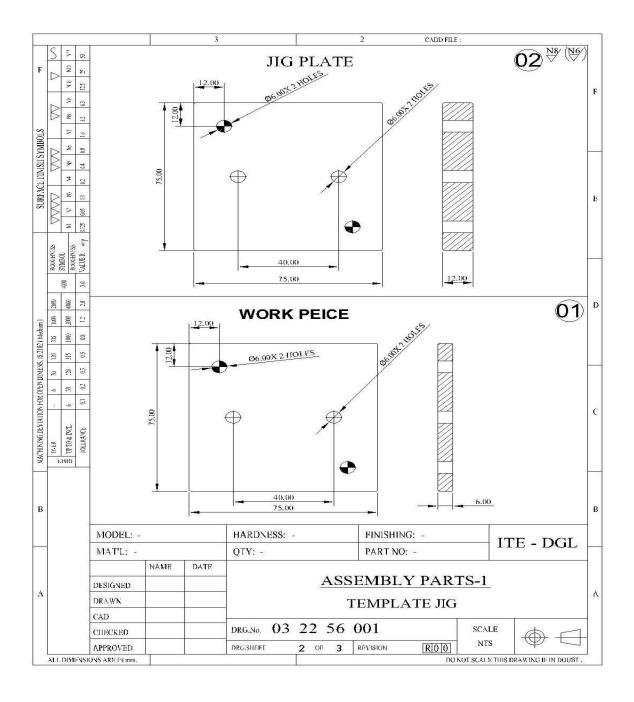




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1220233520	Computer Aided Machine and Tool Drawing	L	Т	Р	С
Practical	Practical	0	0	4	2

## **Exercise – 7 Drill Jig(Template)**

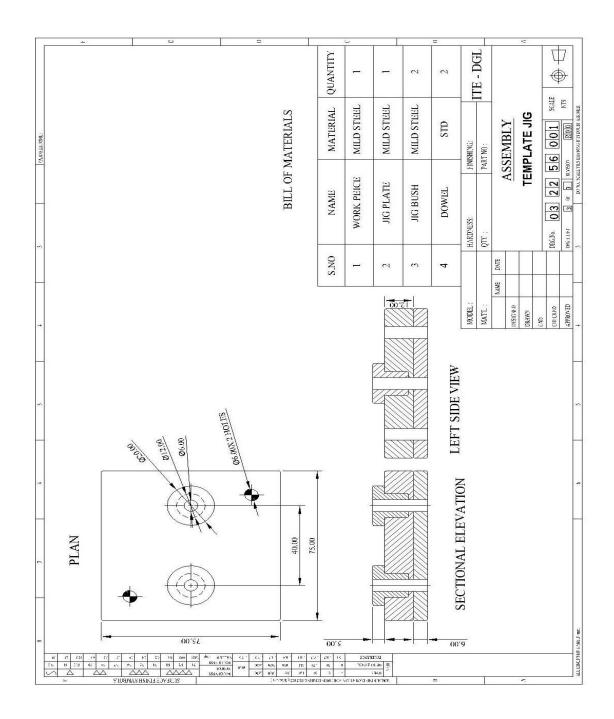




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1220233520	Computer Aided Machine and Tool Drawing	L	Т	Р	С
Practical	Practical	0	0	4	2

## **Exercise –8 Welding Fixture**

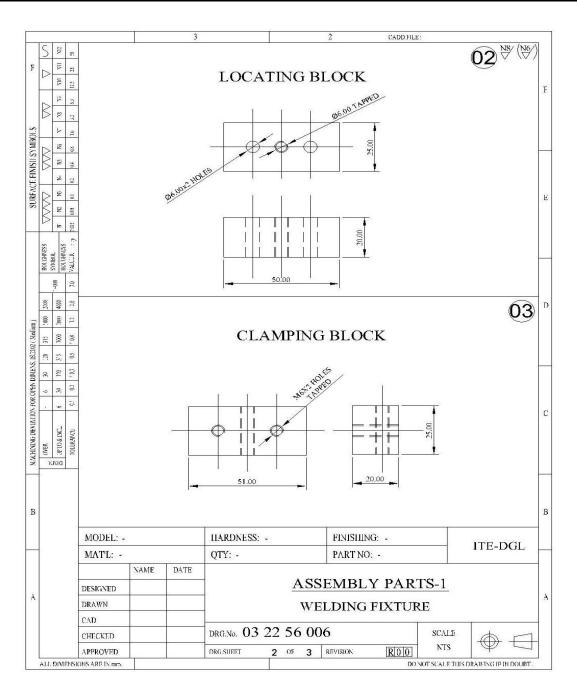




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**Practical** 

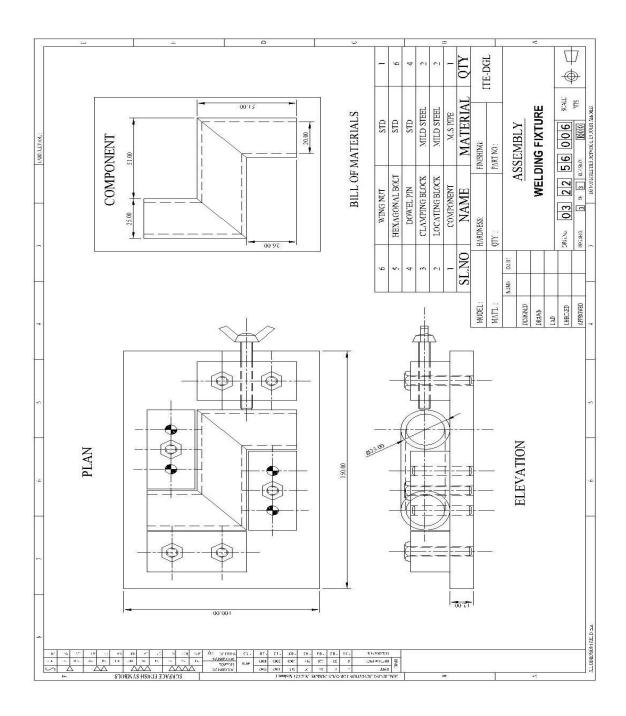
L	Т	Р	С
0	0	4	2





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1220233520	Computer Aided Machine and Tool Drawing	L	Т	Р	С
Practical	Practical	0	0	4	2

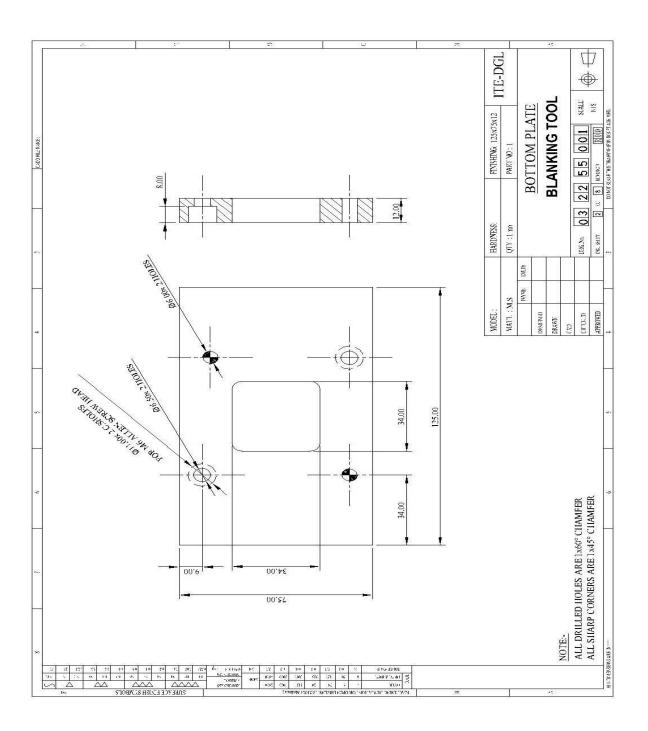




## **REGULATION 2023**

1220233520	Computer Aided Machine and Tool Drawing	L	Т	Р	С
Practical	Practical	0	0	4	2

#### **Exercise- 9 Blanking Tool – Drop through type**

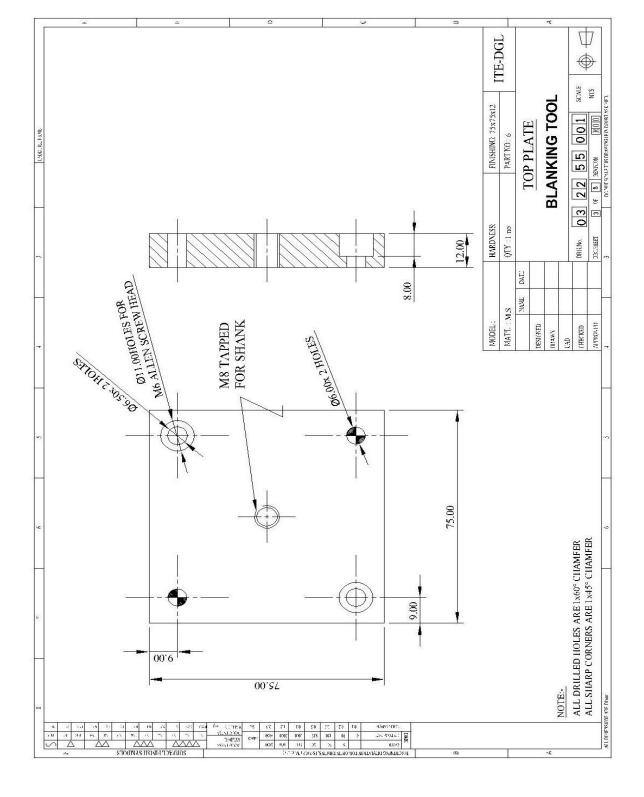




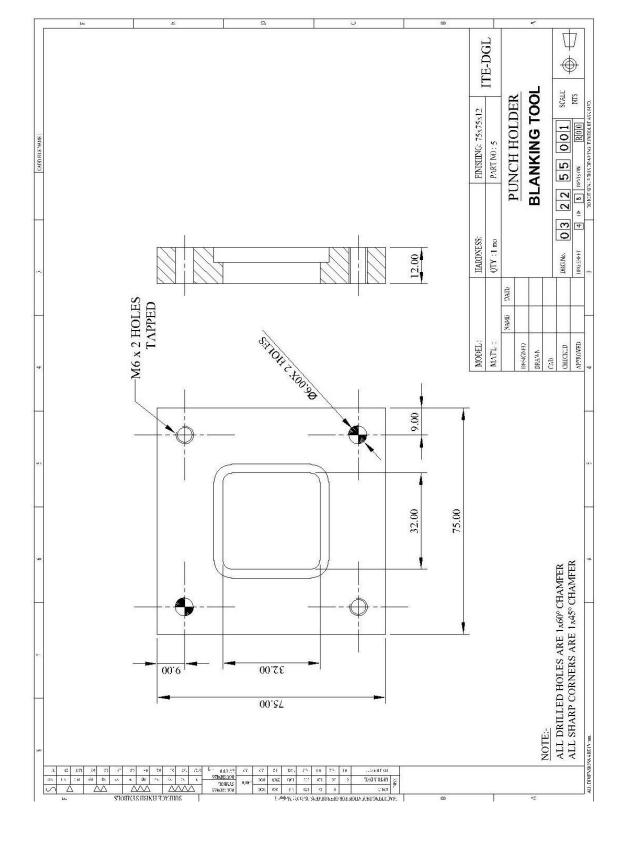
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1220233520	Computer Aided Machine and Tool Drawing	I		Т	Р	С
Practical	Practical		0	0	4	2
w.	98 O U 88	ITB-DGL		•*		
(c.001L) Facture			STRIP LAYOUT	BLANKING TOOL	2 55 001 State A denote blan hls	I NCALE - UIS DAWFOUL
e#1	PERSIDE AS KED AND KANDTEMPERED AS PER AS PER	IIARDNESS: Arv -			DPG.No. 03 22	-
s 2 2 1 2 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	<ol> <li>PROVIDE PLYCHUDIE CLEARENCE PERSIDE AS 0.0001mm</li> <li>TITE DIE PLATE SHALL BEHARDENED AND TEMPERED TO 64-20 IRC</li> <li>TITE PLYCH SHALL BEHARDENED AND TEMPERED TO 58-60 JIRC</li> <li>AVOID SHARP CORNERS</li> <li>AVOID SHARP CORNERS</li> <li>AVOID SHARP CORNERS</li> <li>FOR DIMENSIONS WITHOUT TOLERANCE, ISO 256-1</li> </ol>	· LICOM	AAVI DAIL	DISIGNIET	CAD CINK KFD SMONVEEL	Transverse 5
2.7 (H)	COMPONENT COMPONENT			STRIP LAYOUT		10C
	x         x	1		•4		ALL JORLSHURS AND DUME

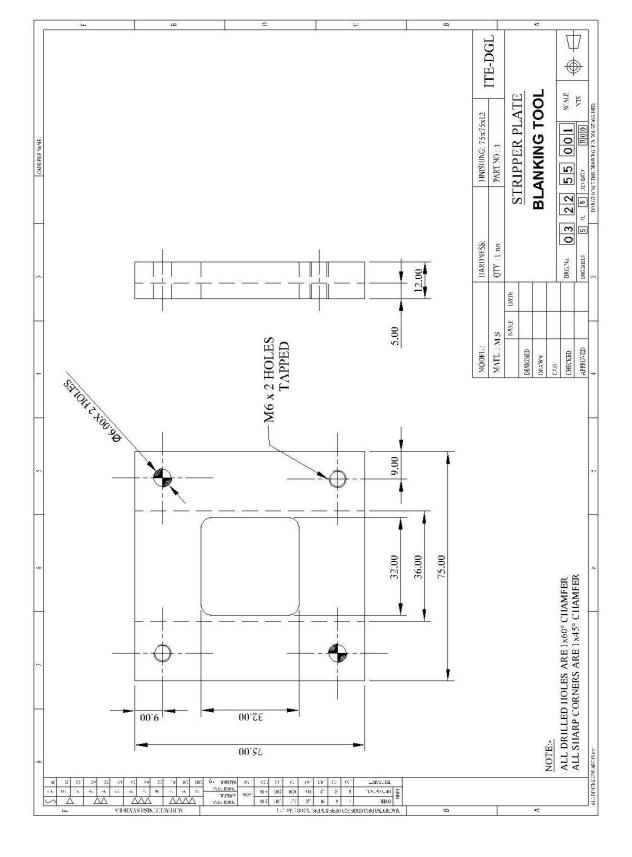




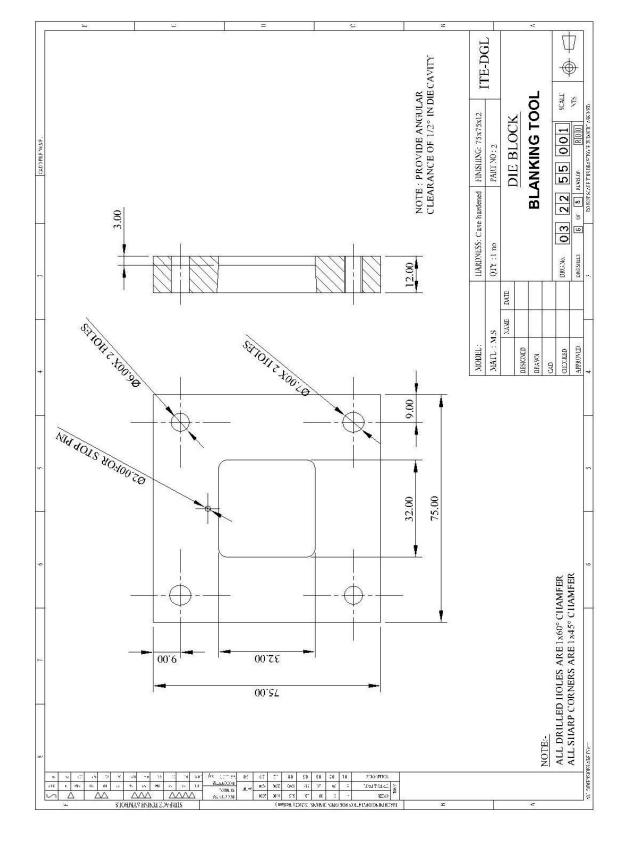




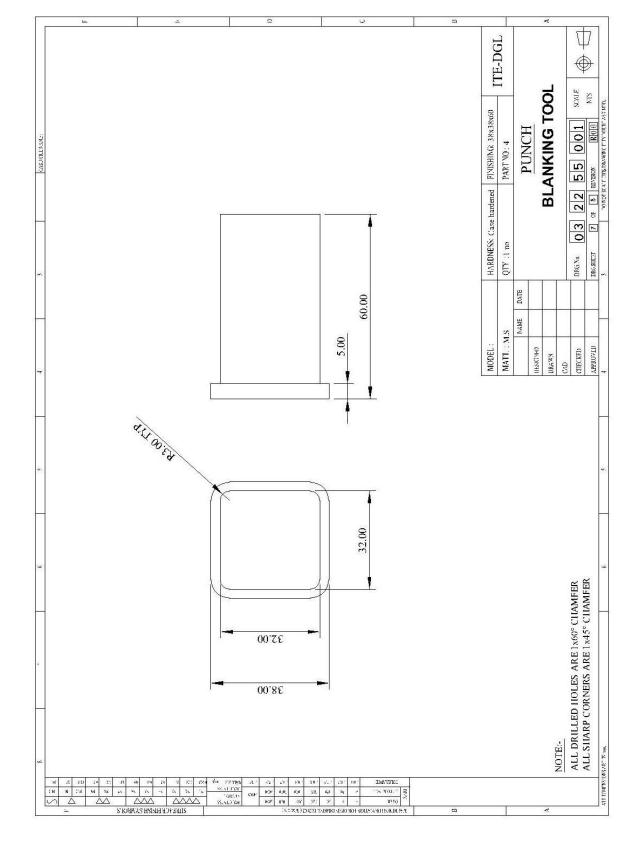




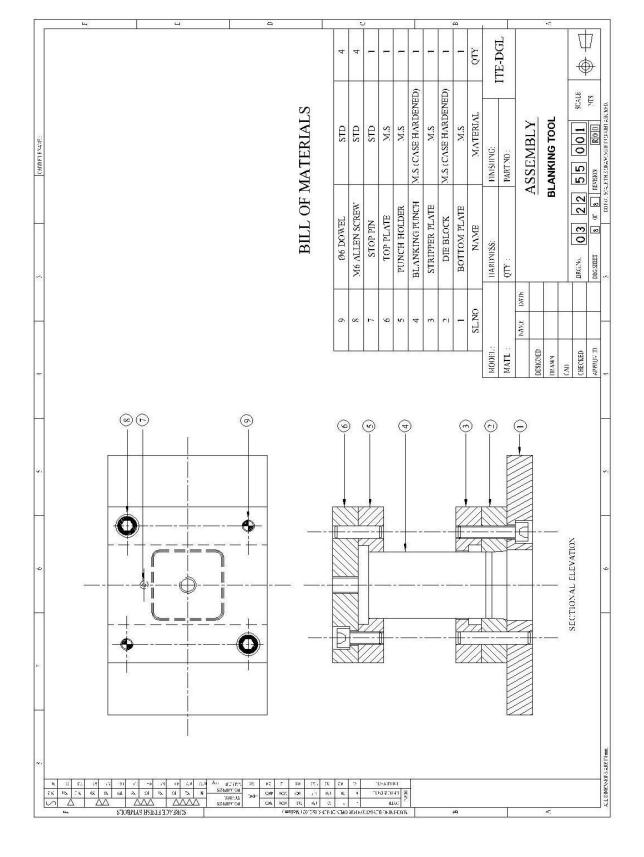






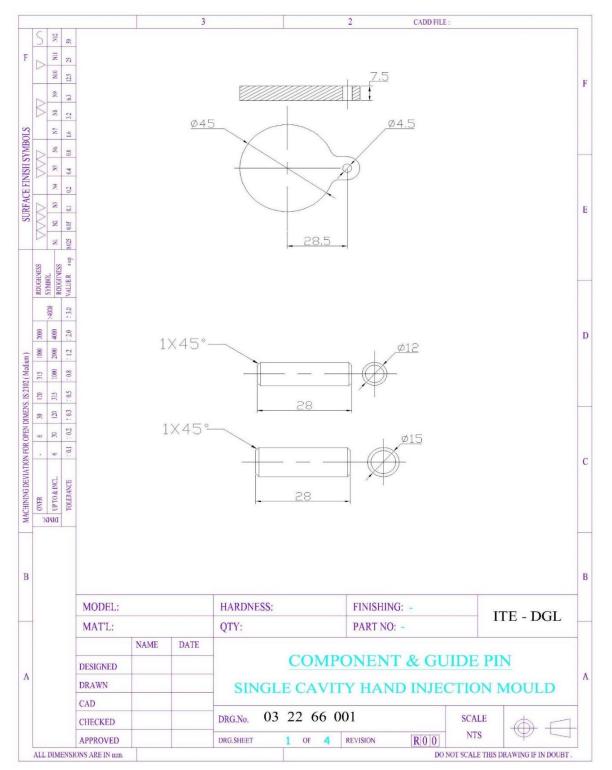






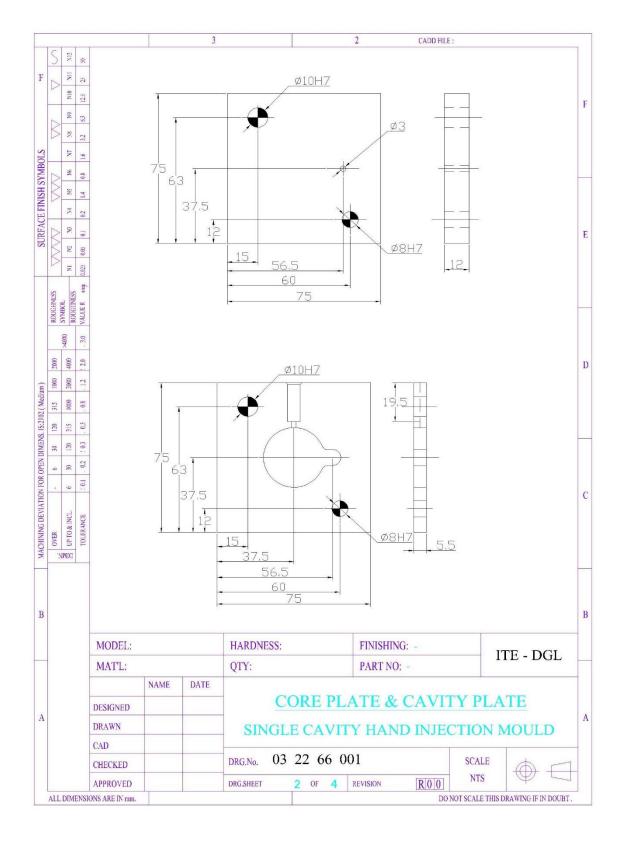


#### **Exercise –10 Single Cavity Injection Mould**

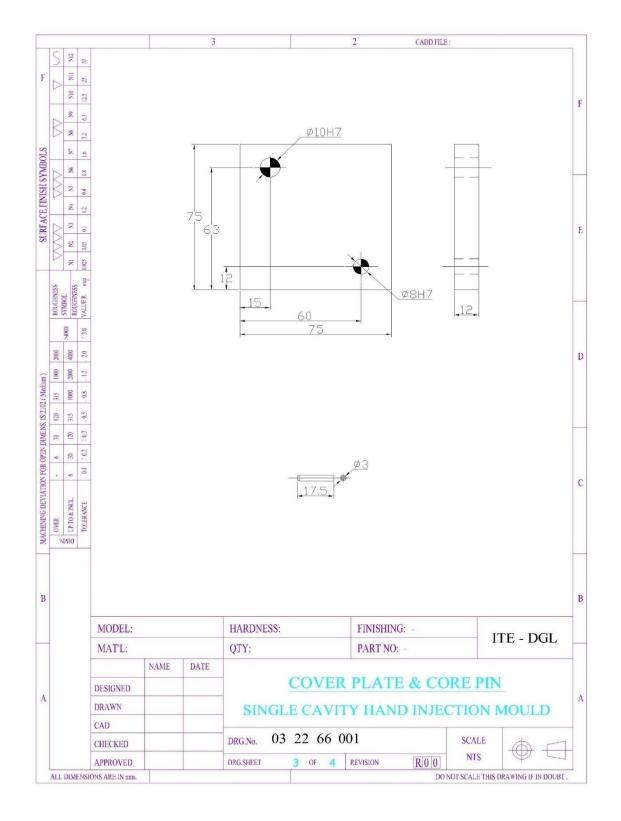




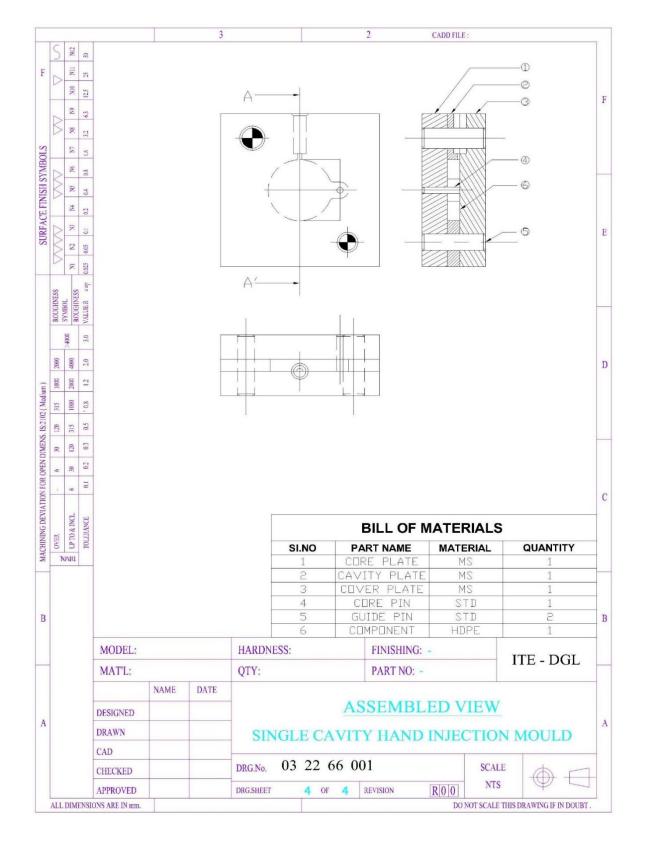
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### Suggested List of Students Activity:

- 1. Simple Floor Plan
- 2. 2D Objects
- 3. Simple 3D Mechanical Gear
- 4. 3D Mechanical Wrench

#### **Text and Reference Books:**

- 1. P N Sankar, Computer Aided Machine and Tool Drawing Practical, 5thedition, Geometric publication, 2016
- 2. MURTHY S.T , Computer Aided Machine Drawing ,2ndedition,Medtech Publishers,2019
- 3. S. TrymbakaMurthy ,computer aided machine drawing,1stedition,Medtech Publishers,2019

#### Equipment/FacilitiesrequiredtoconductthePracticalCourse.(BatchStrength:30Students)

- 1. Personal computer (With latest processor to suit Auto CAD) 30 No's
- 2. MS Windows OS 30 No's
- 3. AutoCAD software (release 2000 or above) 30 Users

#### Web-based/Online Resources:

- 1. https://youtu.be/u0BsgoqmA8E?si=FQQVyXd\_k13T-bJZ
- 2. https://youtu.be/zD-DviP4BjM?si=9I\_gQFaJb4K6ZDmH
- 3. https://youtu.be/DKMKhSi36Co?si=u3XQ3B4p7soEM\_Zp



1220233520	Computer Aided Machine and Tool Drawing	L	Т	Р	С
Practical	F	0	0	4	2

## END SEMESTER EXAMINATION-Practical Exam

## SCHEME OF EVALUATION

Part	Description	Marks
Α	Aim & Command Required	10
В	Modeling (2 Views Only)	60
С	Bill of Material & Dimensioning	20
F	Viva Voce	10
	TOTAL MARKS	100



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#### PRACTICAL

#### Introduction:

To study and practice the various operations that can be performed in lathe, shaper, drilling, milling machines etc. and to equip with the practical knowledge required in the core industries.

## **Course Objectives:**

- 1. Identify the parts of a center lathe & Drilling machine.
- 2. Identify the work holding devices.
- 3. Set the tools for various operations.
- 4. Operate the lathe and Machine a component using lathe.
- 5. Operate the Drilling machine and produce different sizes of holes.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

- CO1: Understand the causes and effects of safety & its importance.
- CO2: To be able to practice of different operations of lathe machines (a) Facing (b) Tapper Turning (c) Plain turning (d) Step Turning etc.
- CO3: A detailed knowledge of various finishing and super finishing processes such as grinding.
- CO4: To be able to be aware of fitting tools & learn practically the process of shaping machine.
- CO5: To be able to have working knowledge for selection of materials for various process.

#### **Pre-requisites:**

Knowledge of Program core.

- 1. Design the Product.
- 2. Finalize and Prototype.



1220233620	MANUFACTURING TECHNOLOGY	L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICAL	PRACTICAL	0	0	4	2

### **CO/PO Mapping**

CO / PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
C01	3	3	2	3	-	3	3
CO2	3	1	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	2	2	3	3	2	2
CO4	3	3	2	-	-	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

Legend: 3-High Correlation, 2-Medium Correlation, 1-Low Correlation

## **Instructional Strategy:**

- o Engage and Motivate: Teachers should actively engage students to boost their learning confidence
- o To help students learn and appreciate numerous concepts and principles in each area, teachers should provide examples from daily life, realistic situations, and real-world engineering and technological applications.
- The demonstration can make the subject exciting and foster in the students a scientific mindset. Student activities should be planned on all the topics.
- o Throughout the course, a theory-demonstrate-practice-activity strategy may be used to ensure that learning is outcome- and employability-based.
- o Simulation and Real-WorldPractice: Conduct demonstrations and hands-on activities in a simulated environment, transitioning to real-world scenarios when possible



DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI-600025

PRACTICAL

L	Т	Р	С
0	0	4	2

## Assessment Methodology:

	С	ontinuous Assess	ment (40 marks)		End Semester
	CA1	CA2	CA3	CA4	Examination (60 marks)
Mode	Practical Test	Practical Test	Practical	Practical Test	Practical
			Document		Examination
Portion	Cycle I	Cycle II	All Exercises	All Exercises	All Exercises
	Experiments/	Experiments/			
	50%	Another 50%			
	Experiments	Experiments			
Duration	2 Periods	2 Periods	Regularly	3 Hours	3 Hours
Exam Marks	50	50	100	100	100
Converted to	10	10	10	20	60
Marks	1	0	10	20	60
Tentative Schedule	7th Week	14th Week	15th Week	16th Week	

**Note:CA1 and CA2:** All the exercises/experiments as per the portions mentioned above should be completed and kept for the practical test. The students shall be permitted to select any one by lot for the test. The practical test should be conducted as per the scheme of evaluation as below. The marks awarded will be converted to 10 Marks for each assessment test. Best of one will be considered for the internal assessment of 10 Marks. **SCHEME OF EVALUATION** 

PART		MARK
	DESCRIPTION	S
Α	Preparation / Marking	10
В	Dimensioning	20
С	Finishing	20
TOTAL		50



## DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI-600025

1220233620	MANUFACTURING TECHNOLOGY PRACTICAL	L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICAL		0	0	4	2

**CA 3:** Practical document should be maintained for every exercise immediately after completion of the practice. The same should be evaluated for 10 Marks. The total marks awarded should be converted to 10 Marks for the internal assessment. The practical document should be submitted for the Practical Test and End Semester Examination with a bonafide certificate

## The details of the documents to be prepared as per the instruction below.

Each exercise should be completed on the day of practice. The same shall be evaluated for 10 marks on the day or next day of practice before commencement of the next exercise.

This documentation can be carried out in a separate notebook or printed manual or in a file with the documents. The procedure and sketch should be written by the student manually.

The detailed date of the practices and its evaluations should be maintained in the course logbook. The logbook and the practical documents should be submitted for the verification by the Flying Squad and DOTE Official.

**CA 4:** All the exercises should be completed and kept for the practical test. The students shall be permitted to select any one by lot for the test. The practical test (CA4) should be conducted as per the scheme of evaluation as below. The marks awarded should be converted to 20 Marks for the internal assessment. **Two questions should be asked in such way that one from lathe and one from drilling** 



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## 1220233620

PRACTICAL

5

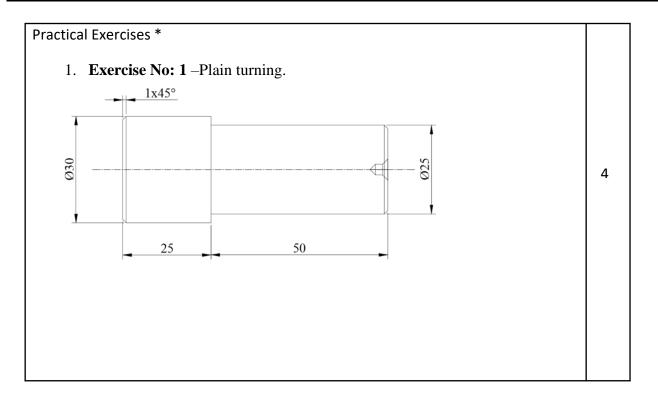
Part A	Description	Marks	Part B	Description	Marks	
	Preparation	10		Marking	15	
	Dimensions	40		Finishing	15	
	Finishing	10				
	VIVA VOICE					
	TOTAL				100	

## **Syllabus Contents**

## Introduction

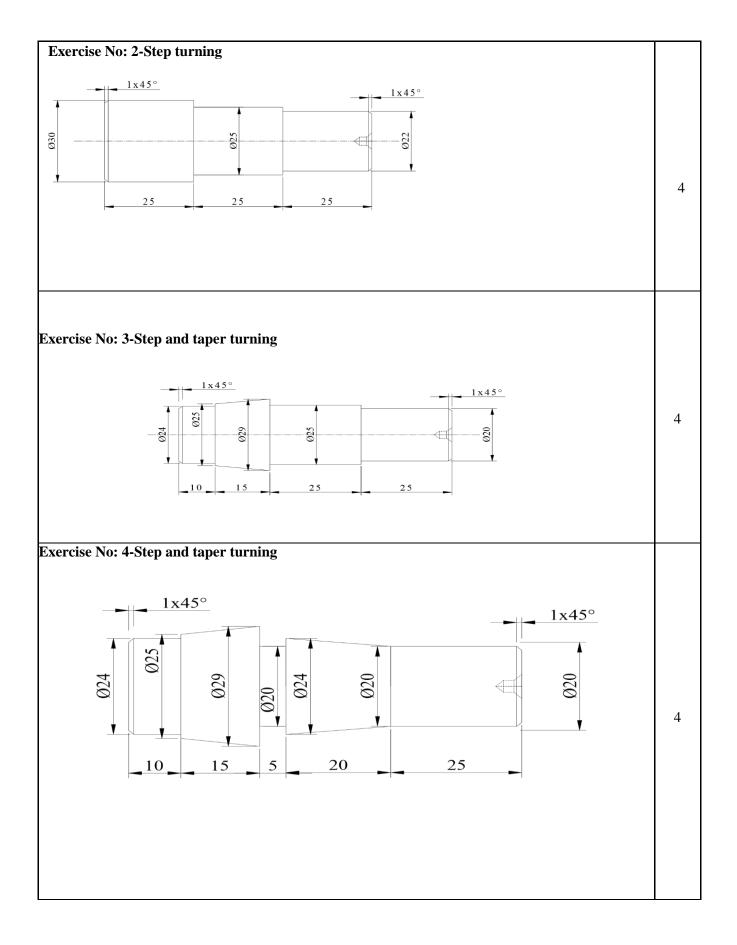
- 1. Introduction of safety in operation machines.
- 2. Introduction to lathe and its parts.
- 3. Introduction to work holding devices and tool holding devices used in Lathe.
- 4. Types of tools used in lathe work.
- 5. Types of measuring instruments and their uses.
- 6. Setting of work and tools.
- 7. Operation done in lathe.
- 8. Practice on a lathe.
- 9. Introduction of work holding and tool holding devices used in drilling machine.

Drilling, Tapping, Counter Boring, Countersinking and Reaming.

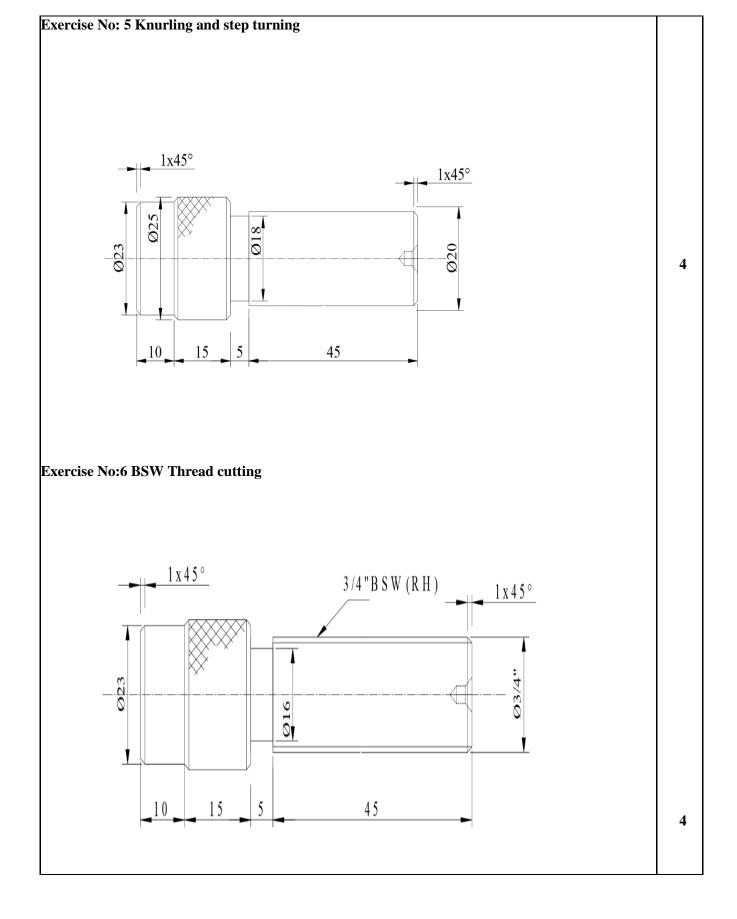




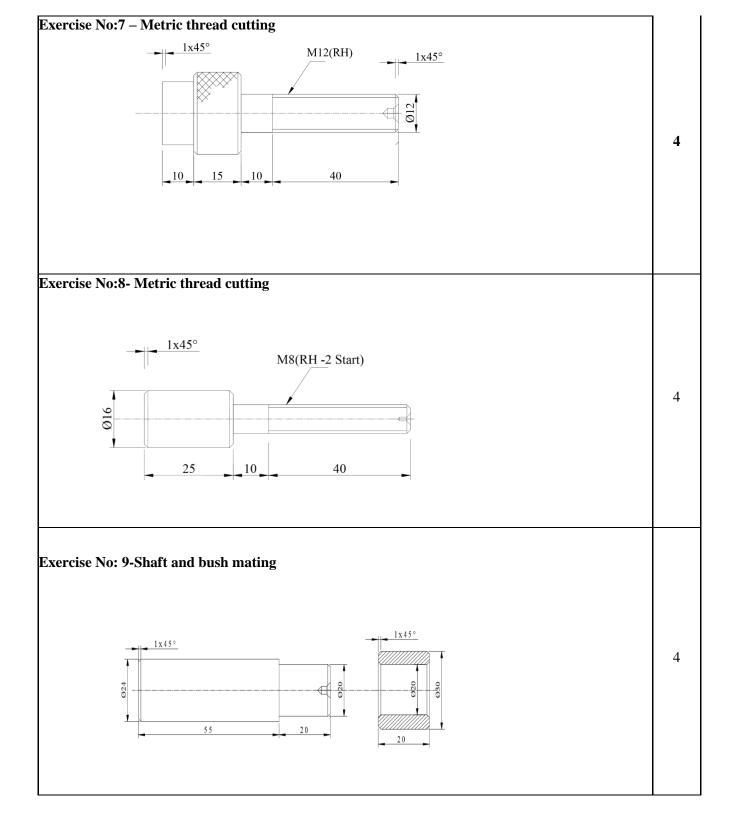
## DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI-600025



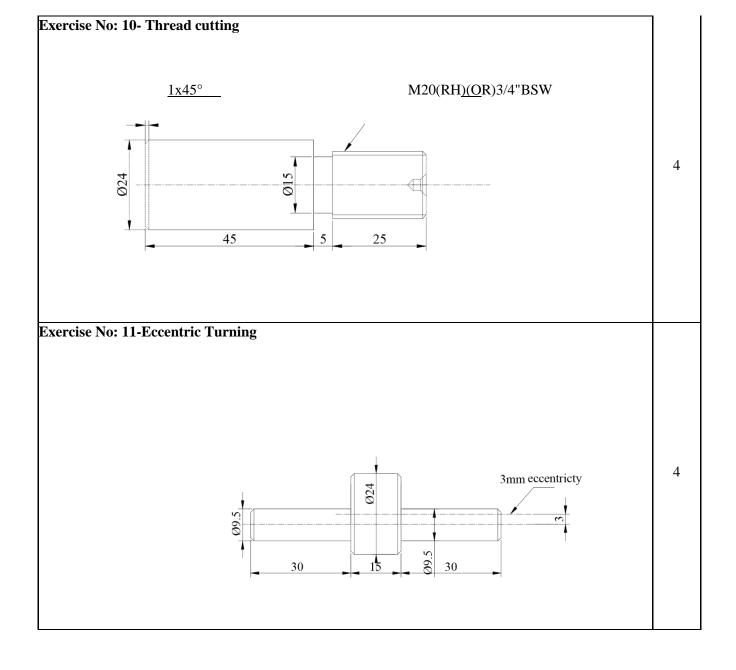




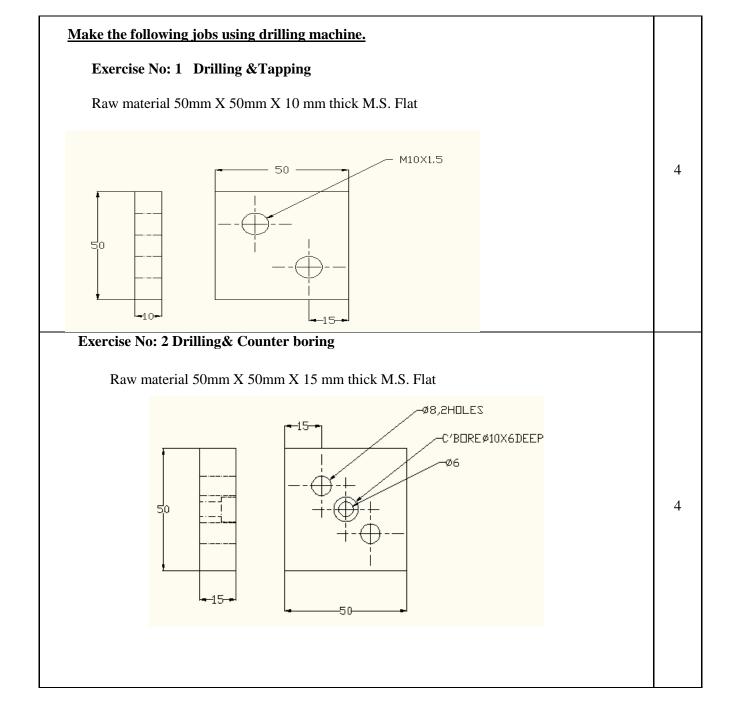




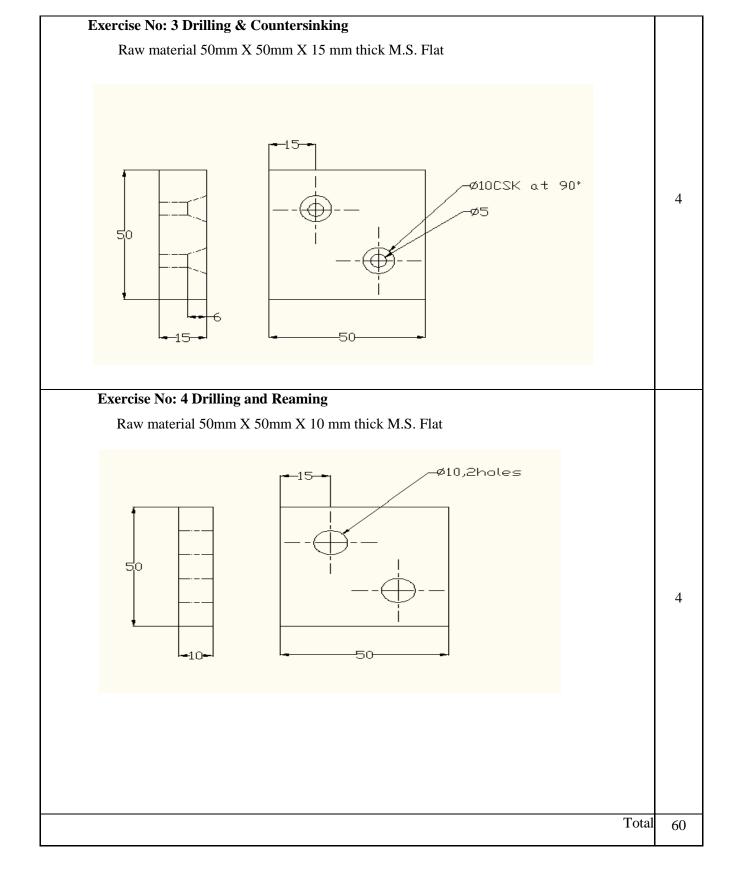














### Suggested List of Students Activity:

- 1. Study and practice the CNC programming for various component machining
- 2. Field visit nearby industries based on CNC machines and make report
- 3. Visittoanythree3Dprintingindustriesandmakereport
- 4. Study the robot configuration and learn about different application of robot
- 5. Prepare a presentation about recent applications of 3d printing and robots.

### **Text and Reference Books:**

- 1. Elumalai P C, ,Manufacturing Technology-I,kindle edition, Khanna Publishers,2017
- 2. DeepanBalu, Manufacturing Technology Laboratory Manual, 3<sup>rd</sup>edition, Khanna Publishers, 2012
- AnandJayakumarArumugham, Manufacturing Technology I : Laboratory Manual, 2<sup>nd</sup>edition, Notion Press, 2020

## Web-based/Online Resources:

- 1. https://books.google.co.in/books/about/A\_Textbook\_of\_Production\_Engineering.html?id=GRSbGhQywwC &redir\_esc=y
- 2. https://www.google.co.in/books/edition/A\_Textbook\_of\_Manufacturing\_Technology/6wFuw6wufTMC?hl =en&gbpv=1&pg=PT47&printsec=frontcover



1220233620	MANUFACTURING TECHNOLOGY PRACTICAL	L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICAL		0	0	4	2

## Requirement

1.	Center Lathe 4 1/2 ' Bed length	15 No's
2.	4 Jaw / 3 Jaw Chucks	required Numbers
3.	Chuck key (10 mm x 10 mm size)	15 No's
4.	Box spanner	15 No's
5.	Cutting Tool H.S.S 1/4 '' X 1/4 '' X 4 '' long	15 No's
6.	Pitch gauge	5 Nos
7.	Vernier Caliper (0-25 and 25-50)	5 No's each
8.	Micrometer, Inside and Outside(0-25 and 25-50)	5 each
9.	Vernier Height Gauge(300mm)	1 no
10.		1 set
10.	Snap gauge	1 set
11.	Gear tooth Vernier	1 No
12.	Parallel Block	2 Nos
13.	Steel Rule (0-150)	15 Nos.
14.	Outside and Inside Calipers	15 Nos. each
15.	Thread gauge	5 Nos.
16.	Bevel Protractor	1 No
17.	Jenny Caliper	5 Nos.
18.	Dial Gauge with Magnetic Stand	5 Nos.
19.	Marking Gauge	10 Nos.
20.	Safety Glass	15 Nos.



DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI-600025

## **REGULATION 2023**

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1220233620	MANUFACTURING TECHNOLOGY PRACTICAL	L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICAL		0	0	4	2

## Board Exam Pattern- End Exam Practical

Note :

## Two questions should asked in such way that one from Lathe and One from Drillin

## DETAILED ALLOCATION OF MARKS.

Part	Description	Marks
Α	Lathe Work	
	Preparation	10
	Dimensions	40
	Finishing	10
В	Drilling	
	Marking	15
	Finishing	15
	Viva Voice	10
	TOTAL MARKS	100



DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI-600025

L	Т	Р	С
3	0	0	3

## THEORY Introduction:

Tool room special machines are the backbone of the production process: Dies are typically used for molding and casting processes and must be carefully engineered to produce high-quality output and maintain process efficiency and efficacy. Dies are highly engineered products, which must be carefully handled, used, and maintained to protect the major investment that they represent. Tools are used for the shaping and other processes that produce finer details on parts and pieces. Tools can include anything from molding inserts to drill bits for machining, and everything in between: mills, saws, tapping bits and more.

## **Course Objectives:**

- Describe the different forces in orthogonal and oblique cutting.
- Estimate the forces in metal cutting operations.
- Describe about various cutting tool materials.
- Explain the cutting force measurement principles.
- Compare the properties of different cutting fluids.
- Describe about jig boring, jig grinding, tool and cutter grinder.
- Explain the milling machine principles, types and its various operations.
- Explain the various gear generation processes.
- Explain the principle of operation of various un-conventional machining processes.

#### Course Outcomes: On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

**CO1**: understand the various methods of plastic manufacturing

**CO2**: Describe the modern machining processes, super finishing processes and various surface treatment methods

CO3: Describe the unconventional Machining processes

CO4: Describe the CNC Machines and ability to apply "G" and "M" coding to CNC

programming

**CO5**: Apply the rapid prototyping technologies in manufacturing



DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI-600025

1220234110	TOOL ROOM SPECIAL MACHINES	L	Т	Р	С
THEORY		3	0	0	3

## **Pre-requisites:**

Production Technology, Machine Tools, Metal Cutting, Computer applications

#### **CO/PO Mapping**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
CO1	2	2	1	2	2	1	2
CO2	2		-	1	-	1	
CO3	2		3	2	3	1	
CO4	2		1		2	1	
CO5		2	1	2	2	1	2

Legend: 3-High Correlation, 2-Medium Correlation, 1-Low Correlation

## Instructional Strategy:

- Engage and Motivate: Teachers should actively engage students to boost their learning confidence
- To help students learn and appreciate numerous concepts and principles in each area, teachers should provide examples from daily life, realistic situations, and real-world engineering and technological applications.
- The demonstration can make the subject exciting and foster in the students a scientific mindset. Student activities should be planned on all the topics.
- Throughout the course, a theory-demonstrate-practice-activity strategy may be used to ensure that learning is outcome- and employability-based.
- Simulation and Real-World Practice: Conduct demonstrations and hands-on activities in a simulated environment, transitioning to real-world scenarios when possible.



THEORY

L	Т	Р	С	
3	0	0	3	

## Assessment Methodology

	С	End Semester			
	CA1	CA2	CA3	CA4	Examination (60 marks)
Mode	Written test (Two units)	Written test (Another Two units)	Quiz MCQ (Online / Offline)	Model Examination	Written Examination
Duration	2 Periods	2 Periods	1 Hour	3 Hours	3 Hours
Exam Marks	50	50	60	100	100
Converted to	15	15	5	20	60
Marks	15	5	5	20	60
Tentative Schedule	6th Week	12th Week	13-14th Week	16th Week	

**CA1 and CA2:** Assessment written test should be conducted for 50 Marks for two units. The marks scored will be converted to 15 Marks. Best of one will be considered for the internal assessment of 15 Marks.

CA1and CA2, Assessment test should be conducted for two units as below.

Answer five questions (5 X 10 Marks = 50 Marks).

Eight questions will be asked, students should write Five questions. Each unit Four questions can be asked. Each question may have subdivisions. Maximum two subdivisions shall be permitted.

**CA3:** 60 MCQ can be asked by covering the entire portion. It may be conducted by Online / Offline. The answer scripts of every student (online / offline) for this assessment should be kept for records and future verification.

The marks scored should be converted to 5 marks for the internal assessment.

**CA4:** Model examination should be conducted as per the end semester question pattern. The marks should be converted to 20 marks for the internal assessment.

#### **Question Pattern:**

Answer ten questions by selecting two questions from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks each.

Four questions will be asked from every unit, students should write any two questions. The question may have two subdivisions only.



## DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI-600025

## **Syllabus Contents**

Unit I Cutting Tools and Mechanics of Metal Cutting						
Cutting tools-properties of cutting tool materials-cutting tool materials; High carbon steels, high						
speed steel, carbides, and ceramics. types of cutting tools						
Types of metal cutting - orthogonal and oblique cutting- chip formation - continuous,	9					
discontinuous, built-up edge - shear angle. Tool signature - importance cutting forces in						
orthogonal cutting - metal removal rate [MRR] - tool life; Taylor's life equation, factors influence						
in tool life. measurement of cutting force - tool dynamometer - types of tool dynamometer -						
machinability – machinability index – factors affecting machinability – cutting fluids – properties						
of cutting fluids – selection of cutting fluids – selection of cutting fluids						
Boring, Jig Boring, Jig grinding, Tool and Cutter Grinder and Cylindrical Grind	ler					
Unit II Boring and jig boring -Boring machines- horizontal and vertical types- fine boring machines-						
boring tools jig boring machine- measuring system- hole location procedure- deep hole boring						
Jig grinding Introduction- construction- operation techniques- setting up and clamping- wheel						
travel- wheel selection- wheel dressing. optical profile grinding- basic principle and operations						
Tool and cutter grinder Introduction- selection of cutter- grinding wheels- shape, abrasive grain						
size and bond, direction of rotation- tooth rest, types, parts of universal tool and cutter grinder,						
clearance, width of land- producing of clearance angle						
Cylindrical Grinding Machine Centre Type Cylindrical Grinding Machine – Centre less	9					
Grinding Machine – Through feed Grinding – In feed Grinding						
Unit III     Milling Machines and Gear Generation Processes						
Milling machines; Types-specification of milling machines- principles of operation of column						
and knee type and universal milling machine- work and tool holding devices; Arbor, spring						
collet, adapter – milling cutters; cylindrical milling cutter, slitting cutter ,side milling cutter,						
angle milling cutter, T-slot milling cutter, woodruff milling cutter, fly cutter-nomenclature of						
cylindrical milling cutter-milling process; conventional milling and climb milling-milling						
operations-milling attachments.						
of evenesis multiple and evenesis						
Generation process Gear shaper- gear hobbling- principle of operation only gear finishing						
processes- gear burnishing- gear shaving- gear grinding and gear lapping- gear materials; cast						
iron, steel, alloy steels brass, bronze, aluminum and nylons.						



Unit IV	CNC Machine and its Components				
CNC machi	nes; Numerical control- definition- working principle of a CNC system- features of CNC				
	advantages of CNC machines- difference between NC and CNC- construction and				
	nciple of turning principle- construction and working principle of machining center-				
0.1	es conventions turning center and machining center.				
inacinite an		9			
Component	s of CNC machine; slide ways- requirement- types- friction slide ways and antifriction				
slide ways-	linear motion bearings- recirculation ball screw- ATC- tool magazine - feedback				
devices- lin	ear and rotary transducers- encoders- in process probing- tool material- tool inserts.				
Unit V	Un-Conventional Machining				
Un- conver	tional Machining Processes: Construction, working and applications of ultrasonic				
machining-	chemical machining- electro chemical grinding- plasma arc machining- LASER	9			
machining-	advantages- disadvantage,- Electron Beam Machining – Abrasive Jet Machining	,			
Electrical of	lischarge machining Introduction- principle of spark erosion and requirements of				
dielectric fl	uid- layout of spark machining system, EDM machine- tool materials – electrical circuits				
	etal removal rate- mean current- operation parameters and typical values and toll wear-				
reasons- cla	ssification and types.				
EDM process characteristic- advantages and disadvantages of EDM process- wire-cut EDM, CNC					
Wire-cut EDM for machining punch and die cavities.					
	Test, Revision and Students Activity	10			
TOTAL HC	•	55			
IUIALIIU		55			

#### Suggested List of Students Activity:

- Presentation / Seminars by students on any recent technological development based on the course
- Online MCQ have to be conducted for all the five units

#### **Text and Reference Books:**

- 1. P. Rajesh, tool room special machines (english),4thedition,geometric publication,2019
- 2. P.H. Joshi, Machine Tools Handbook, 1<sup>st</sup>edition, Tata McGraw Hill Education, 2007
- 3. Steve Krar, Technology Of Machine Tools,7<sup>th</sup>edition, McGraw-Hill Education,2010

#### Web-based/Online Resources:

- https://youtu.be/zD-DviP4BjM?si=vSFl2UZGwJMkGDHc
- https://youtu.be/I\_6G\_8ggmKo?si=r2yP5fhL3P957gus
- https://youtu.be/tmdGq49eJwI?si=32Rg119qllVAlsdX



## DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI-600025

## **END SEMESTER QUESTION PATTERN - Theory Exam**

**Duration:** 3 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer ten questions by selecting two questions from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks each.

#### **Instruction to the Question Setters**

Four questions will be asked from every unit, students should write any two questions for 10 marks. The question may have two subdivisions only.



1220234210	PRESS TOOL	L	Т	Р	С
THEORY	PRESS TOOL	3	0	0	3

#### Introduction:

Modern development of sheet metal industries require more understanding of production of sheet metal products and the machinery and tools involved in the production of the sheet metal products. This subject Press Tools will develop the basic knowledge on the essentials of the production of sheet metal products, the machinery and Tools involved in its production.

#### **Course Objectives:**

- To understand the fundamentals of press working, to be familiar with the various press working operations and machines.
- To learn the safety in press working operations.
- To be familiar with the various press and press tool accessories
- To know the various bending, forming and other miscellaneous press working operations.
- To learn about the construction and operation of the different bending dies.
- To be familiar with the various drawing and other related processes
- To know the construction and operating principle of drawing and combination dies.
- To know the basic concepts and the advantages of fine blanking process
- To learn about the concepts of SMED and quick die changes and its advantages in bringing down the press set up time.
- To learn to trouble shoot in various press tools.
- To be familiar with the specialised press tool applications.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

- **CO1:** Knowledge about the fundamentals of press working operations and compare different types of press.
- CO2: Identify the accessories of press tool and die construction.
- CO3: To know the constructions and operations of bending dies and forming dies.
- CO4: To know the concepts of drawing dies and its operation.

CO5: Correlate blanking dies and fine blanking dies & concepts of SMED and quick die changer



DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI-600025

1220234210	PRESS TOOL	L	Т	Р	С
THEORY	FRESS TOOL	3	0	0	3

#### **Pre-requisites:**

Production Technology, Machine Tools, Metal Cutting, Computer applications

## **CO/PO Mapping**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
CO1	3	3	2	2	-	3	1
CO2	3	-	2	2	2	3	1
CO3	3	2	-	2	-	3	1
CO4	3	3	3	3	2	3	-
CO5	3	3	-	1	2	3	-

Legend: 3-High Correlation, 2-Medium Correlation, 1-Low Correlation

### **Instructional Strategy:**

- Engage and Motivate: Teachers should actively engage students to boost their learning confidence
- To help students learn and appreciate numerous concepts and principles in each area, teachers should provide examples from daily life, realistic situations, and real-world engineering and technological applications.
- The demonstration can make the subject exciting and foster in the students a scientific mindset. Student activities should be planned on all the topics.
- Throughout the course, a theory-demonstrate-practice-activity strategy may be used to ensure that learning is outcome- and employability-based.
- Simulation and Real-World Practice: Conduct demonstrations and hands-on activities in a simulated environment, transitioning to real-world scenarios when possible.



## Assessment Methodology

		Continuous Assess	ment (40 marks	)	End Semester
	CA1	CA2	CA3	CA4	Examination (60 marks)
Mode	Written test (Two units)	Written test (Another Two units)	Quiz MCQ (Online / Offline)	Model Examination	Written Examination
Duration	2 Periods	2 Periods	1 Hour	3 Hours	3 Hours
Exam Marks	50	50	60	100	100
Converted to	15	15	5	20	60
Marks	Marks 15		5	20	60
Tentative Schedule	6th Week	12th Week	13-14th Week	16th Week	

**CA1 and CA2:** Assessment written test should be conducted for 50 Marks for two units. The marks scored will be converted to 15 Marks. Best of one will be considered for the internal assessment of 15 Marks.

CA1and CA2, Assessment test should be conducted for two units as below.

Answer five questions (5 X 10 Marks = 50 Marks).

Eight questions will be asked, students should write five questions. Each unit four questions can be asked. Each question may have subdivisions. Maximum two subdivisions shall be permitted.

**CA3:** 60 MCQ can be asked by covering the entire portion. It may be conducted by Online / Offline. The answer scripts of every student (online / offline) for this assessment should be kept for records and future verification. The marks scored should be converted to 5 marks for the internal assessment.

**CA4:** Model examination should be conducted as per the end semester question pattern. The marks should be converted to 20 marks for the internal assessment.



DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI-600025

1220234210	PRESS TOOL	L	Т	Р	С
THEORY	PRESS TOOL	3	0	0	3

#### **Question Pattern:**

Answer ten questions by selecting two questions from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks each.

Four questions will be asked from every unit, students should write any two questions. The question may have two subdivisions only.

# Syllabus Contents Unit I PRESS WORKING FUNDAMENTALS, OPERATIONS, AND MACHINERY

Press working operations- Shearing, cutting off, parting, blanking, Punching, piercing, slotting, perforating, Notching, semi notching, lancing, parting, Trimming, slitting, shaving. Safety in press working.

Press working mechanism: Presses according to their functions – energy producing press, force producing presses, stroke controlled presses. Press according to their energy supply – Mechanical, hydraulic, Pneumatic, electromagnetic presses. Presses according to their construction – Solid or gap frame, open back inclinable, knee frame, horning, open end or end wheel. Press according to their operation – Single action, double action, triple action, multi slide press. Press actuating mechanisms.

Parts of press, press operating parameters – Tonnage, shut height, stroke, shut height adjustment, strokes per minute, die space. Clearance, cutting terminology, stages of cutting, penetration, and burr. Effects of clearance variation – Secondary shear, large clearance, clearance selection, and cutting characteristic – Dish distortion, spacing distortion, typical wear.

Forces for cutting sheet metal – Cutting with square faces, cutting with shear, shear on punch, slug bending force, shear on die steel, stripping force.



9

1220234210		L	Т	Р	С
THEORY	RY PRESS TOOL			0	3
Unit II	PRESS & PRESS TOOL ACCESSORIES AND TYPES OF D	IE C	ONSTRU	UCTIO	N
<ul> <li>Mechanical handling devices: Feeding and reeling mechanisms for coiled sheet metal – Reels and cradles (de-coiler), roll feeds and its types, hitch feeds. Feeding mechanism for individual parts – Hopper feeds, dial feeds, chutes, slides, magazine feeds, step feeds, special feeds.</li> <li>Ejection mechanism – Gravity, air, kicker, lifter, shovel, mechanical hand, ejection by next part. Transfer mechanisms – Conveyors, shuttle, turnover, turnaround, stacker, rails. Types of die construction: - Cut off, drop through, return type, compound, combination, continental, sub press, follow die, progressive die, transfer die, shuttle die. Function and nomenclature of die components: - Die, die set, die plate, punch, stripper plate, die spring, rubber keeper, stripper bolt, solid stripper, knockout plate, hold down plate, pad plate, blank holder, pressure pin. Types of stock stop. Attachment components – Dowel, screw, key. Miscellaneous components – Heal, stop block, bolster plate, backing plate, pilot, gauges, insert, cams, hinges and rockers. Commercially available die components – Die sets, die set attachment devices, punches, die buttons, retainers, springs, fluid springs, die cushion and its types</li> </ul>					
Unit III	BENDING AND FORMING DIES				
Bending of she	et metal – Bending theory, neutral axis, metal movement, spring	g back	k, method	s of	9
overcoming spi	ing back. Bending Operations – Bending, flanging, hemming, cur	rling,	seaming,	and	
corrugating. T	ypes of Bending dies (construction and working principle) - V ber	nding	and its ty	vpes,	
edge bending,	u bending. Bending operations done using press brake.Form	ning	operation	ns –	
Embossing, bu	lging, crimping, tube forming. Miscellaneous press working oper	ration	s – slugg	ging,	
restrike or spar	k, extrude (holes), coining, hot trimming, cold trimming of die c	asting	gs and pla	astic	
moulding, rivet	ing, burnishing or sizing, Ironing. Forming dies – Construction and	l wor	king princ	ciple	
of solid form d	ies, pad form dies, curling dies, embossing dies, coining dies, swa	aging	dies, bul	ging	
diag Accombl	y dies - Riveting, tab stake, upset stake, crimping.				



1220234210	DDESS TOOL	L	Т	Р	С
THEORY	PRESS TOOL	3	0	0	3
Unit IV	DRAWING DIES AND DIES FOR SECONDARY OPERATION	ONS	5		
Drawing operat	ions – Shallow drawing, deep drawing. Analysis of cup drawing: -	Stag	es of dra	wing	9
- Bending, stra	ightening, friction, compression, tension, stretch forming. Variab	oles	of draw	ing -	
Bending and s	straightening variables, friction variables, compression variables,	, str	etch for	ming	
variables, analy	sis of draw speed.				
Draw dies &its	construction and working principle - Conventional draw die, redraw	ing o	die, reve	rse re	
drawing die, di	rawing of square or rectangular shapes. Drawing with flexible to	oolin	g – Mai	rform	
process, Hydro	form process, Hydro dynamic process, Verson- wheel on process. I	Draw	v die det	ails –	
Blank holders,	blank holding pressure and its importance, air vents, drawing ins	serts,	draw b	eads.	
Drawing defect	s, causes and remedies.				
Dies for second	lary operations: - Construction and working principle of - Semi pi	ercii	ng dies,	shear	
form dies, dies	for formed contours, notching die, shaving die, side piercing die.				
Unit V	FINE BLANKING TOOL AND SPECIALISED PRESS TOOL PRESS	AP	PLICA	ΓIONS,	
Fine blanking	basics: Definition and Applications of fine blanking, Working	prin	ciple of	fine	9
blanking tool, V	V Ring – function of V ring, Dimensions of V ring. Comparison of f	ine	blanking	with	
blanking. Strip	width and margin calculations, Calculation of press, Fixing minim	um (	distance	from	
die aperture. Fa	actors affecting Tool life. Importance of punch and die radius. Mat	erial	s suitabl	le for	
fine blanking,	work hardening during fine blanking, steel, copper and copper allog	ys, a	luminun	n and	
aluminum allo	ys.Fine Blanking Machines: Working principle – Ram movement	t, D	rive syst	tems-	
Mechanical driv	ves, hydraulic drives, Machine force, Ring indenter force, counter for	ce.			
Fine blanking	tools: Different types of tools - Compound die tooling system wi	ith s	liding p	unch,	
compound die	cooling with fixed punch. Clearance calculation – Importance of clea	aranc	ce.Specia	lized	
Press Tool App	plications: Construction, advantage and applications of advanced n	nulti	stage too	oling,	
unit tooling, an	gular piercing tools, CNC turret press. Principle or Quick Die Chan	ige (	QDC) –	need	
and advantages	. Single Minute Exchange of Dies (SMED) – concept need and advan	ntage	s.		
Factors Affectin	g Tool Service Life: Introduction, Elements of Tool performa	nce,	Proced	ure for	
investigation of	tool failure, Trouble shooting in press tools, effect of heat treatment	nt or	1 service	life of	
tools.					
	Recondition of press tools – Blanking tool – Progressive Tool – Co	mpo	und tool	– wear	
	ng of press tools components. Causes of tool and die failure, types of	•			
Assessment Tes	st, Revision and Students Activity				10
TOTAL HOUR	S				5



## **REGULATION 2023**

-

THEORY

Max. Marks: 100

#### **Suggested List of Students Activity:**

• Presentation / Seminars by students on any recent technological development based on the course

#### **Text and Reference Books:**

- 1. Joshi P.H, Press Tools Design And Construction, 23<sup>rd</sup> editon, S Chand & Company, 2017
- 2. M. Luqman, Sheet Metal Press Tools Design and Making, First Edition, 2019,
- 3. K. Venkataraman, Design of Jigs, Fixtures and Press Tools, 2nd Edition, Springer, 2021

#### Web-based/Online Resources:

- 4. https://testbook.com/mechanical-engineering/non-traditional-machining-processes-definit ion
- 5. https://www.bdeinc.com/blog/understanding-computer-aided-manufacturing-benefits/

### END SEMESTER QUESTION PATTERN - Theory Exam

## **Duration: 3 Hrs.**

Note: Answer ten questions by selecting two questions from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks each.

#### **Instruction to the Question Setters**

Four questions will be asked from every unit, students should write any two questions for 10 marks. The question may have two subdivisions only.



**Practicum** 

## Introduction:

Properties of Fluids and Pressure Measurements, Pneumatic System, Hydraulic system & Thermodynamics, Internal Combustion Engines & Heat exchangers and E- Vehicles

#### **Course Objectives:**

- Define the properties of fluids
- Explain the working of pressure measuring devices
- Appreciate the use of fluid power
- Explain the working of pneumatic system and its elements
- Explain the working of Hydraulic system and its elements
- Compare Pneumatic system with Hydraulic system
- Design Pneumatic and Hydraulic circuits
- Explain the concept and types of thermodynamic systems
- Explain the working of IC engines & heat exchangers

#### **Course Outcomes:**

### On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

CO1: Define the properties of fluids and explain the working of pressure measuring devices

- CO2: Express the working of Pneumatics & hydraulic elements and its circuits
- CO3: Explain the concept and application of Thermo dynamics
- CO4: Specify the Concept IC engines.
- CO5: Describe the working of heat exchangers and its effectiveness

#### **Pre-requisites:**

Mathematical skills, Mechanics.



## DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI-600025

1220234340		L	Т	Р	С
Practicum	FLUID POWER AND THERMAL ENGINEERING	2	0	4	4

#### **CO/PO Mapping**

CO / PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
CO1	3	2	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	3	2	2	2	-	-	-
CO3	3	1	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	2	1	-	-	-	-	-
CO5	2	2	-	-	2	-	2

Legend: 3-High Correlation, 2-Medium Correlation, 1-Low Correlation

## **Instructional Strategy:**

- Engage and Motivate: Instructors should actively engage students to boost their learning confidence.
- Real-World Relevance: Incorporate relatable, real-life examples and engineering applications to help students understand and appreciate course concepts.
- Interactive Learning: Utilize demonstrations and plan interactive student activities for an engaging learning experience.
- Application-Based Learning: Employ a theory-demonstrate-practice-activity strategy throughout the course to ensure outcome-driven learning and employability.Simulation and Real-World Practice: Conduct demonstrations and hands-on activities in a simulated environment, transitioning to real-world scenarios when possible.



**Practicum** 

### Assessment Methodology:

		ontinuous Assessme	nt (40 marks)	)	End Semester
	CA1	CA2	CA3	CA4	Examination (60 marks)
Mode	Practical Test	Practical Test	Written Test Theory	Practical Test	Practical Examination
Portion	Cycle I Experiments	Cycle II Experiments	All Units	All Experiments	All Experiments
Duration	2 Periods	2 Periods	3 Hours	3 Hours	3 hours
Exam Marks	60	60	100	100	100
Converted to Marks	10	10	15	15	60
Marks	1	.0	15	15	60
Tentative Schedule	7th Week	14th Week	15th Week	16th Week	

#### Note:

**CA1 and CA2:** All the exercises/experiments should be completed as per the portions above and kept for the practical test. The students shall be permitted to select any one by lot for the test. The practical test should be conducted as per the scheme of evaluation as below. The marks awarded shall be converted to 10 Marks for each assessment test. Best of one will be considered for the internal assessment of 10 Marks.

Practical documents should be maintained for every experiment immediately after completion of the practice. The practical document should be submitted for the practical test. The same should be evaluated for 10 Marks for each exercise/experiment. The total marks awarded should be converted to 10 Marks for the practical test as per the scheme of evaluation as below.

**CA 3**: Written Test for complete theory portions should be conducted for 100 Marks as per the question pattern below. The marks scored will be converted to 15 Marks for internal assessment

**CA 4:** All the exercises/experiments should be completed and kept for the practical test. The students shall be permitted to select any one by lot for the test. The practical test should be conducted as per the scheme of evaluation below. After completion of all the exercises the practical test should be conducted as per End Semester Examination question pattern scheme of evaluation. The marks awarded should be converted to 15 Marks for the internal assessment.



## DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI-600025

## **REGULATION 2023**

1220234340		L	Т	Р	С
Practicum	FLUID POWER AND THERMAL ENGINEERING	2	0	4	4

#### The details of the documents to be prepared as per the instruction below.

Each experiment should be completed on the day of practice. The same shall be evaluated for 10 marks on the day or next day of practice before commencement of the next experiment.

This documentation can be carried out in a separate notebook or a printed manual or a file with documents. The student should draw the Circuit Diagram and take readings, do calculations and prepare the Graph/Result manually in the documents.

The detailed date of the practices and its evaluations should be maintained in the course logbook. The log book and the practical documents should be submitted for the verification by the Flying Squad and DOTE Official.

PART	ART DESCRIPTION			
Α	Aim & Apparatus Required	5		
В	Circuit Diagram	20		
С	Connections and Execution	25		
	TOTAL	50		
D	Practical Documents (As per the portions)	10		
	Total Marks	60		

## SCHEME OF EVALUATION

• Cycle I: 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5, Cycle II: 6, 7, 8, 9

## **Question pattern – Written Test Theory**

	Description	Mar	·ks
Part – A	30 MCQ from the complete theory portions.	30 X 1 Mark	30 Marks
Part – B	Seven Questions to be answered out of 10 Questions.	7 X 10 Marks	70 Marks
	TOTAL		100 Marks



1220234340		L	Т	Р	С
Practicum	FLUID POWER AND THERMAL ENGINEERING	2	0	4	4

## SCHEME OF EVALUATION

#### Model Practical Examination and End Semester Examination - Practical Exam

PART	DESCRIPTION	MARKS
Α	Aim & Apparatus Required	5
В	Circuit Diagram	20
С	Connections and Execution	25
D	Output / Result	10
Ε	Written Test (Theory Portions)	30
F	Viva Voce	10
	TOTAL	100

Note: For the written test 30 MCQ shall be asked from the theory portions.



220234340		L	Т	Р	С
Practicum	FLUID POWER AND THERMAL ENGINEERING	2	0	4	4
llabus Cont	ents				
UNIT I PROPERTIES OF FLUIDS AND PRESSURE MEASUREMENTS					
Fluid-Defi	nition-Classification of fluids-Ideal and real fluids-Newto	nian a	nd non-	-Newtonia	n-
Properties	of fluids-Density, Specific weight, Specific volume, Specific	ic gravi	ty, Con	pressibilit	y,
Viscosity,	Surface tension and capillarity.				
Pressure-U	nit of pressure-Pressure head-Atmospheric pressure-Gauge pres	sure and	d Absolu	ite pressur	e-
Problems-	Pascal's law-Proof-Applications of Pascal's law-Hydraulic press	, Hydrai	ılic jack		15
Pressure I	Aeasurement -Piezometer tube-Simple U-tube manometer- diffe	erential	U- tube	manomete	er-
Inverted d	ifferential U-tube manometer-Micro manometer-Inclined tube n	nicro m	anomete	er-Problem	is-
Mechanical Pressure gauge-Bourdon tube pressure gauge-Diaphragm pressure gauge-Dead weight					
pressure g	auge.				
UNIT II	THERMODYNAMICS				
	DDYNAMICS				
•	namic system-Types-Closed system, Open system and isolated s	•			
-	ensive and Extensive properties -Thermodynamic process-Cyc				
	nservation of energy-Thermodynamic equilibrium- laws of the	•		•	
-	uation of state-Universal gas constant-Relationship between	the sp	ecific h	eats and	gas
constants.					
	AL COMBUSTION ENGINES				
	on to IC Engines-Classification-Working of four stroke cycle pe			÷	
& Demerits-Working of two stroke cycle petrol and diesel engines-Merits Demerits-Comparison of four					
stroke and	two stroke engines.				
HEAT E	XCHANGERS				
Heat transfer in engineering -Modes of heat transfer-Conduction, Convection and Radiation. Heat					
exchanger	types, parallel flow heat exchanger, counter flow heat exc	changers	s-Applic	ation of l	neat
exchanger	ð.				



# **REGULATION 2023**

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Practicum	FLUID POWER AND THERMAL ENGINEERING	2	0	4	4
UNIT III	PNEUMATIC SYSTEM & HYDRAULIC SYSTEM				
Pneumatic syst	em and its elements-Filter, Pressure regulator, Lubricator uni	it-Pressu	ire contr	ol value	-3/2
DCV, 5/2DCV	, and 5/3DCV-Check value- Flow control value-Throttle	value-	Shuttle	valve-Qı	uick
exhaust valve-	Time delay value-Pneumatic actuators-Single acting cylinder,	Double	acting c	ylinder,	Air
motor, ISO syn	bols of Pneumatic components.				
Pneumatic Cir	cuits-Direct operation of single acting cylinder-Operation	of dou	ble actir	ng cylin	der- 5
Operation of d	ouble acting cylinder with metering-in control-Operation of	double	acting c	ylinder v	with
metering-out co	ontrol-Use of shuttle valve in pneumatic circuit-Use of quick	exhaus	t valve in	n pneum	atic
circuits-Autom	atic operation of double acting cylinder-Merits and Demo	erits of	pneuma	tic syst	em-
Applications					
Practical Exerci	ses on Pneumatics				
1. Direct ope	ration of a Single Acting and Double acting Cylinder.				
2. Operation	of a Single Acting Cylinder controlled from two different pos	sitions u	ising Shu	ittle Val	ve.
3. Operation	of a Double Acting Cylinder with quick return using quick ex	xhaust v	alve.		12
4. Controllir	g the speed of a Double Acting Cylinder using metering -in a	and mete	ering –ou	it contro	ls.
5. Automatie	c operation of a Double Acting Cylinder in single cycle and n	nulti cyc	ele using	limit sw	vitch
and memo	bry valve.				
Hydraulic system	and its elements-Merits, Demerits and applications of hydra	ulic sys	tem. Hyc	lraulic p	umps-
types-positive dis	placement pumps and non - positive displacement pumps -	Gear pu	mps-Ext	ernal ge	ar and
internal gear type	-vane pump-Axial piston pump and Radial piston pump-Hyd	lraulic c	ylinders	and Hyd	lraulic
motors - ISO	symbols for hydraulic components -pressure relief valve	e-Direct	tional co	ontrol v	valves-
3/2DCV,4/2DCV	,4/3DCV. Hydraulic accumulator and its uses-Types-Grav	vity typ	e accum	ulator,	spring
loaded accumula	tor, Gas loaded accumulator-Pressure intensifier. Hydraulic	circuit	s-Operat	ion of c	double 5
acting cylinder u	sing metering-in control and metering out control-Operati	on of I	Hydrauli	e motor	using
metering-in and i	netering out- control Hydraulic circuit using sequence valve	es and co	ounter ba	alance va	alves -
Hydraulic circuit	for shaping machine, surface grinding machine and Mill	ling ma	chine. C	Comparis	son of
Hydraulic system	and Pneumatic system.				



1220234340		L	Т	Р	С
Practicum	FLUID POWER AND THERMAL ENGINEERING	2	0	4	4

Practical Exercises on Hydraulics	
<ol> <li>Direct operation of a Double Acting Cylinder.</li> <li>Direct operation of a Hydraulic motor.</li> <li>Controlling the speed of a Double Acting Cylinder using metering-in and metering-out type control.</li> <li>Controlling the speed of hydraulic motor using metering-in and metering-out control Sequencing of two cylinders using Sequence Valve.</li> </ol>	13
CA & MODEL EXAMINATION TOTAL HOURS	10 75

#### Suggested List of Students Activity:

- Compare the following liquids concerning their density (for the same mass, compare the volume) (1) Petrol (2) Water (3) Edible oil (4) Caster oil (5) Mercury
- Compare the following liquids concerning their viscosity (for the same temperature, compare the velocity) (1) Petrol (2) Water (3) Edible oil (4) Caster oil (5) Mercury
- Observe the working of a Hydraulic Jack at any garage and relate it with Pascal's law.
- Design circuits on hydraulic & pneumatic for various industrial application.
- Draw a line diagram of the water supply & distribution line of your hydraulic lab and indicate the source of major and minor losses in it.
- Visit the manufacturer's website for hydraulic pumps, collect the catalog, and select a suitable pump for your home application.
- Prepare a demonstration model of the hydraulic devices.



DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI-600025

## **REGULATION 2023**

1220234340		L	Т	Р	С
Practicum	FLUID POWER AND THERMAL ENGINEERING	2	0	4	4

#### **Text Books & Reference Books:**

- 1. Allan D. Kraus, Introduction to Thermal and Fluid Engineering,1st edition, CRC Press,2019
- Pankaj Saha, Advances in Fluid and Thermal Engineering, 1st edition, Springer Verlag, Singapore, 2019
- 3. Basant Singh Sikarwar ,Advances in Fluid and Thermal Engineering, 1st edition, Springer, 2021

### Web-based/Online Resources:

- 1. https://youtu.be/hc35VQlEN98?si=xtLAgL77PcbuANIP
- 2. https://youtu.be/b1jQseqJuDU?si=nmWQssBWT1\_rq2rZ
- 3. https://youtu.be/gJhHiyZOBAs?si=z7H39bDP4G\_glrzV

### Equipment / Facilities required for conducting the Practical Course.

- 1. Pneumatic kit 1 no.
- 2. Hydraulic kit 1 no.

Required instruments and consumables



Practicum

## END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS – PRACTICAL EXAM

#### Note:

Note: All the exercises should be given in the question paper and students are allowed to select by a lot or the question paper allotted from the DOTE shall be used.

Practical document should be submitted for the examination with a bonafide certificate.

## SCHEME OF EVALUATION

#### Model Practical Examination and End Semester Examination - Practical Exam

PART	DESCRIPTION	MARKS
Α	Aim & Apparatus Required	5
В	Circuit Diagram	20
С	Connections and Execution	25
D	Output / Result	10
Ε	Written Test (Theory Portions)	30
F	Viva Voce	10
	TOTAL	100

**Note:** For the written test 30 MCQ shall be asked from the theory portions. **\*Written Test:** 

Part A - 15 X 1 Mark = 15 Marks. Fifteen MCQ (One mark each) shall be asked from the complete Theory Portions. Students can answer any Ten questions.

Part B - 5 X 3 = 15 Marks. Eight two marks questions shall be asked from the complete Theory Portions. Students can answer any Five questions. Each batch should have a separate set of questions or an online question paper issued by the DOTE can be issued.



#### Introduction:

To study and practice the various operations that can be performed in lathe, shaper, drilling, milling machines etc. and to equip with the practical knowledge required in the core industries.

#### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. Identify a milling machine and its parts
- 2. Identify a cylindrical grinder, surface grinder and tool and cutter grinder
- 3. Identify Shaping machine and its parts
- 4. Identify the tools and instruments
- 5. Handle the different types of work holding devices
- 6. Machine a component using different machine tools.
- 7. Calculate the indexing for a work

#### **Course Outcomes:**

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

- CO1 To be able to be aware of fitting tools & learn practically the process of shaping machine.
- CO2 To be able to practice of making vee-block on Shaping Machine.
- CO3 To be able to practice of making different shapes from cylindrical rod on milling machine (a) Hexagonal (b) Square (c) Triangular & practice of indexing.
- CO4 To be able to practice of different operations of milling machine, cylindrical grinder, surface grinder, and tool &cutter grinder.
- CO5 The student will be having the capability of selecting suitable manufacturing processes to manufacture the products optimally.

#### **Pre-requisites:**

- Basic working practice of Lathe & Milling machines
- Basic knowledge on working principle CNC machines
- Learning of fundamentals



## **REGULATION 2023**

1220234420	SPECIAL MACHINES PRACTICAL	L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICAL		0	0	4	2

#### **CO/PO Mapping**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
CO1	3	3	3	3	2	2	1
CO2	3	3	3	3	2	2	1
CO3	3	3	3	3	2	2	1
CO4	3	3	3	3	2	2	1
CO5	3	3	3	3	2	2	1

Legend: 3-High Correlation, 2-Medium Correlation, 1-Low Correlation

## Instructional Strategy:

- Engage and Motivate: Teachers should actively engage students to boost their learning confidence
- To help students learn and appreciate numerous concepts and principles in each area, teachers should provide examples from daily life, realistic situations, and real-world engineering and technological applications.
- The demonstration can make the subject exciting and foster in the students a scientific mindset. Student activities should be planned on all the topics.
- Throughout the course, a theory-demonstrate-practice-activity strategy may be used to ensure that learning is outcome- and employability-based.
- Simulation and Real-World Practice: Conduct demonstrations and hands-on activities in a simulated environment, transitioning to real-world scenarios when possible



## SPECIAL MACHINES PRACTICAL

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1 1/	лU	11(	

L	Т	Р	С
0	0	4	2

#### **Assessment Methodology:**

Assessment Meth		Continuous Asse	essment (40 marks	)	End Semester
	CA1	CA2	CA3	CA4	Examination (60 marks)
Mode	Practical Test	Practical Test	Practical Document	Practical Test	Practical Examination
Portion	First Cycle	Second Cycle	All Exercises	All Exercises	All Exercises
Duration	2 Periods	2 Periods	Regularly	3 Hours	3 Hours
Exam Marks	50	50	100	100	100
Converted to	10	10	10	20	60
Marks	1	0	10	20	60
Tentative Schedule	7th Week	14th Week	15th Week	16th Week	

#### Note:

**CA1 and CA2:** All the exercises/experiments as per the portions mentioned above should be completed and kept for the practical test. The students shall be permitted to select any one by lot for the test. The practical test should be conducted as per the scheme of evaluation as below. The marks awarded will be converted to 10 Marks for each assessment test. Best of one will be considered for the internal assessment of 10 Marks.

Cycle 1 - Exercises 1, 2,3,4, and 5.

#### Cycle 2 - Exercises 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10.

• CA 3: Practical document should be maintained for every exercise immediately after completion of the practice. The same should be evaluated for 10 Marks. The total marks awarded should be converted to 10 Marks for the internal assessment. The practical document should be submitted for the Practical Test and End Semester Examination with a bonafide certificate

The details of the documents to be prepared as per the instruction below.

Each exercise should be completed on the day of practice. The same shall be evaluated for 10 marks on the day or next day of practice before commencement of the next exercise.

This documentation can be carried out in a separate notebook or a printed manual or a file with documents. The part program and sketch should be written by the student manually.

The detailed date of the practices and its evaluations should be maintained in the course logbook. The log book and the practical documents should be submitted for the verification by the Flying Squad and DOTE Official.



## DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI-600025

#### **REGULATION 2023**

1220234420	SPECIAL MACHINES PRACTICAL	L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICAL		0	0	4	2

• CA 4: All the exercises should be completed and kept for the practical test. The students shall be permitted to select any one by lot for the test. The practical test should be conducted as per the scheme of evaluation as below. The marks awarded should be converted to 20 Marks for the internal assessment.

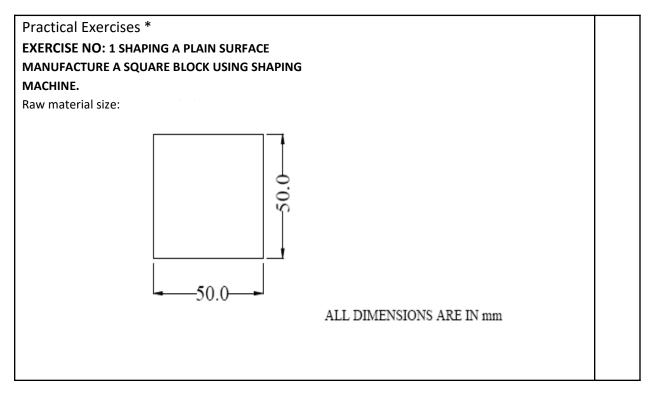
PART	DESCRIPTION	MARKS	
Α	Aim & Tools required	10	
В	Machining & Dimension	30	
С	Finish	10	
	TOTAL		

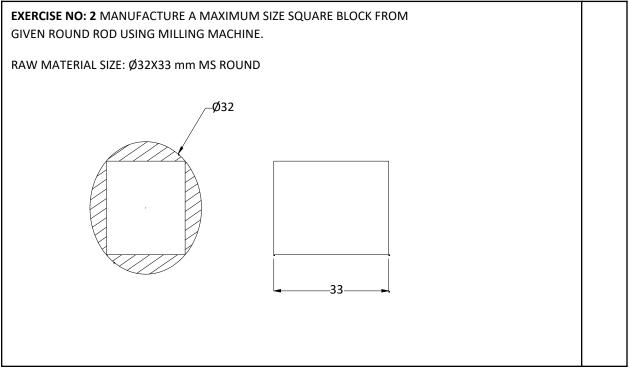
## SCHEME OF EVALUATION



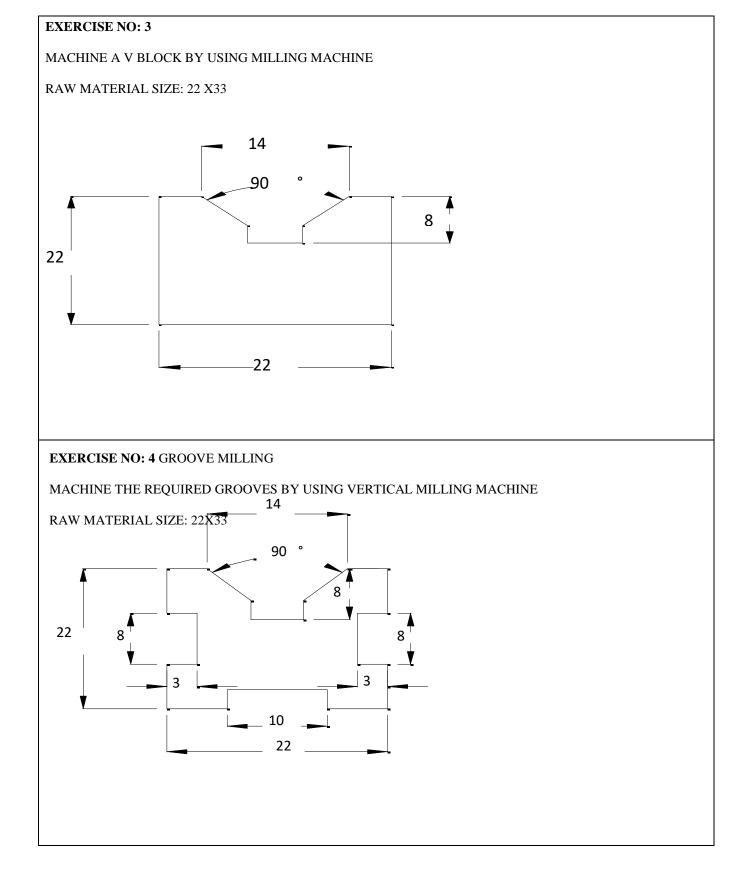
1220234420	SPECIAL MACHINES PRACTICAL	L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICAL		0	0	4	2
Syllabus Contents					
Introduction					
1.Introduction to s	shaping machine and its parts				
2. Introduction to	milling machine and its parts.				
3.Introduction to g	grinding machine and its parts				
4. Introduction to	work holding devices.				10
5.Types of cutter	used in milling machine				-
6.Types of grinding	ng wheels used in grinding machines				
7.Setting of work,	tools and cutters in shaping, milling and grinding machines				
8.Operations perfe	ormed in shaping, milling and grinding machine				
Practical Exercise	s by using shaping machine				
	re block from round rod using Milling machine				
	Block using Milling machine				
	e cuts using Vertical Milling machine				
	rface using surface Grinder				
	cal surface using Cylindrical Grinding machine				50
-	sive type Plug gauge using Cylindrical Grinding machine				
C	Gear using milling machine by Simple Indexing				
-					
	cal Gear using milling machine.				
	Tool using Tool and Cutter Grinder				
	Tests and Model examination				10
	TOTAL HOURS				70



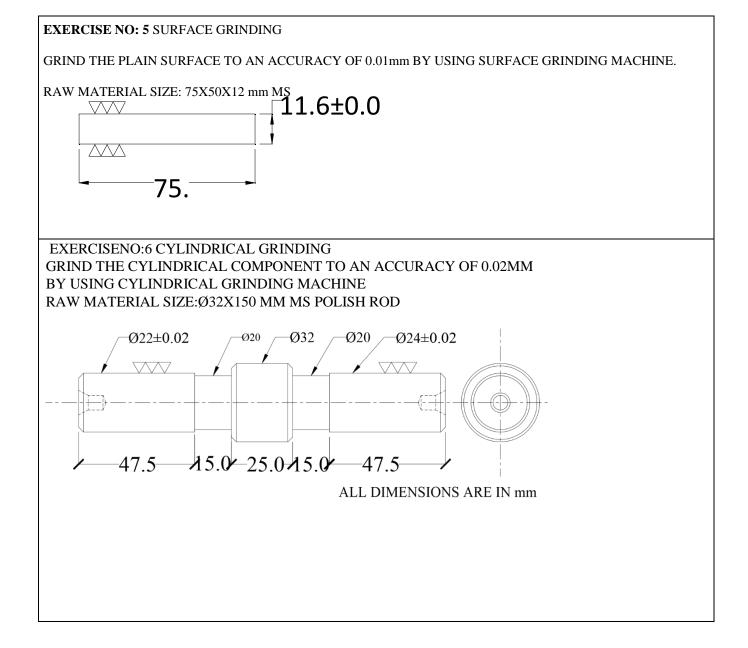








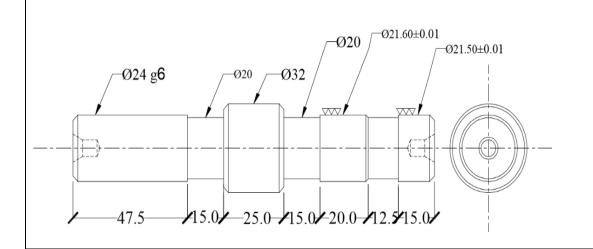






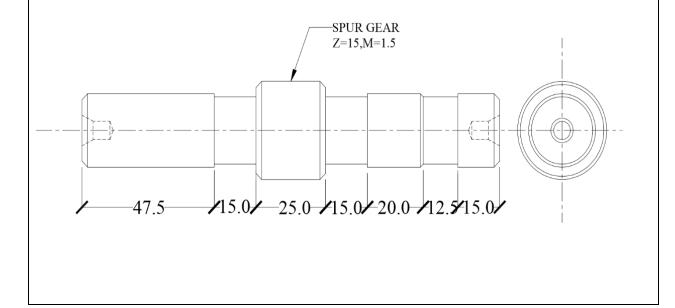
## EXERCISE NO:7 CYLINDRICAL GRINDING

### MANUFACTURE A PROGRESSIVE TYPE PLUG GAUGE BY USING CYLINDRICAL GRINDING

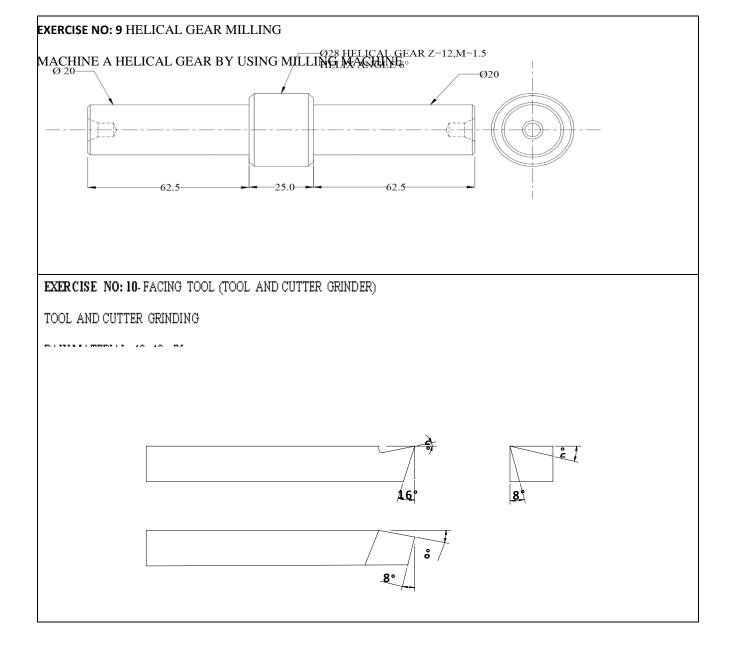


### **EXERCISE NO: 8** SPUR GEAR MILLING

## MACHINE A SPUR GEAR BY USING MILLING MACHINE









#### Suggested List of Students Activity:

- 1. Study and practice the conventional & non-conventional machines for various component machining.
- 2. Field visit nearby industries based on conventional & non-conventional machines and make report.
- 3. Visit to any industries and make report.

#### **Text and Reference Books:**

- Maddili Praveena Chakravarthy, Machine Tools Laboratory Manual,8<sup>th</sup> edition, LAP Lambert Academic Publishing ,2023
- 2. Shivani engineering book, Special machines,4<sup>th</sup> edition, Shivani engineering book,2020
- 3. American School of Correspondence, Tool Making a Manual of Practical ,10<sup>th</sup>edition, Legare Street Press,2023

#### Web-based/Online Resources:

- 1. https://download.slicer.org/
- 2. http://www.roboanalyzer.com/downloads.html

### Equipment / Facilities required conducting the Practical Course.

- 1. Vertical milling machine/ vertical milling attachment in Universal Milling Machine 2 No's
- 2. Universal Milling Machine with indexing head- 2 Nos
- 3. Surface Grinding Machine (Horizontal) 1 No
- 4. Cylindrical Grinding machine 1 No
- 5. Tool and Cutter grinder 1 No
- 6. Shaping machine –1 no

## **EQUIPMENT'S & TOOLS:**

- 1. Milling Cutter (2 Module cutter) & accessories complete sets
- 2. Milling Machine Handle and required accessories 2 sets
- 3. Grinding wheel OD 150 mm, ID 1''(AA-65, K5, V8) 2 No's
- 4. Grinding wheel OD 300 mm , ID 150mm(AA-56, K5, V8) 1 No



## END SEMESTER EXAMINATION – PRACTICAL EXAM.

### **BOARD EXAMINATIONS**

Note:

- All the exercises have to be completed, any one exercise will be given for examination.
- All the exercises should be given in the question paper. The student is allowed to select by lot or question papers issued by the DOTE Exam section shall be used.
- Practical documents along with the activity report should be submitted for the End Semester Examinations.

## **DETAILED ALLOCATION OF MARKS.**

Part	Description	Marks
A	Aim & Tools required	10
В	Procedure	20
С	Preparation	20
D	Cutting	20
Е	Accuracy / Tool Handling / Finish / Result	20
F	Viva Voce	10
	TOTAL MARKS	100



## Introduction:

PRACTICAL

This subject will help you to understand the press tool and die process. A press tool is embedded in a press machine, and it is designed to shape or cut metal using force. The die helps define the shape and size of the cut piece. This process is used to produce a pre-designed component in large quantities. The components that a press tool and die can produce depend on the construction and configuration of that tool and die. Basically, a press tool is an assembly of a tool and a die.

## **Course Objectives:**

- Manufacture press tool components as per the given drawing.
- Assemble the components manufactured.
- Set the tools manufactured in the OBI / gap frame / Fly press as per requirement.
- Adjust the shut height; operate the press to take trial production.
- Compare the result with the requirement and to do the necessary corrections if needed.

### **Course Outcomes:**

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

CO1 Capable of performing Blanking Tool independently
CO2 Capable of performing Progressive Tool independently.
CO3 Capable of performing Compound Tool independently.
CO4 Capable of performing V Bending tool independently.
CO5 Capable of performing drawing tool independently

## **Pre-requisites:**

- 1. Basic press tool assembly, accuracy.
- 2. Mechanical properties of materials.



PRACTICAL

PRESS TOOLS PRACTICAL

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## **CO/PO** Mapping

CO / PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
CO1	-	-	3	3	1	2	-
CO2	-	-	3	3	1	2	-
CO3	-	-	3	3	1	2	-
CO4	-	-	3	3	1	2	-
CO5	-	-	3	3	1	2	-

Legend: 3-High Correlation, 2-Medium Correlation, 1-Low Correlation

#### **Instructional Strategy:**

- o Engage and Motivate: Teachers should actively engage students to boost their learning confidence
- o To help students learn and appreciate numerous concepts and principles in each area, teachers should provide examples from daily life, realistic situations, and real-world engineering and technological applications.
- The demonstration can make the subject exciting and foster in the students a scientific mindset. Student activities should be planned on all the topics.
- o Throughout the course, a theory-demonstrate-practice-activity strategy may be used to ensure that learning is outcome- and employability-based.
- o Simulation and Real-World Practice: Conduct demonstrations and hands-on activities in a simulated environment, transitioning to real-world scenarios when possible



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### **Assessment Methodology:**

	Continuous Assessment (40 marks)		End Semester Examination (60 marks)		
Mode	Record of Work Done	Model Practical Exam	Practical Examination		
Portion	All Exercises	Any one Exercise	04 Exercises		
Duration	Regularly	8 Hours	16 Hours		
Exam Marks	-	100	100		
Converted to	20	20	60		
Marks	20	20	60		
Internal Marks	40		60		

#### Note:

- Record of work done should be maintained and the same have to be evaluated after completion of each practical exercise for 20 Marks. The total marks awarded should be converted to 20 Marks for the internal assessment
- After completion of all the exercises, Model examination should be conducted as per End Semester Exam question pattern. The marks awarded should be converted to 20 Marks for the internal assessment.



L	Т	Р	С
0	0	6	3

## SCHEME OF EVALUATION

The details of the documents to be prepared as per the instruction below.

Part	Part Description	
Α	Aim & Tools required	10
В	Design of Tools	30
С	Fabrication of Tools	40
D	Tool Finish	10
E	Viva Voice	10
	TOTAL MARKS	100



L	Т	Р	С
0	0	6	3

### Syllabus Contents

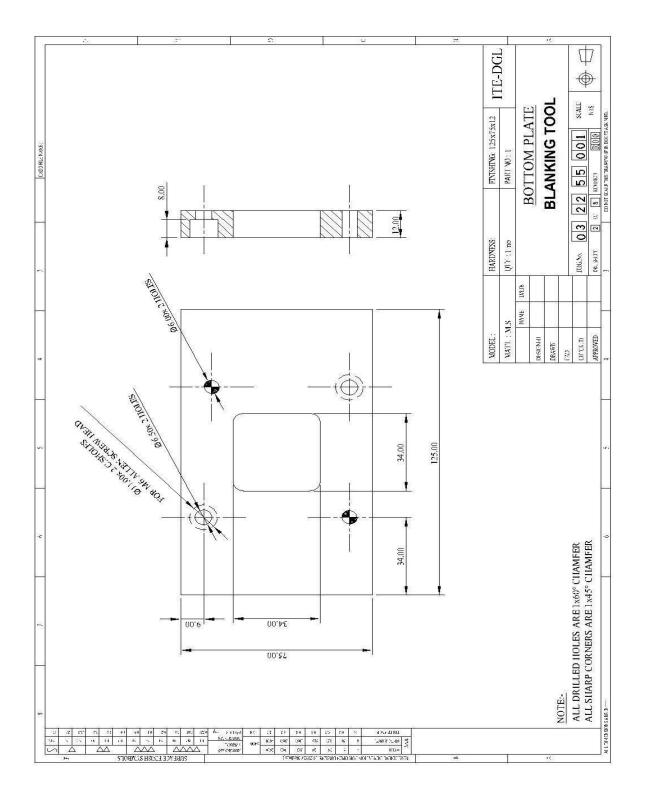
TOPIC	PERIODS
1. Manufacture of Blanking Tool – Drop through type	12
2. Manufacture of Progressive Tool – Drop through type	12
3. Manufacture or Compound Tool	12
4. Manufacture of V Bending tool	12
5. Manufacture of drawing tool (single stage)	12
TOTAL HOURS	60

## END SEMESTER EXAMINATION – PRACTICAL EXAM.

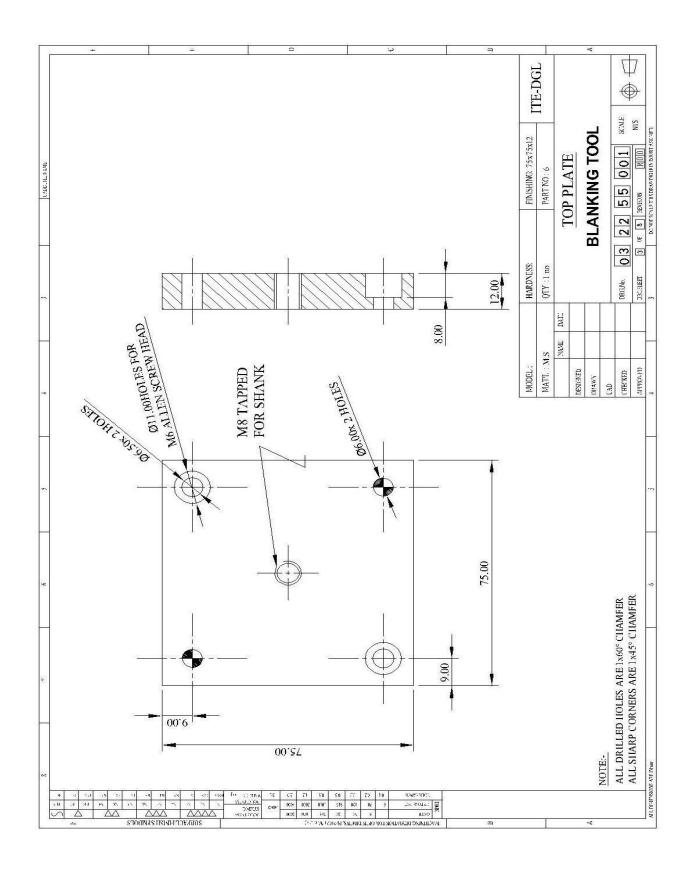
Note:

- For examination, exercise should be given to students individually and not in batches.
- The examination duration is 16 hours.
- All the exercises have to be completed, any one exercise will be given for examination.
- All the exercises should be given in the question paper. The student is allowed to select by lot or question papers issued by the DOTE Exam section shall be used.
- Record of work done notebook along with the activity report should be submitted for the End Semester Examinations.

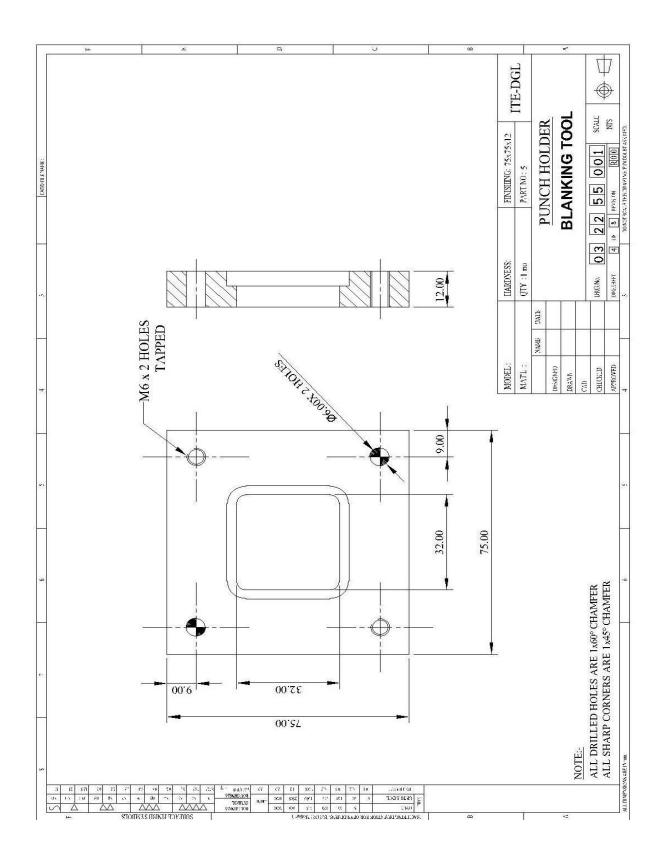




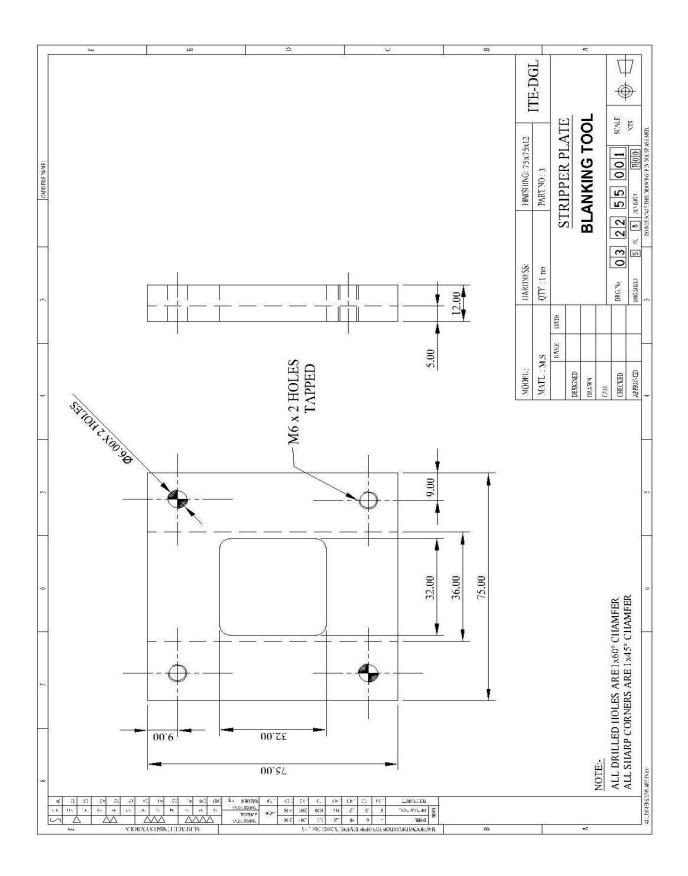




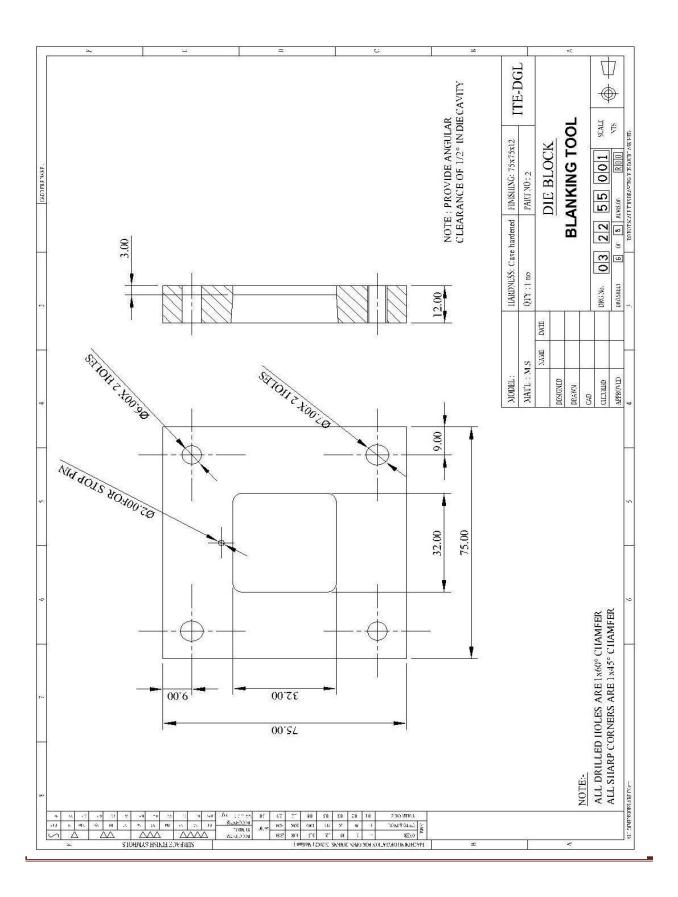




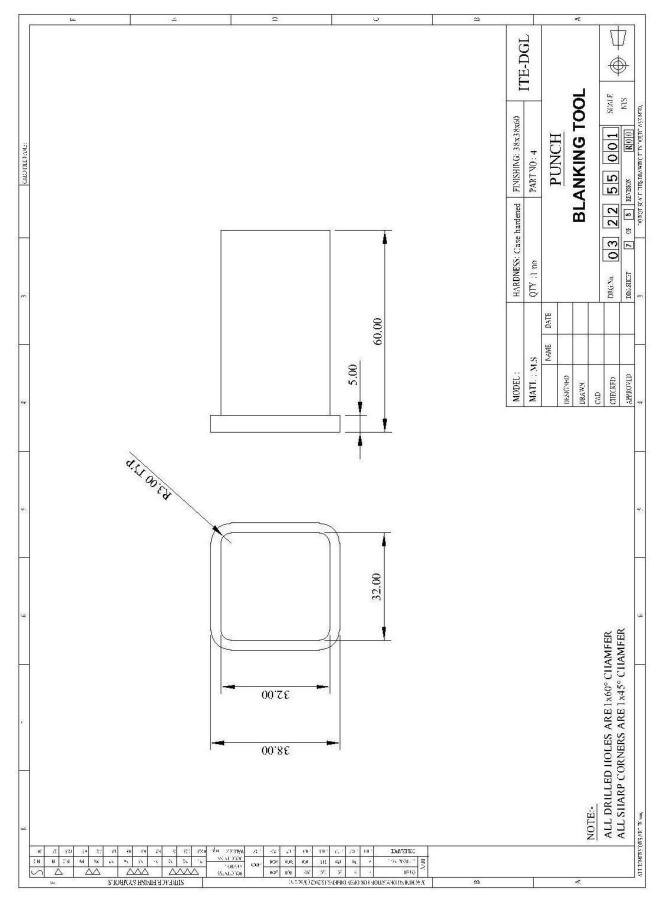






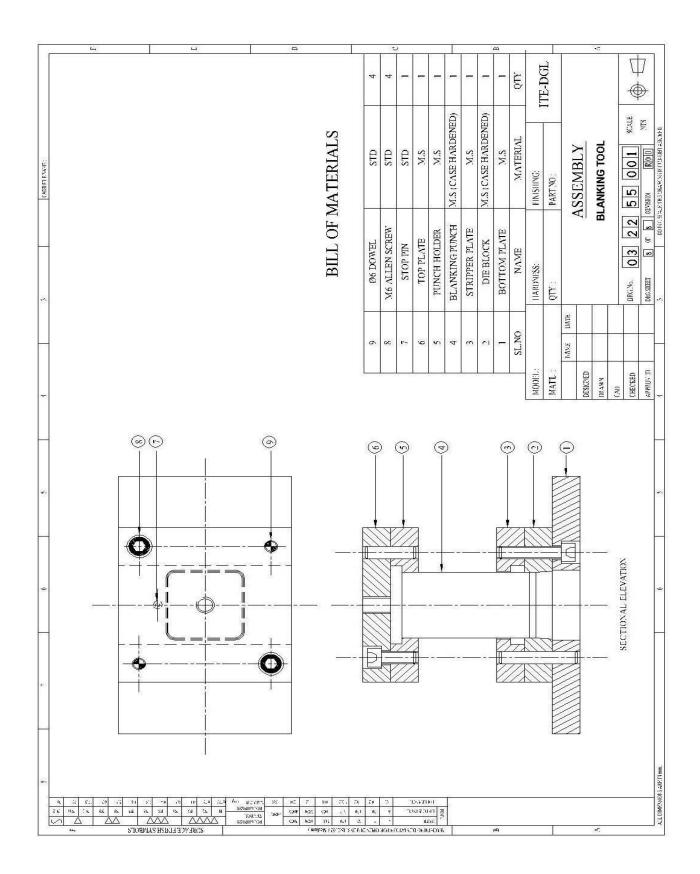




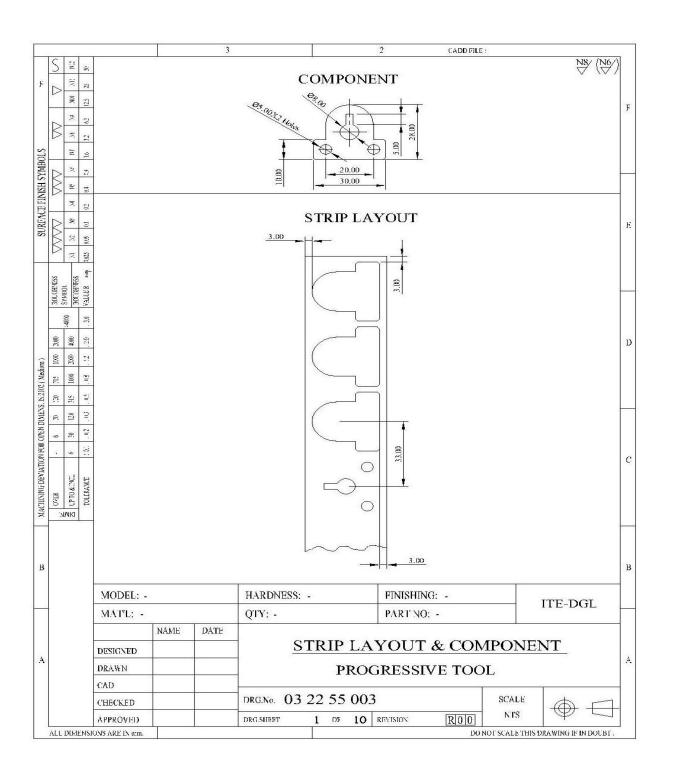




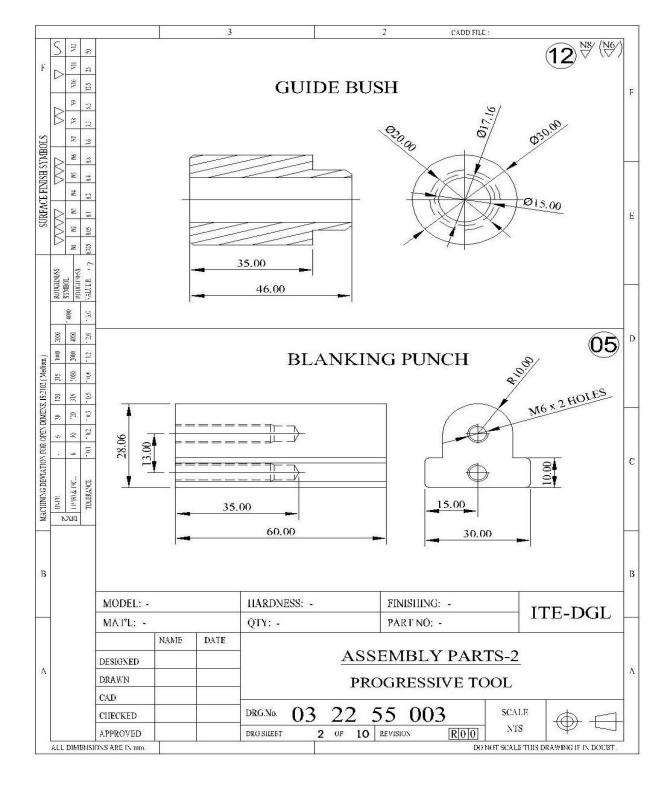
DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI – 600 025 REGULATION 2023



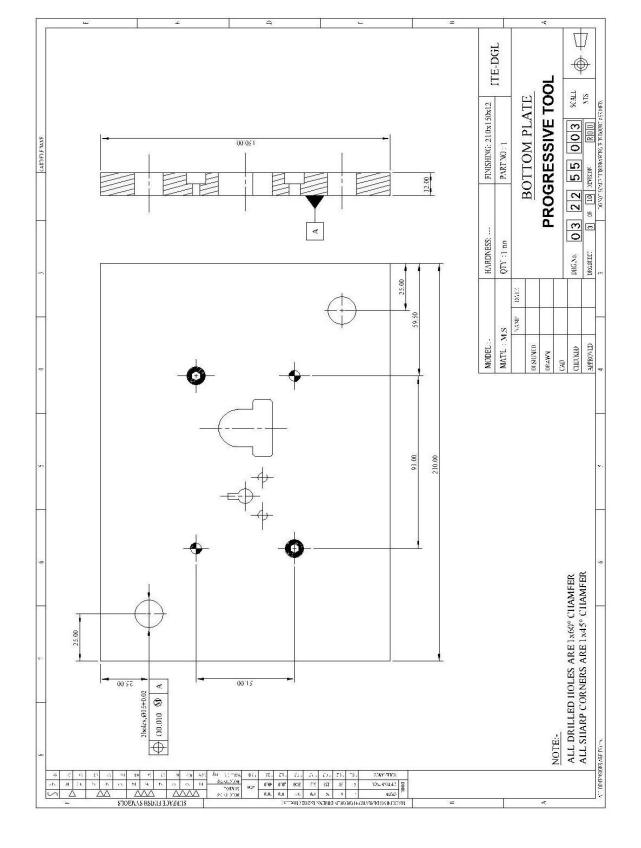




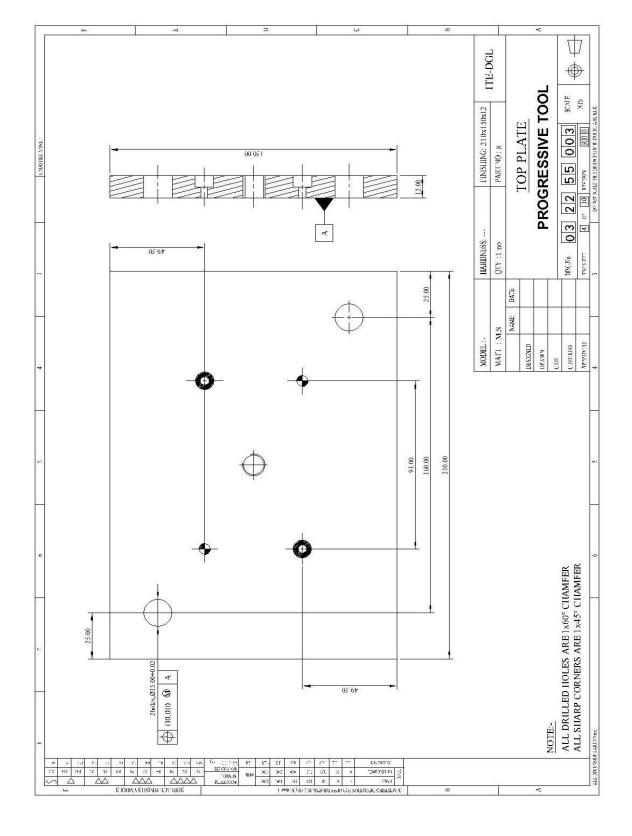




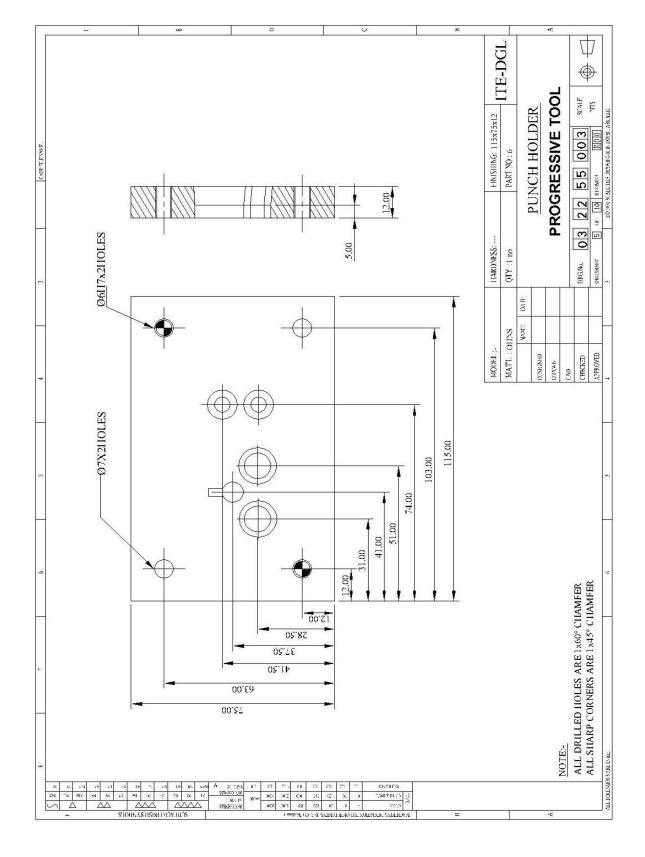




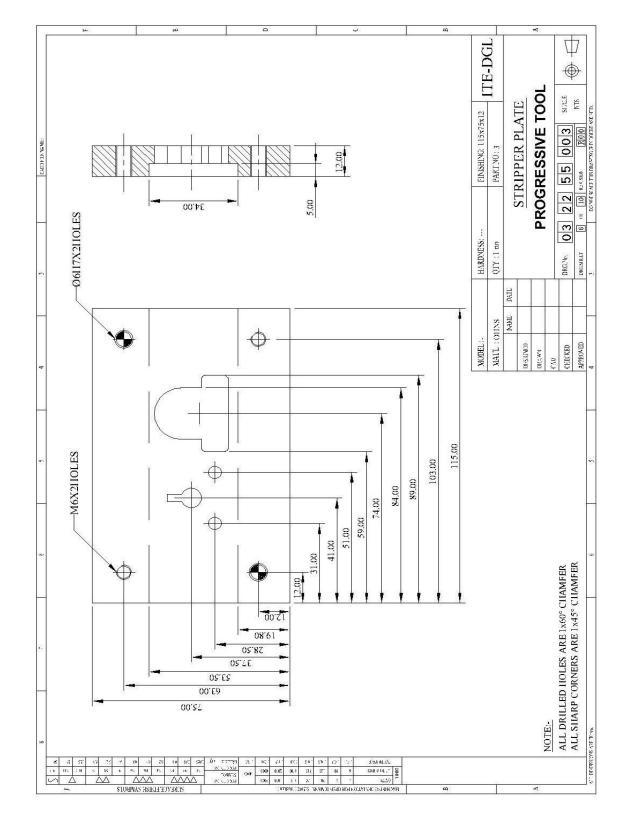






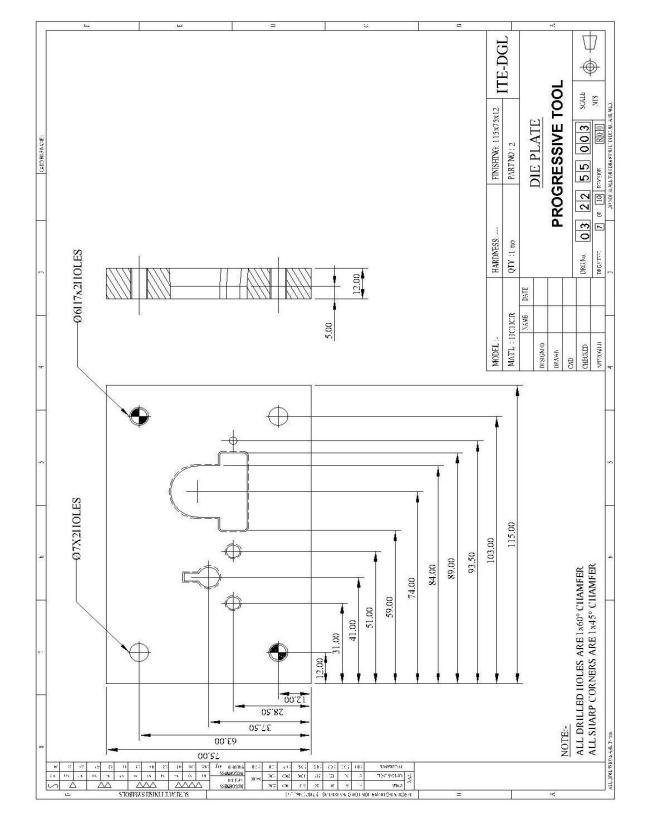




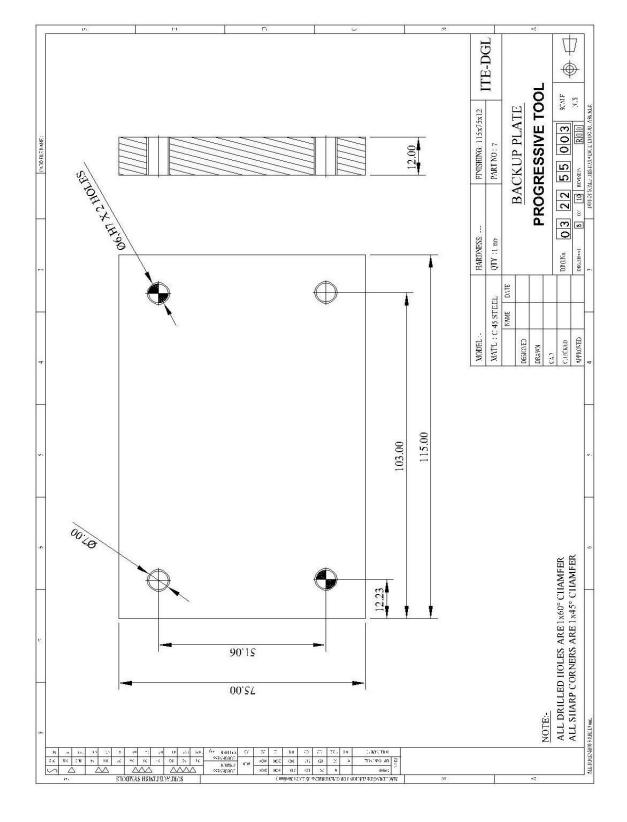




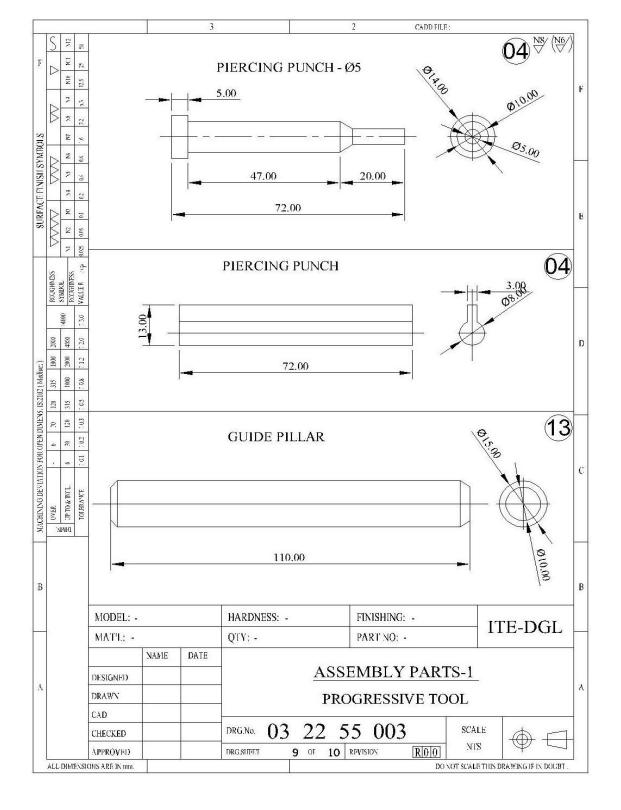
DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI – 600 025 REGULATION 2023



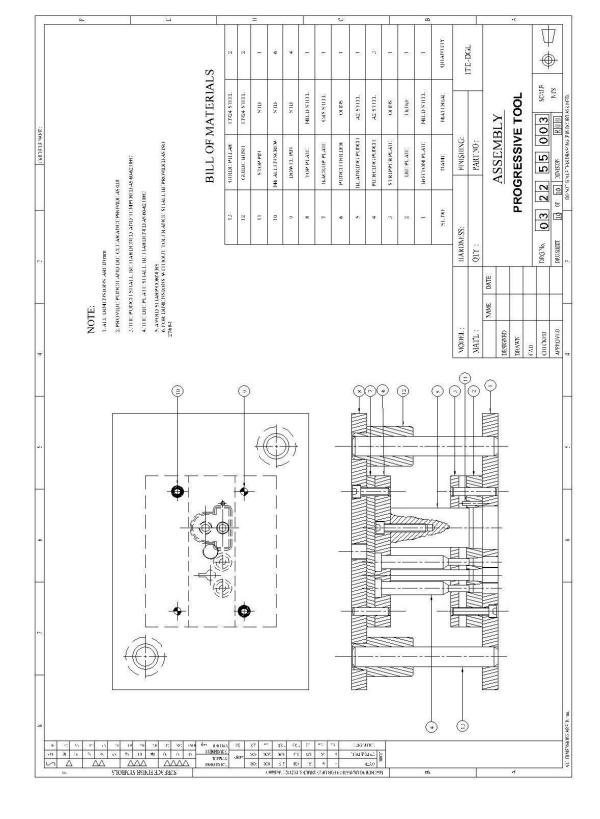




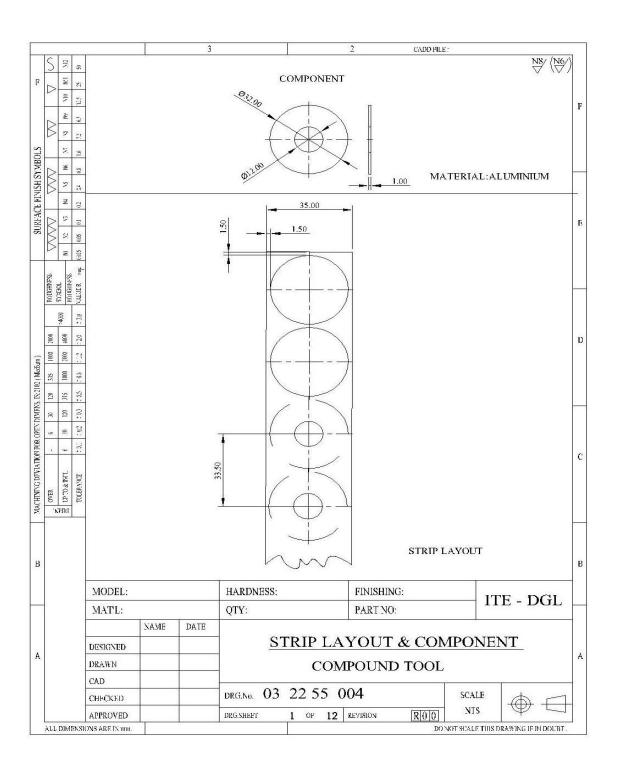




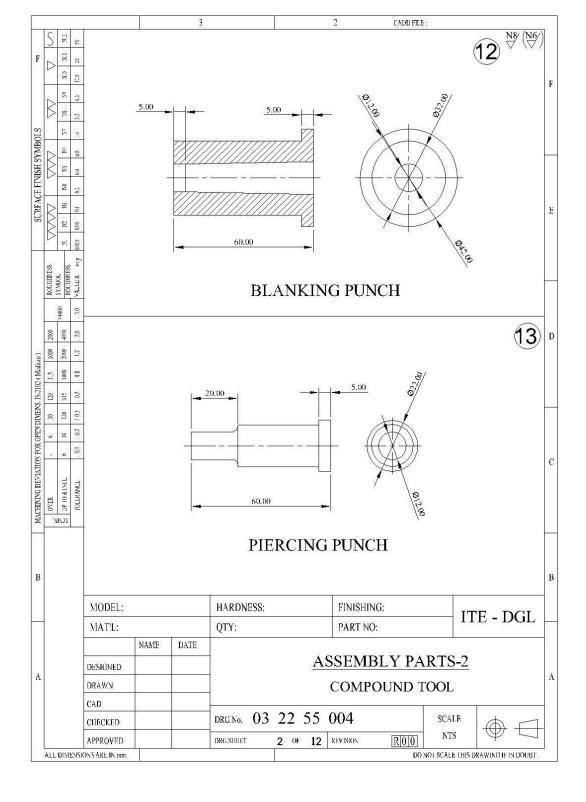




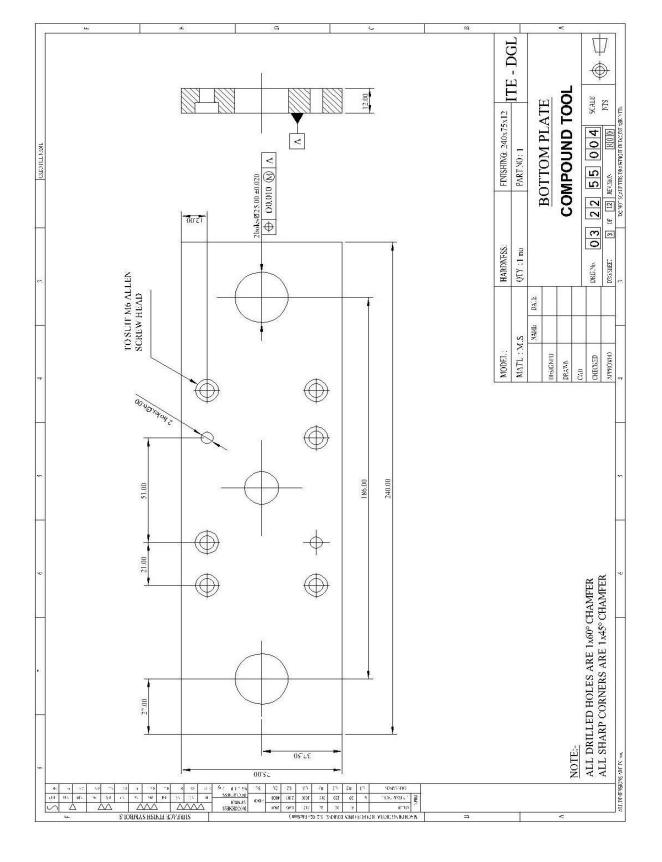




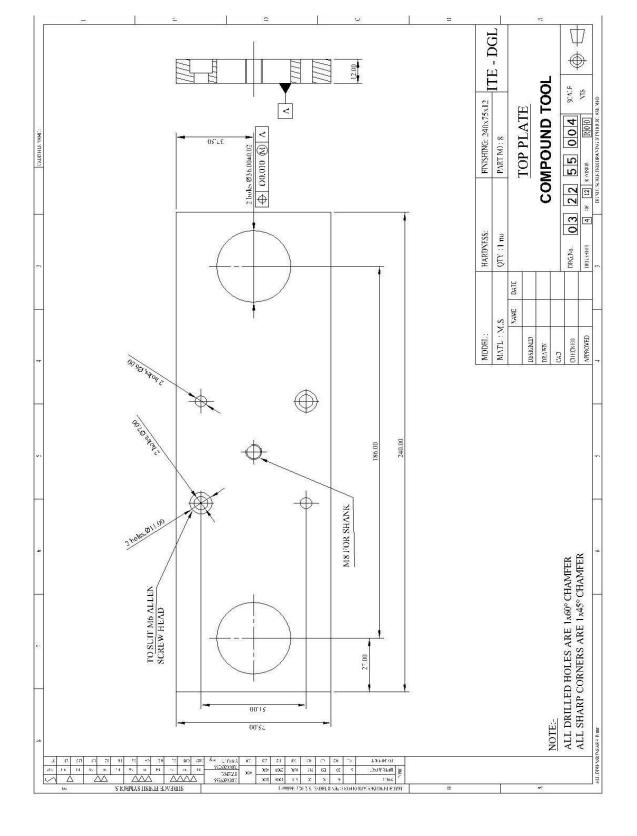






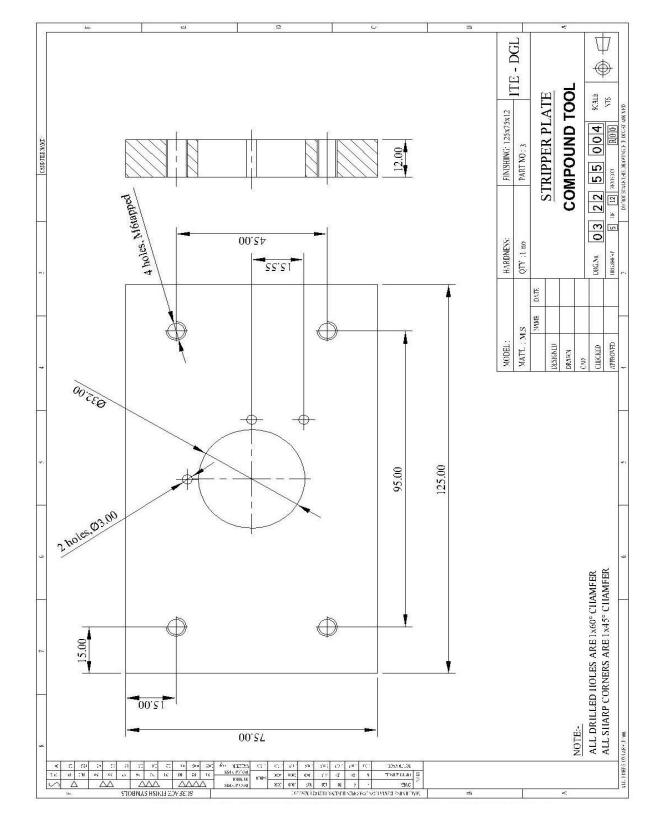




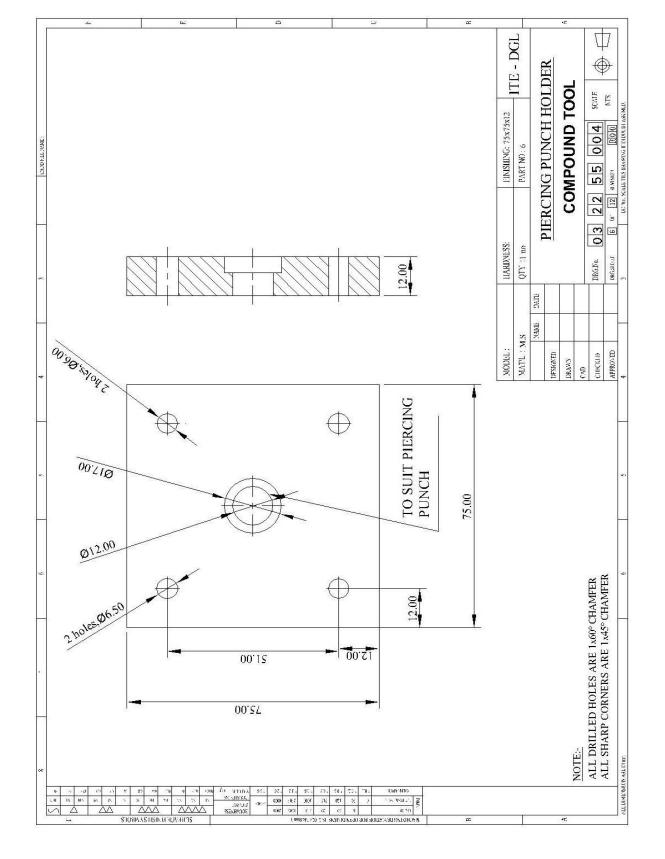




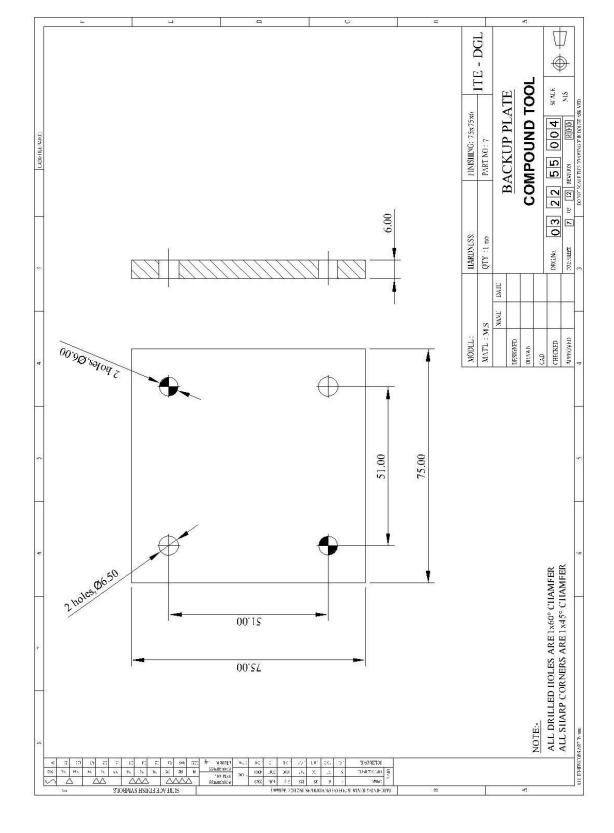
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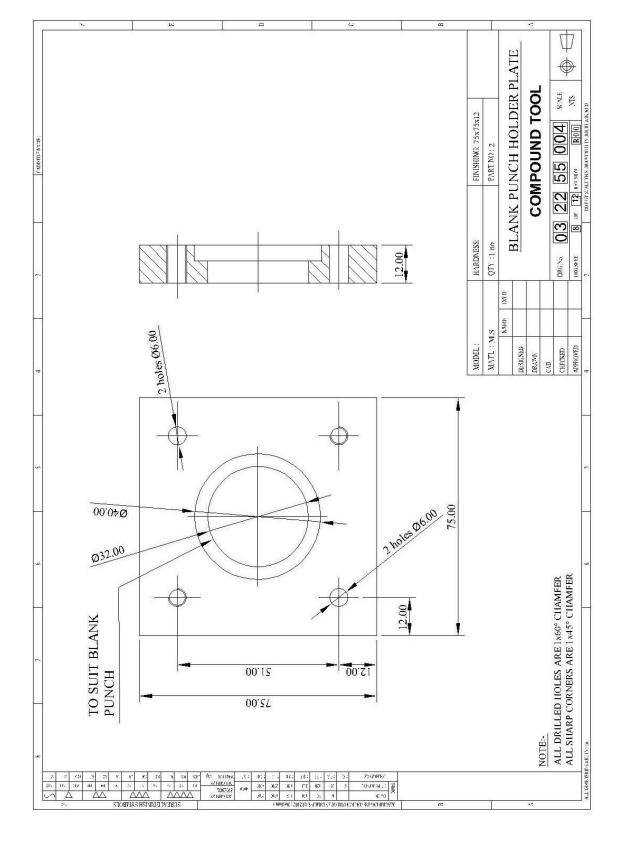




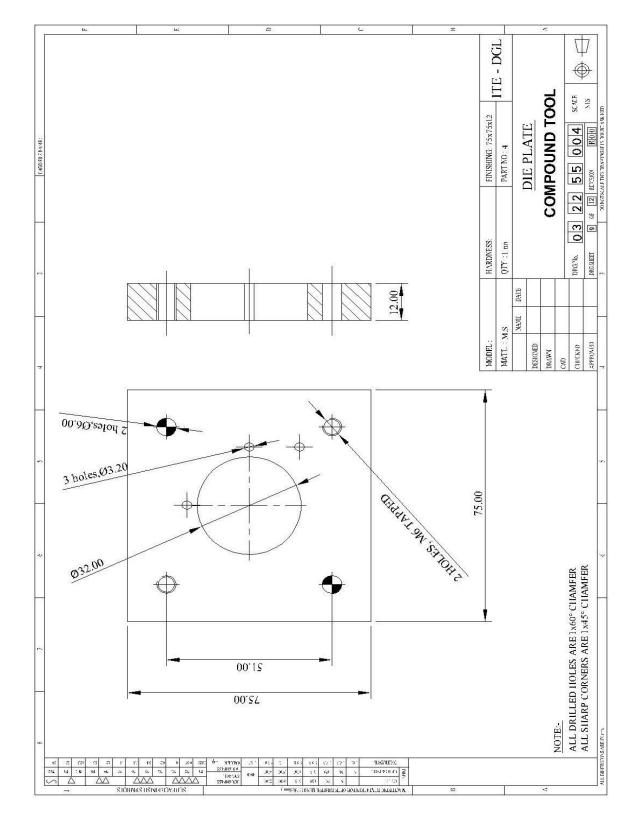




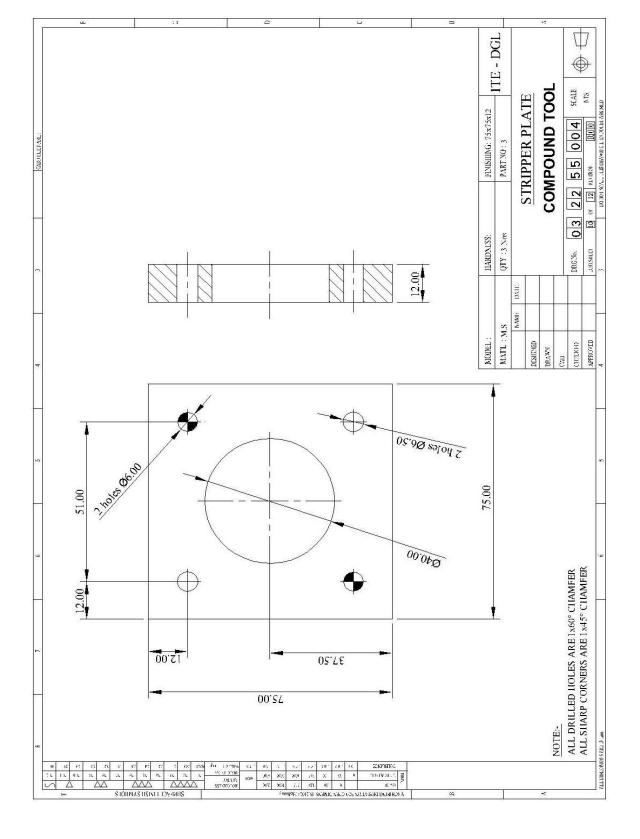




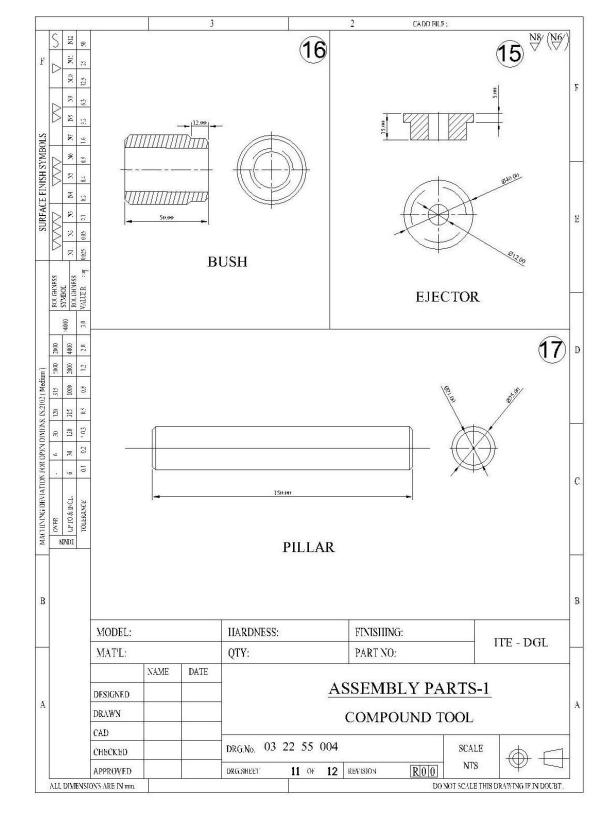




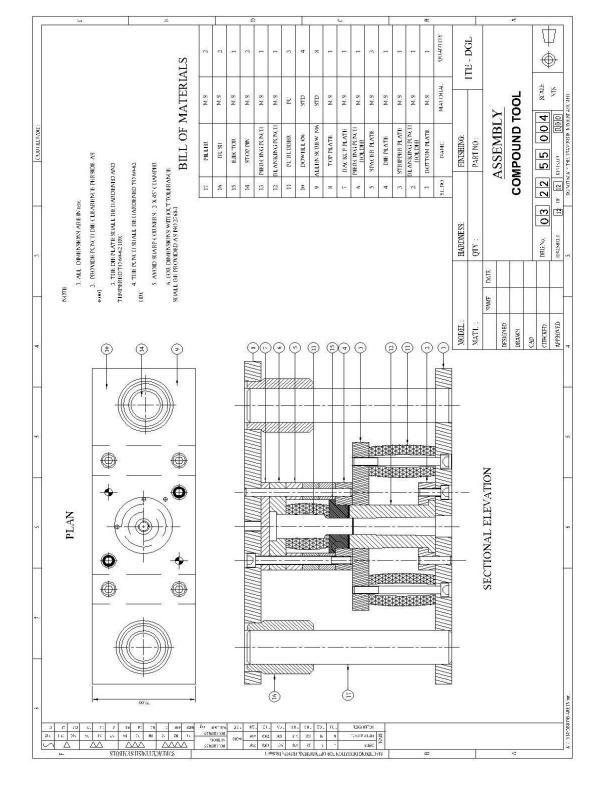






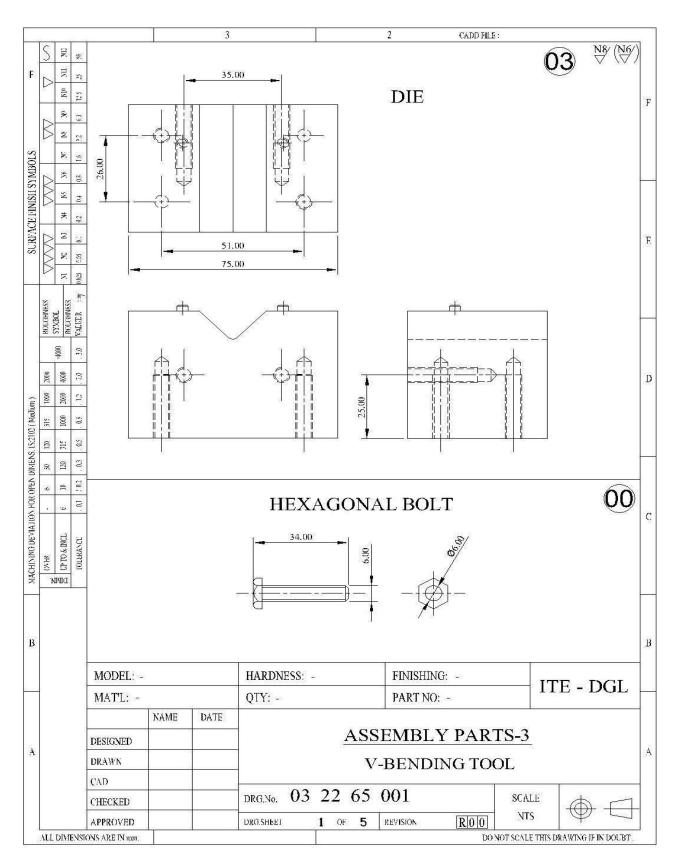




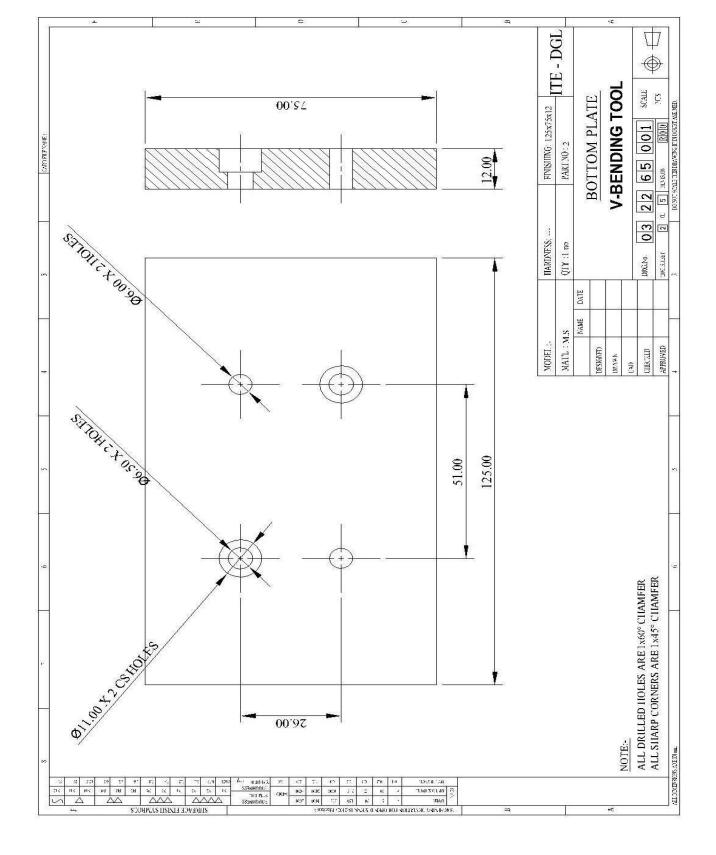




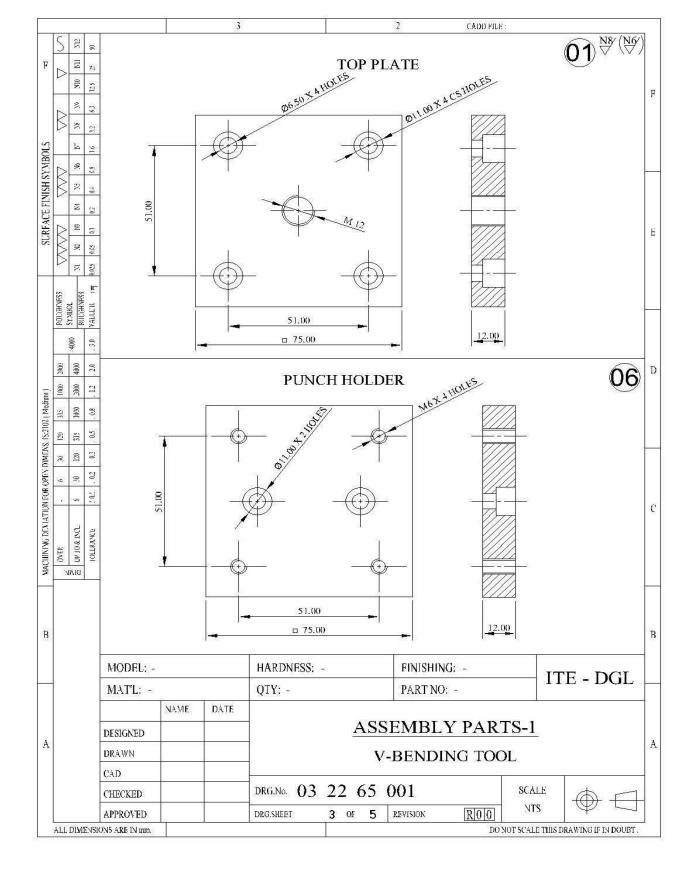
#### **Exercise No. IV - V Bending Tool**



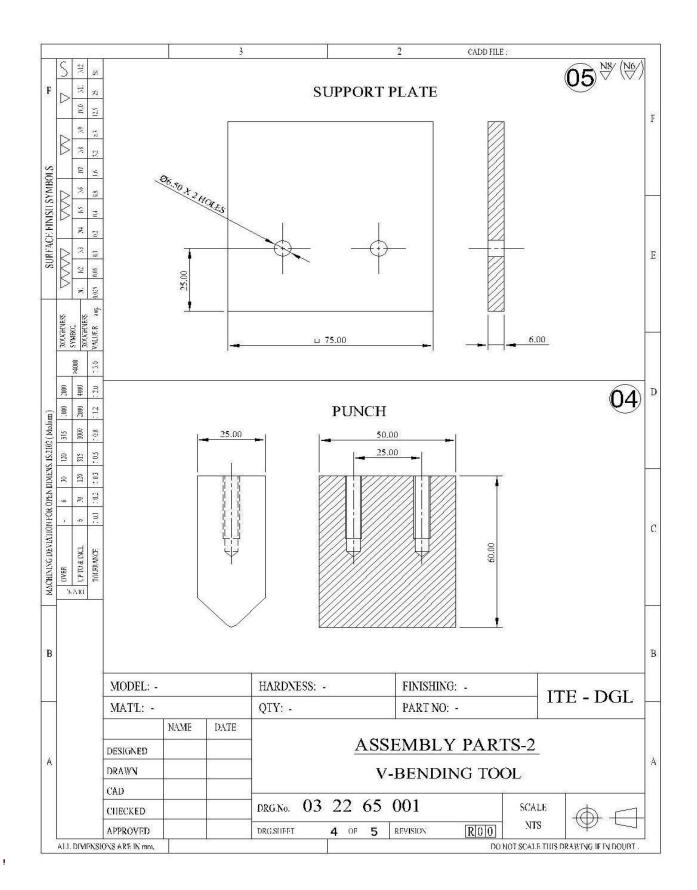




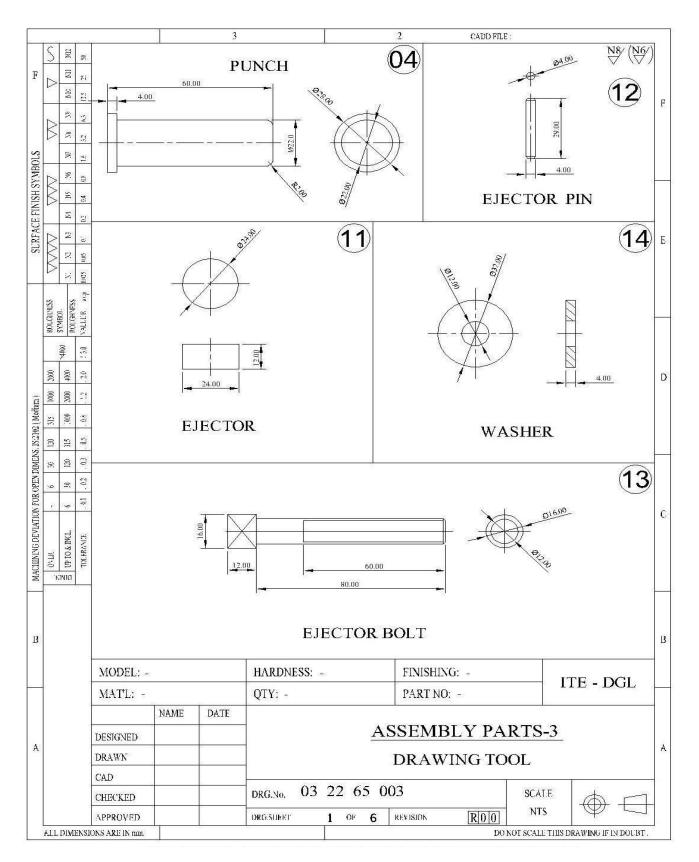




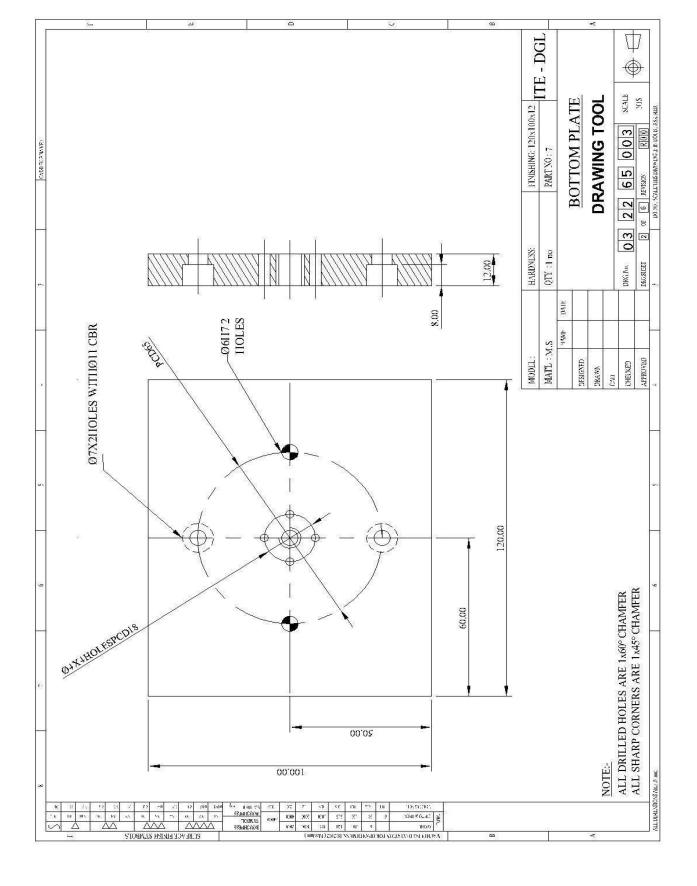




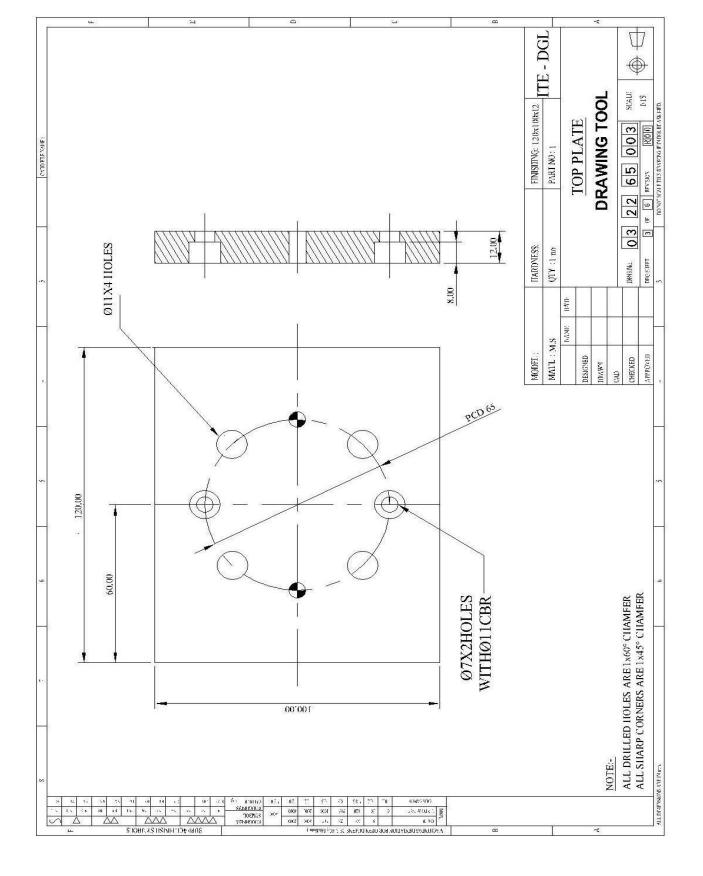




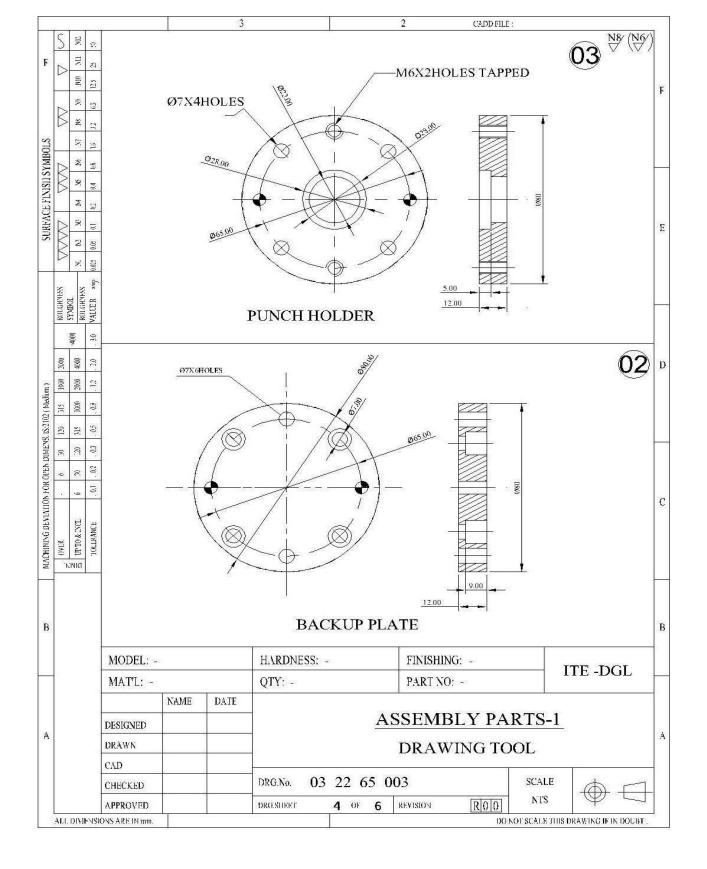




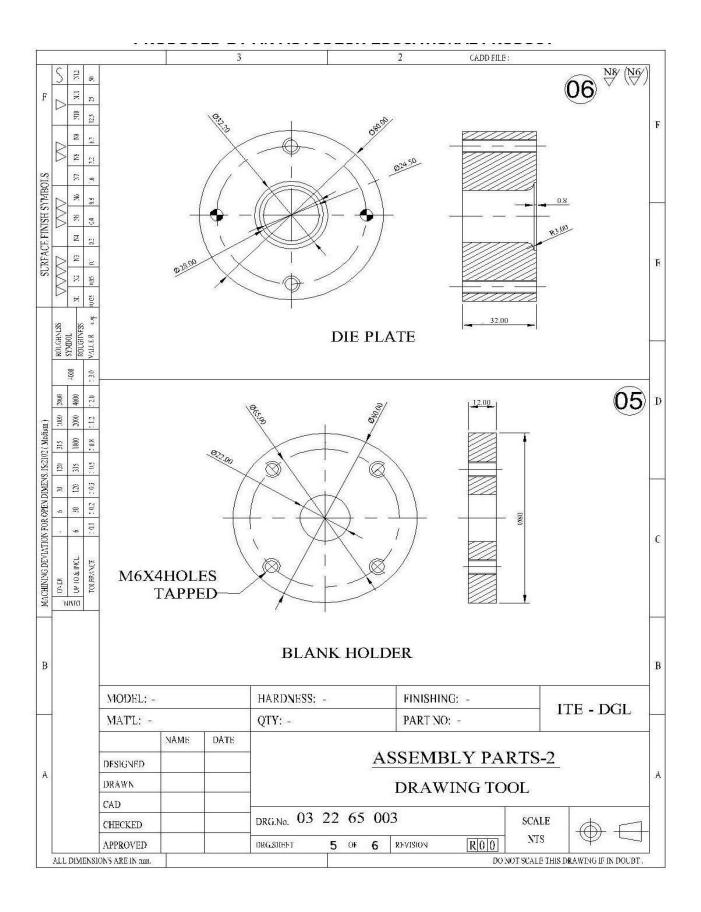




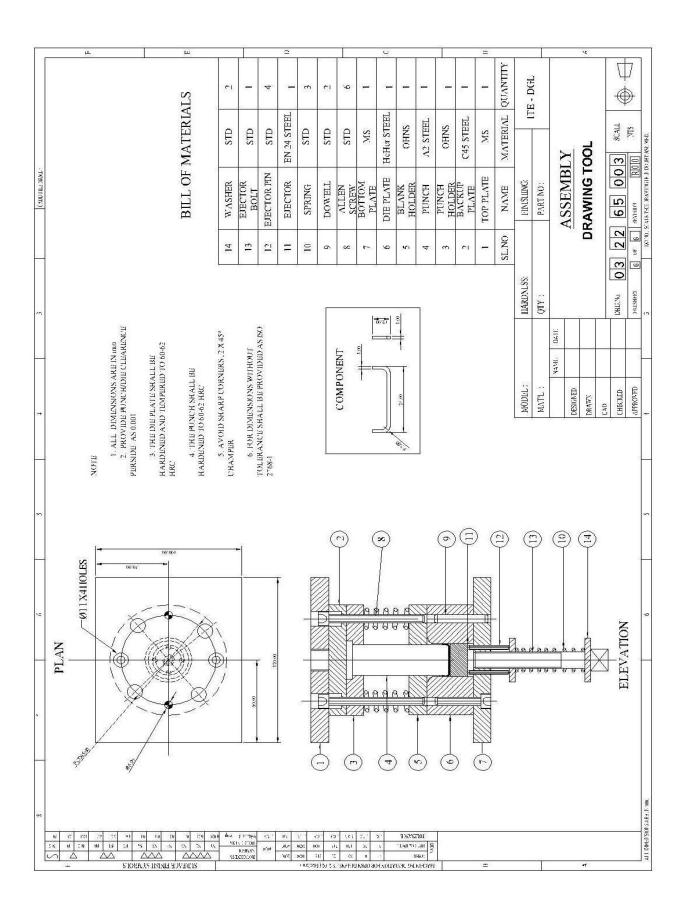














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## Equipment / Facilities required to conduct the Practical Course. (Batch Strength: 30 Students)

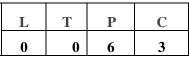
S.NO	LIST OF THE EQUIPMENT'S WITH SPECIFICATIONS REMARKS IF ANY	QUANTITY REQUIRED
1	Centre Lathe, 4 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> ' bed length	5
2	Drilling machine	2
3	Shaping machine, stroke length 300mm	2
4	Vertical milling machine	2
5	Surface grinding machine	2
6	Bench vice	10
7	Fitting file set	10
8	Tap set	4
9	Surface plate	2
10	Vernier height gauge 0-250mm	2
11	Dial test indicator with magnetic stand	2
12	Angle plate	2
13	Mechanical power press (15tons- 100 tons)	1
14	Tool maker's straight edge – 150 mm	1
15	Digital Micrometer – 025mm range, 0.001mm least count	3

#### Guidelines to Design Practical Exercise / Experiment \*

- The experiment / exercise should be prepared in such a way that it should be completed within the prescribed duration.
- Uniform weightage should be given for each experiment / exercise, if it has the subdivision.
- Check the availability of equipment required / Possibility to complete the exercise / experiment by the student with safety.



#### 1220234520



#### Suggested List of Students Activity:

• Identify simple press tool components and understand the manufacturing processes

#### **Text and Reference Books:**

- 1. V. Balachandran, Design of Jigs, Fixtures and Press Tools, 1<sup>st</sup>edition, Ane Books Pvt. Ltd, 2015
- 2. Elanchezhian c. Et.al, design of jigs, fixtures and press tools,2<sup>nd</sup> edition, eswar press,2007
- **3.** Ernest Perry, Press Tool Making a Practical Manual, 1<sup>st</sup>edition, Read Books, 2008

#### Web-based/Online Resources:

- 1. https://youtu.be/uOYIoX3srbw?si=gOpYGFd8odLfi34u
- 2. https://youtu.be/dX\_vyQb3w1M?si=jCpEh18bsk3iUF6T

#### **END SEMESTER EXAMINATION – Practical Exam**

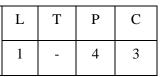
#### Note:

- For Board Examination Exercise should be given to students individually and not in batches
- The examination duration is 16 hours
- All the exercises should be completed. All the exercise should be given for examinations, students can select any one exercise by lot of the question paper supplied by the DOTE shall be used.
- Record of work done should be prepared, the same should be submitted for the End Semester Examinations along with the bonafide certificate.

Part	Description	Marks	
Α	Manufacturing of Tools	50	
В	Tool Finish	20	
С	Component Finish / Accuracy	10	
D	Tool Setting & Trail Production	10	
E	Viva Voce	10	
	TOTAL MARKS		

### DETAILED ALLOCATION OF MARKS.





# Introduction

PRACTICUM

To impart practical knowledge to the diploma students, practical subjects are introduced for every corresponding theory subject. This practical supports the aim and objective of Industrial automation.

#### **Objectives:**

- To Familiarize Understand & Explain various linear actuators.
- To understand & explain various rotary actuators.
- To Understand & Explain various directional control valves.
- To Understand & Explain various pressure control valves.
- To Understand & Explain Various Hydraulic components.
- To Understand & Explain Various Directional Control valves.
- To Understand & Explain Various Pneumatic system.
- Interpolate the hydraulic and pneumatic systems
- Understand Basic concepts of PLC.
- Understand the various module of PLC parts
- Develop ladder diagram for the various process of automation
- Applications of PLC

#### **Course Outcomes**

- **CO1**: Understand the basic Linear Actuators, Rotary actuators, Directional Control Valves, Pressure Control Valve and Flow Control Valve
- CO2: Develop simple assembly single Acting cylinder, Double Acting cylinder and Hydraulic Motor by using Hydraulic System
- **CO3**: Develop simple assembly single Acting cylinder, Double Acting cylinder and shuttle valve / quick exhaust valve by using Pneumatics system
- CO4: Develop simple ladder programs for a standard PLC
- CO5: Develop ladder programs for various applications and interface I/O devices with the PLC modules.



PRACTICUM

#### **Pre-requisites**

- 1. Single Acting cylinder, Double Acting cylinder and Hydraulic Motor by using Hydraulic System
- 2. Single Acting cylinder, Double Acting cylinder and shuttle valve / quick exhaust valve by using Pneumatics system
- 3. Ladder programs for various applications with the PLC modules.

### CO/PO Mapping

CO / PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
C01	3		2	3	2		1
CO2	3		1	3	2		1
CO3	3		1	3	2		1
CO4	3		1	3	2		1
CO5	3		1	3	2		1

Legend: 3-High Correlation, 2-Medium Correlation, 1-Low Correlation

#### **Instructional Strategy**

- A theory demonstrate practice activity strategy may be used throughout the course to ensure that learning is outcome based and employability based
- Encourage students through illustrated problems and hand on activity to use visual methods and simulations to solve real problem



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# PRACTICUM

## Assessment Methodology

	Continuous Assessment (40 marks)				End Semester	
	CA1	CA2	CA3	CA4	Examination (60 marks)	
Mode	PracticalTest	PracticalTest	Written Test Theory	PracticalTest	Practical Examination	
Portion	Cycle I Experiments/ 50% Experiments	Cycle II Experiments/ Another 50% Experiments	All Units	All Experiments	All Experiments	
Duration	2 Periods	2 Periods	3 Hours	3 Hours	3 hours	
Exam Marks	60	60	100	100	100	
Converted to Marks	10	10	15	15	60	
Marks		10	15	15	60	
Internal Marks			40	•	00	
Tentative Schedule	7th Week	14th Week	15th Week	16th Week		

Note:**CA1 and CA2:** All the exercises/experiments should be completed as per the portions above and kept for the practical test. The students shall be permitted to select any one by lot for the test. The practical test should be conducted as per the scheme of evaluation as below. The marks awarded shall be converted to 10 Marks for each assessment test. Best of one will be considered for the internal assessment of 10 Marks.

Practical documents should be maintained for every experiment immediately after completion of the practice. The practical document should be submitted for the practical test. The same should be evaluated for 10 Marks for each exercise/experiment. The total marks awarded should be converted to 10 Marks for the practical test as per the schemeof evaluation as below.

#### The details of the documents to be prepared as per the instruction below.

Each experiment should be completed on the day of practice. The same shall be evaluated for 10 marks on the day or next day of practice before commencement of the next experiment.

This documentation can be carried out in a separate notebook or a printed manual or a file with documents. The



# DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI – 600 025 REGULATION 2023

Readings, Calculations and Graph / Result should be written by the student manually.

The detailed date of the practices and its evaluations should be maintained in the course logbook. The log book and the practical documents should be submitted for the verification by the Flying Squad and DOTE Official.

PART	DESCRIPTION	MARKS
Α	Procedure / Preparation	15
В	Circuit / Program	20
С	Execution / Connection	15
	TOTAL	
D	Practical Documents (As per the portions)	10
	Total Marks	

## SCHEME OF EVALUATION

• **CA 3:** Written Test for complete theory portions should be conducted for 100 Marks as per the question pattern below. The marks scored will be converted to 15 Marks for internal assessment.

**CA 4:** All the exercises/experiments should be completed and kept for the practical test. The students shall be permitted to select any one by lot for the test. The practical test should be conducted as per the scheme of evaluation below. The marks awarded should be converted to 15 Marks for the internal assessment



PRACTICUM

# Question pattern – Written Test Theory

Description		Marks		
Part – A	30 MCQ Questions.	30 X 1 Mark	30 Marks	
Part – B	7 Questions to be answered out of 10 Questions.	7 X 10 Marks	70 Marks	
FOTAL		100 Marks		

## SCHEME OF EVALUATION

#### Model Practical Examination and End Semester Examination - Practical Exam

PART	DESCRIPTION	MARKS
A	Procedure / Preparation	15
В	Circuit / Program	20
С	Execution / Connection	15
D	Result	10
Е	Viva voce	10
F	Written test	30
	Total	100

written test 30 MCQ shall be asked from the theory portions.



# DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI-600025 REGULATION 2023

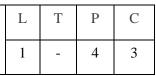
PRACTICUM

Unit I	Linear actuators, Rotary actuators and Control Valve (Direction, Pressure & flo	w)
Linear Actu Control Val	ators - Rotary actuators - Directional Control Valves - Pressure Control Valve -Flow ve	5
Acting cylin	2. Operations of Single and double Acting Cylinder controlled from two different	10
Unit II	Hydraulic System & its components	
	Components - Instrumentation and Measurement - Conduits and Fittings - Hydraulic poster and Intensifier Circuits	5
Motor. Experiment control. b Experiment using Press	<ul> <li>3. a. Direct operation of Double Acting cylinder. b. Direct operation of hydraulic</li> <li>4. a. Speed control of Double Acting cylinder - Using metering-in and metering-out</li> <li>5. Speed control Hydraulic Motor - Using metering-in and metering-out control.</li> <li>5. Automatic operation of two Double Acting cylinder in following sequencing</li> <li>ure sequence valve</li> <li>6. Operation of a Double Acting cylinder using solenoid operated Directional control</li> </ul>	10
Unit III	Pneumatics system	
	<ul> <li>Basic principles of pneumatics-difference between hydraulics and pneumatics-</li> <li>Electronic control of fluid power - solenoid valves-servo valves pump controls.</li> </ul>	5
circuit. Experiment	<ul><li>7. Speed control of Double Acting cylinder using metering in and metering out</li><li>8. Automatic operation of Double Acting cylinder in multi cycles -Using limit d memory valves.</li></ul>	10



# DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI-600025 REGULATION 2023

PRACTICUM



Unit IV	Basic concepts of PLC		
Introduction	to Programmable Logic controller - Block diagram of PLC – Processor – Memory –		
Input and out	put modules -PLC Scan - PLC scan - memory organization - Communication with	5	
PLC Module		-	
Experiment 9	a. Direct operation of a Pneumatic cylinder using solenoid valve and latch circuit.		
b. Direct ope	ration of a hydraulic cylinder using solenoid valve and latch circuit.		
Experiment 10. a. Operation of a pneumatic/hydraulic cylinder using AND logic control. b.			
Operation of a pneumatic/hydraulic cylinder using OR logic control.			
Experiment	11. a. On-delay timer control of pneumatic/hydraulic cylinder b. Off-delay timer		
control of pn	eumatic/hydraulic cylinder.		
Unit V	Programming and Applications of PLC		
Programming	g - Different programming languages - Ladder Programming Bit instruction – Logic		
functions (O	R, AND, NAND & EX -OR)- timer- counter -program control instruction - data	5	
handling			
Experiment	2. Automatic operation of Two Double Acting pneumatic cylinder in multi cycles		
Using proxin	nities in the following sequence		
i.) A+B+A-B	ii). A-B+A+B		
Experiment	3. Wire and test the sequential operation of solenoid valve and a motor for tank	10	
filling operat	ion using PLC.		
Experiment 1	4. Develop and execute the ladder logic to interface PLC with conveyor model for		
counting the object moving in the conveyer.			
TOTAL HOU	JRS	75	



L	Т	Р	С
1	-	4	3

#### Students Activity: simple PLC Programming

#### **Reference Books**

1. Industrial Hydraulics - Third Edition John J.Pippenger Tyler, G.Hicks. Mc.Graw-Hill Book Company.

2. Introduction to Fluid Power--James L. Johnson.-Delmar Thomson Learning Inc.

3. Hydraulics And Pneumatics - (HB) Adrewparr –Jaico Publishing House.

4. Pneumatic And Hydraulic Systems - Bolton W. Butterworth-Heinemann-1987

5. Frank D Petruzella, -Programmable logic controllers, McGraw-Hill, 2011

6. John R Hackworth and Fredrick D Hackworth Jr., — Programmable Logic Controllers: Programming Methods and Applications, Pearson Education

#### Web-based/Online Resources

- Software:- www.fossee.com a.
- b. Software:- www.logixpro.com Software:- www.plctutor.com
- C. d. Software;-www.ellipse.com
- PLC lecture:- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=pPiXEfBO2qo
- e. PLC lecture:- https://www.youtube.com/watch:v=pi1Achbo246
   f. PLC tutorial:-http://users.isr.ist.utl.pt/~jag/aulas/api13/docs/API\_I\_C3\_3\_ST.pdf

#### **Equipment / Facilities required to conduct the Practical Course.**

#### Note: The components should be supplied separately. Students should fix the board to execute he circuit.

1. Pneumatic Trainer Board – 1 Nos

(All Cylinders, Control Valves, Limit switches and other accessories should be kept separately and should not be fixed permanently in the board/ stand.)

2. Hydraulics Trainer Board – 1 No.

(All Cylinders, Control Valves, Limit switches and other accessories should be kept separately and should not be fixed permanently in the board / stand.)

3. PLC - 1 Nos.



#### 4. Computer with software -05 Nos. DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI–600025 **REGULATION 2023**

PRACTICUM

INDUSTRIAL AUTOMATION PRACTICAL

L	Т	Р	С
1	-	4	3

**SCHEME** 

#### END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS – PRACTICAL EXAM. OF EVALUATION

All the exercises should be completed before the Board Practical Examinations. End Semester Practical examination should be conducted for all the exercises / experiments for 100 Marks. Students will be permitted to select any one exercise by lot or question paper supplied by the DOTE Exam section shall be used. The practical document prepared by the student should be submitted with a Bonafide Certificate.

PART	DESCRIPTION	MARKS
Α	Procedure / Preparation	15
В	Circuit / Program	20
С	Execution / Connection	15
D	Result	10
E	Viva voce	10
F	Written test	30
	Total	100

**Note :** For the written test 30 MCQ shall be asked from the theory portions.



1020234440		L	Т	Р	С
	SENSORS AND ACTUATORS				
PRACTICUM		1	0	4	3

#### Introduction:

Sensors are needed to measure (sense) unknown signals and parameters of an engineering system and its environment. Essentially, sensors are needed to monitor and learn about the system. Sensor is a device that when exposed to a physical phenomenon (temperature, displacement, force, etc.) produces a proportional output signal (electrical, mechanical, magnetic, etc.). Actuators are needed to drive a plant. A diploma holder when employed in automated industrial process controls will be required to know the basics of Sensors and Actuators.

#### **Course Objectives:**

The objective of this course is to enable the student to

- Explain the types and working of various types of sensors.
- Practice with temperature sensor, proximity sensor, LVDT and Light Sensors.
- Describe the functions of Linear and Rotary Electrical actuators.
- Describe the functions of Electrical, Pneumatic and Hydraulic actuators.
- Practice with interfacing of Arduino compatible sensors and actuator with Arduino.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

- CO1: Describe the working of Resistive, Inductive, Temperature and Light Sensors.
- CO2: Interface and observe the behaviour of Proximity sensors with relay and buzzer.
- CO3: Construct the circuit and observe the behaviour of the solid state electronic actuator.
- CO4: Describe the working of Electrical, Pneumatic and Hydraulic actuators.
- CO5: Demonstrate the applications of Arduino compatible sensors and actuators.

#### **Pre-requisites:**

Applied Physics, Basic Electrical and Mechanical Engineering.



1020234440	SENSORS AND ACTUATORS	L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICUM		1	0	4	3

### **CO/PO Mapping**

11	0						
CO / PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
CO1	3	1	2	2			
CO2	3	1	2	2			
CO3	3	1	2	2			
CO4	3	1	2	2			
CO5	3	1	2	2			

Legend: 3-High Correlation, 2-Medium Correlation, 1-Low Correlation

#### **Instructional Strategy:**

- It is advised that teachers take steps to pique pupils' attention and boost their curiosity to learn.
- Implement task-based learning activities where students work on specific tasks or projects.
- Incorporate technology tools and resources, such as online platforms, interactive multimedia, and virtual communication tools, to enhance engagement and provide additional practice opportunities.
- Incorporate formative and summative assessments to gauge student progress and provide targeted feedback.
- Throughout the course, a theory-demonstrate-practice-activity strategy may be used to ensure that learning is outcome and employability based.
- All demonstrations/Hand-on practices may be followed in the real environment as far as possible.



1020234440	SENSORS AND ACTUATORS	L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICUM		1	0	4	3

**Assessment Methodology:** 

	C	Continuous Asses	sment (40 mark	s)	End Semester
	CA1	CA2	CA3	CA4	Examination (60 marks)
Mode	Practical Test	Practical Test	Written Test Theory	Practical Test	Practical Examination
Portion	Cycle I Experiments	Cycle II Experiments	All Units	All Experiments	All Experiments
Duration	2 Periods	2 Periods	3 Hours	3 Hours	3 hours
Exam Marks	60	60	100	100	100
Converted to Marks	10	10	15	15	60
Marks	10		15	15	60
Tentative Schedule	7th Week	14th Week	15th Week	16th Week	

**CA1 and CA2:** All the exercises/experiments should be completed as per the portions above and kept for the practical test. The students shall be permitted to select any one by lot for the test. The practical test should be conducted as per the scheme of evaluation as below. The marks awarded shall be converted to 10 Marks for each assessment test. Best of one will be considered for the internal assessment of 10 Marks.

Practical documents should be maintained for every experiment immediately after completion of the practice. The practical document should be submitted for the practical test. The same should be evaluated for 10 Marks for each exercise/experiment. The total marks awarded should be converted to 10 Marks for the practical test as per the scheme of evaluation as below.



1020234440	SENSORS AND ACTUATORS	L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICUM		1	0	4	3

### The details of the documents to be prepared as per the instruction below.

Each experiment should be completed on the day of practice. The same shall be evaluated for 10 marks on the day or next day of practice before commencement of the next experiment.

This documentation can be carried out in a separate notebook or a printed manual or a file with documents. The student should draw the Circuit Diagram and take readings, do calculations and prepare the Graph/Result manually in the documents.

The detailed date of the practices and its evaluations should be maintained in the course logbook. The log book and the practical documents should be submitted for the verification by the Flying Squad and DOTE Official.

PART	ART DESCRIPTION	
Α	Aim & Apparatus Required	5
В	Circuit Diagram	20
С	Connections and Execution	25
	TOTAL	
D	Practical Documents (As per the portions)	10
	Total Marks	60

### SCHEME OF EVALUATION

Cycle I: 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5.

Cycle II: 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10.

• CA 3: Written Test for complete theory portions should be conducted for 100 Marks as per the question pattern below. The marks scored will be converted to 15 Marks for internal assessment.



1020234440	SENSORS AND ACTUATORS	L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICUM		1	0	4	3

• CA 4: All the exercises/experiments should be completed and kept for the practical test. The students shall be permitted to select any one by lot for the test. The practical test should be conducted as per the scheme of evaluation below. After completion of all the exercises the practical test should be conducted as per End Semester Examination question pattern scheme of evaluation. The marks awarded should be converted to 15 Marks for the internal assessment.

**Question pattern – Written Test Theory** 

Description		Marks		
Part – A	30 MCQ Questions.	30 X 1 Mark	30 Marks	
Part – B	7 Questions to be answered out of 10 Questions.	7 X 10 Marks	70 Marks	
	100 Marks			

## SCHEME OF EVALUATION

### Model Practical Examination and End Semester Examination - Practical Exam

PART	DESCRIPTION	MARKS
Α	Aim & Apparatus Required	5
В	Circuit Diagram	20
С	Connections and Execution	25
D	Output / Result	10
Ε	Written Test (Theory Portions)	30
F	Viva Voce	10
	TOTAL	100

Note: For the written test 30 MCQ shall be asked from the theory portions.



Theory Portion UNIT I: SENSORS	Period
Resistance, Inductance and Capacitive Sensors: Definition – Classification	of 8
Sensors/Transducers - Elements of measurement system - Primary Sensing Element	nts
(Bellows, Bourdon Tube) - Potentiometer - Linear potentiometer - Rotary potentiomet	er
- Load Cell – Strain Gauge Load Cell - Linear Variable Differential Transform	er
(LVDT) - Rotary - Variable Differential Transformer (RVDT) - DC Tachogenerator	· _
AC Tachogenerator - Principles of Capacitive Sensors – Hall effect sensor.	
Temperature Sensors: Thermocouple – Resistance Temperature Detector – Thermistor	r -
Infrared (IR) thermometer.	
Proximity Sensors: Inductive Proximity Sensor - Capacitive Proximity Sensor	-
Photoelectric Proximity Sensor - Ultrasonic Proximity Sensor - Basic Reed Switch.	
Light Sensor: Photodiode – Phototransistor – Photoconductive Cell - Photovoltaic Cel	lls
- Bar Code Reader - Shaft Encoders - Encoder Types (Incremental Encoder, Absolu	ite
Encoder) - Optical Shaft Encoder - Photoelectric Tachometer.	
Arduino Compatible Sensor : Voltage Sensor - Current Sensor - LM35 Sensor	· _
Ultrasonic Sensor - Force Sensor - Moisture Sensor - Gas Sensor.	
Practical Exercises:	
Ex.No     Name of the Experiment	Period
1. TEMPERATURE MEASUREMENT	4
Activities to Perform:	
i) Construct a circuit to measure Temperature of Liquid using Thermistor	or
Thermocouple or RTD.	
ii) Also find the graphical relationship between input and output.	



1020234440	SENSORS AND ACTUATORS	L	Т	Р	С
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2.	BEHAVIOUR OF PROXIMITY SENSORS	4
2.	Activities to Perform:	-
	i) Observe the behaviour of Inductive proximity sensor and Capacitive	
	Proximity sensor for different material samples.	
	ii) Interface relay and buzzer with sensors to test the output.	
3.	LVDT	4
	Activities to Perform:	
	i) Construct a circuit for Measurement of Linear Displacement using	
	LVDT.	
	ii) Find the graphical relationship between input and output.	
4.	PERFORMANCE OF LIGHT SENSOR	4
	Activities to Perform:	
	i) Construct a circuit to obtain the VI characteristics and Response	
	Characteristics of Photoconductive Cell (LDR).	
	ii) Construct a circuit to measure the speed of the motor using Optical	
	Sensor.	
5.	PERFORMANCE OF ULTRASONIC AND MOISTURE SENSORS	4
	Activities to Perform:	
	i) Interface Ultrasonic sensor with Arduino and measure the distance of	
	the object.	
	ii) Interface Moisture sensor with Arduino and measure the moisture	
	content in the soil.	



1020234440	SENSORS AND ACTUATORS	L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICUM		1	0	4	3

UNIT II: A	ACTUATORS	
Electrical A	Actuators: General aspects - Switching Devices – Mechanical Switches (Push	7
button – SI	PST –SPDT – Limit Switch – Solenoid – Relays) – Solid State switches (Diode,	
Transistor a	and Thyristor) – DC Motors – AC Motors – Stepper Motors – Servo Motors.	
Pneumatic	Actuators: Introduction - Components of a Pneumatic Systems -Linear	
actuators -	Construction and working of Single acting and Double acting cylinders -	
Rotary Act	uators – Air Motors – Types of Air Motors - Piston type Motor, Vane Motor,	
Turbine Mo	otor - Applications of Air Motors.	
Hydraulic A	Actuators: Hydraulic Power Supply - Components of Hydraulic system - Linear	
actuators -	Construction and working of Single acting and Double acting cylinders -	
Application	as of Hydraulic Cylinders - Some example mechanism driven by an Hydraulic	
cylinders -	Rotary Actuators - Hydraulic Motors - Advantages and Applications of	
Hydraulic I	Motors.	
Ex.No	Name of the Experiment	Period
<b>Ex.No</b> 6.	Name of the Experiment OBSERVE THE BEHAVIOUR OF TRANSISTOR AS A SWITCH	Period 4
	OBSERVE THE BEHAVIOUR OF TRANSISTOR AS A SWITCH Activities to Perform:	
	OBSERVE THE BEHAVIOUR OF TRANSISTOR AS A SWITCH <u>Activities to Perform:</u> i) Construct a circuit to get ON/OFF control on DC Motor using Push	
	OBSERVE THE BEHAVIOUR OF TRANSISTOR AS A SWITCH Activities to Perform:	
	OBSERVE THE BEHAVIOUR OF TRANSISTOR AS A SWITCH <u>Activities to Perform:</u> i) Construct a circuit to get ON/OFF control on DC Motor using Push	
	OBSERVE THE BEHAVIOUR OF TRANSISTOR AS A SWITCH <u>Activities to Perform:</u> i) Construct a circuit to get ON/OFF control on DC Motor using Push Button, SPST, SPDT and Limit Switch.	
	OBSERVE THE BEHAVIOUR OF TRANSISTOR AS A SWITCH <u>Activities to Perform:</u> i) Construct a circuit to get ON/OFF control on DC Motor using Push Button, SPST, SPDT and Limit Switch. ii) Construct a circuit to get ON/OFF control on DC Motor using Transistor and Relay. FORWARD AND REVERSE CONTROL OF AC MOTOR	
6.	OBSERVE THE BEHAVIOUR OF TRANSISTOR AS A SWITCH <u>Activities to Perform:</u> i) Construct a circuit to get ON/OFF control on DC Motor using Push Button, SPST, SPDT and Limit Switch. ii) Construct a circuit to get ON/OFF control on DC Motor using Transistor and Relay. FORWARD AND REVERSE CONTROL OF AC MOTOR <u>Activities to Perform:</u>	4
6.	OBSERVE THE BEHAVIOUR OF TRANSISTOR AS A SWITCH         Activities to Perform:         i) Construct a circuit to get ON/OFF control on DC Motor using Push Button, SPST, SPDT and Limit Switch.         ii) Construct a circuit to get ON/OFF control on DC Motor using Transistor and Relay.         FORWARD AND REVERSE CONTROL OF AC MOTOR         Activities to Perform:         i) Connect Forward Reverse Control switch to change the direction of	4
6.	OBSERVE THE BEHAVIOUR OF TRANSISTOR AS A SWITCH         Activities to Perform:         i) Construct a circuit to get ON/OFF control on DC Motor using Push Button, SPST, SPDT and Limit Switch.         ii) Construct a circuit to get ON/OFF control on DC Motor using Transistor and Relay.         FORWARD AND REVERSE CONTROL OF AC MOTOR         Activities to Perform:         i) Connect Forward Reverse Control switch to change the direction of rotation of three phase induction motor.	4
6.	<ul> <li>OBSERVE THE BEHAVIOUR OF TRANSISTOR AS A SWITCH <ul> <li><u>Activities to Perform:</u></li> <li>i) Construct a circuit to get ON/OFF control on DC Motor using Push Button, SPST, SPDT and Limit Switch.</li> <li>ii) Construct a circuit to get ON/OFF control on DC Motor using Transistor and Relay.</li> </ul> </li> <li>FORWARD AND REVERSE CONTROL OF AC MOTOR <ul> <li><u>Activities to Perform:</u></li> <li>i) Connect Forward Reverse Control switch to change the direction of rotation of three phase induction motor.</li> <li>ii) Demonstrate the Forward and Reverse operation of Motor.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	4
6.	OBSERVE THE BEHAVIOUR OF TRANSISTOR AS A SWITCH         Activities to Perform:         i) Construct a circuit to get ON/OFF control on DC Motor using Push Button, SPST, SPDT and Limit Switch.         ii) Construct a circuit to get ON/OFF control on DC Motor using Transistor and Relay.         FORWARD AND REVERSE CONTROL OF AC MOTOR         Activities to Perform:         i) Connect Forward Reverse Control switch to change the direction of rotation of three phase induction motor.	4



8.	PNEUMATIC CIRCUIT FOR DOUBLE ACTING CYLINDER	4
	Activities to Perform:	
	i) Construct a Pneumatic Circuit to control double acting pneumatic	
	cylinder using 5/2 Solenoid Valve.	
	ii) Discuss the behaviour of cylinder as linear actuator.	
9.	OBSERVE THE BEHAVIOUR OF HYDRAULIC MOTOR	4
	Activities to Perform:	
	i) Construct a Hydraulic Circuit to control Hydraulic Motor.	
	ii) Observe the behaviour of Hydraulic Motor.	
10.	SERVO MOTOR CONTROL WITH AN ARDUINO	4
	Activities to Perform:	
	i) Construct an Arduino based circuit to sweeps the shaft of servo motor	
	back and forth across 180 degree.	
	ii) Interface potentiometer with Arduino and based on its position get the	
	control of servo motor shaft.	
	Revision + Test + Practice	20
	Total	75

### Suggested List of Students Activity:

- 1. Activity 1 : Each student writes and submits the assignment on the topic Basics of Electricity, Ohm's Law and Electromagnetism.
- Activity 2 : Four students can be grouped as a batch and practice an additional experiment to interface any one of the Arduino compatible sensors (LM35 Temperature sensor, Force Sensor, Gas Sensor, Voltage Sensor, Humidity Sensor, Rain Sensor, Acceleration sensor, magnetic sensor, Infrared sensor etc.,) with Arduino and observe the behaviour of sensors.

#### Text book for Reference:

- D. Patranabis, Sensors and Transducers, Multicolour Edition, Second Edition, PHI Learning Private Limited., 2013.
- 2. Er. R.K. Rajput, A Textbook of Mechatronics, Fourth Edition, S. Chand & amp; Co., 2016.
- 3. Jacob Fraden, Handbook of Modern Sensors: Physics, Designs and Application, Fourth edition, Springer, 2010.
- 4. Massood Tabib and Azar, Microactuators Electrical, Magnetic, thermal, optical, mechanical, chemical and smart structures, First edition, Kluwer academic publishers, Springer, 1997.

#### Web-based/Online Resources:

- https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/108/108/108108147/
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=H9OEAn3Uc2w
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Ab9U7NQB1kA



1020234440	SENSORS AND ACTUATORS	L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICUM	SENSORS AND ACTUATORS	1	0	4	3

## **Equipment / Facilities required to conduct the Practical Course.**

S.No	Name of the Equipment's	Quantity Required
1.	Temperature Measurement using Thermocouple / Thermistor / RTD Kit	1 No
2.	Inductive and Capacitive Proximity Sensors, Relay, Buzzer, Suitable Power Supply Unit	Each 1 No
3.	LVDT Trainer Kit	1 No
4.	LDR, MC Ammeter and Voltmeter, 0-30V DC Power Supply Unit, DC Motor with Optical Sensor set up	Each 1 No
5.	Arduino Shield, Arduino compatible Ultrasonic Sensor and Moisture sensor	Each 1 No
6.	Push Button, SPST, SPDT, Limit Switch, Low Voltage DC Motor, Transistor and Relay	Each 1 No
7.	3 Phase Induction Motor, Forward Reverse Control switch and Clamp Meter	Each 1 No
8.	Double acting Pneumatic cylinder, Directional Control Valve, Compressor	Each 1 No
9.	Hydraulic Motor, Control Valve, Hydraulic Power Bank	Each 1 No
10.	Arduino shield, Arduino compatible Servo Motor and Potentiometer	Each 1 No
11.	Other Consumables	As Required



### END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS – PRACTICAL EXAM

#### Note:

All the exercises should be completed before the Board Practical Examinations. End Semester Practical examination should be conducted for all the exercises / experiments for 100 Marks. Students will be permitted to select any one exercise by lot or question paper supplied by the DOTE Exam section shall be used. The record of work done by the student should be submitted with a Bonafide Certificate.

PART	DESCRIPTION	MARKS
А	Aim & Apparatus Required	5
В	Circuit Diagram	20
С	Connections / Execution	25
D	Output / Result	10
Ε	Written Test	30
F	Viva Voce	10
	TOTAL	100

#### SCHEME OF EVALUATION

Note: For the written test 30 MCQ shall be asked from the theory portions.



PRACTICUM

#### Introduction

The purpose of heat power engineering is to give conceptual and principles involving thermal science, especially focusing on internal combustion engine, Refrigerator, and compressors. Through experiments and simulations conducted in the lab, students can validate theoretical concepts, optimize system performance, testing of various oil properties for using as a fuel and lubricant in thermal systems and develop innovative solutions for real-world applications. This practical knowledge enhances their problem-solving skills and prepares them for the challenges they will face in their careers.

#### **Course Objectives**

The objective of this course is to enable the student,

- To understand the fundamental concepts involved in thermal systems.
- To analyze the various performance parameters of internal combustion (IC) engines.
- To analyze the performance of refrigeration cycle/ components.
- To analyze the performance of the compressor and its volumetric efficiency.
- To study the properties, complete combustion of fuels and its products.

#### **Course Outcomes**

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

- CO1: Interpret the performance indicators of air standard cycles.
- CO2: Analyze the performance characteristics of IC engines for various fuels
- CO3: Categorize the principles of refrigeration and air conditioning with applications
- CO4: Categorize the principles of air compressor applications
- CO5: Evaluate the combustion products of fuels by using the exhaust gas analyzer.



1020234540	HEAT POWER ENGINEERING	L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICUM		1	0	4	3

#### **Pre-requisites**

Basic knowledge of Science, Maths

#### **CO/PO** Mapping

CO / PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
CO1	3	2	1	2			
CO2	3	2	1	2			
CO3	3	2	1	2			
CO4	3	2	1	2			
CO5	3	2	1	2			

Legend: 3-High Correlation, 2-Medium Correlation, 1-Low Correlation

#### **Instructional Strategy:**

- It's recommended that teachers take action to grab students' interest and increase their confidence in their ability to learn.
- Teachers should use examples from everyday life, realistic scenarios, and real-world engineering and technological applications to help students understand and appreciate the many concepts and principles in each subject.
- The demonstration might spark interest in the subject and encourage a scientific perspective. Every topic should have planned student activities.
- To make sure that learning is outcome-and employability based, a theory demonstrate practice activity approach may be used throughout the course.



### 1020234540

PRACTICUM

## HEAT POWER ENGINEERING

L	Т	Р	С
1	0	4	3

**Assessment Methodology:** 

	(	Continuous Asses	sment (40 marks	5)	End Semester Examination
	CA1	CA2	CA3	CA4	(60 marks)
Mode	Practical Test	Practical Test	Written Test Theory	Practical Test	Practical Examination
Portion	Cycle I Exercises	Cycle II Exercises	All Units	All Exercises	All Exercises
Duration	2 Periods	2 Periods	3 Hours	3 Hours	3 hours
Exam Marks	60	60	100	100	100
Converted to Marks	10	10	15	15	60
Marks	1	0	15	15	60
Tentative Schedule	7th Week	14th Week	15th Week	16th Week	

Note:

• CA1 and CA2: All the exercises/experiments should be completed as per the portions above and kept for the practical test. The students shall be permitted to select any one by lot for the test. The practical test should be conducted as per the scheme of evaluation as below. The marks awarded shall be converted to 10 Marks for each assessment test. Best of one will be considered for the internal assessment of 10 Marks.

Practical documents should be maintained for every exercise / experiment immediately after completion of the practice. The practical document should be submitted for the practical test. The same should be evaluated for 10 Marks for each exercise/experiment. The total marks awarded should be converted to 10 Marks for the practical test as per the scheme of evaluation as below.



1020234540		L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICUM	HEAT POWER ENGINEERING	1	0	4	3

#### The details of the documents to be prepared as per the instruction below.

Each experiment should be completed on the day of practice. The same shall be evaluated for 10 marks on the day or next day of practice before commencement of the next exercise.

This documentation can be carried out in a separate notebook or a printed manual or a file with documents. The observations, readings, calculations and sketches should be written by the student manually.

The detailed date of the practices and its evaluations should be maintained in the course logbook. The log book and the practical documents should be submitted for the verification by the Flying Squad and DOTE Official.

PART	PART DESCRIPTION	
Α	Aim and procedure	10
В	Tabular Column / Formulae	10
С	Observation / Calculation / Diagram	30
D	Practical Documents (As per the portions)	10
	TOTAL	60

#### SCHEME OF EVALUATION

Cycle 1: Exercise 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5.

Cycle 2: Exercise 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10.

- CA 3: Written Test for complete theory portions should be conducted for 100 Marks as per the question pattern below. The marks scored will be converted to 15 Marks for internal assessment.
- CA 4: All the exercises/experiments should be completed and kept for the practical test. The students shall be permitted to select any one by lot for the test. The practical test should be conducted as per the scheme of evaluation below. After completion of all the exercises the practical test should be conducted as per End Semester Examination question pattern scheme of evaluation. The marks awarded should be converted to 15 Marks for the internal assessment.



PRACTICUM

L	Т	Р	С
1	0	4	3

### **Question pattern – Written Test Theory**

	Description		rks
Part – A	30 MCQ from the complete theory portions.	30 X 1 Mark	30 Marks
Part – B	Seven Questions to be answered out of 10	7 X 10 Marks	70 Marks
	Questions.		
	TOTAL		

#### SCHEME OF EVALUATION

#### Model Practical Examination and End Semester Examination - Practical Exam

PART	DESCRIPTION	MARKS
А	Aim and procedure	10
В	Tabular Column / Formulae	10
С	Observation / Calculation / Diagram	30
D	Result / Graph	10
E	Written Test (Theory Portions)	30
F	Viva Voce	10
	TOTAL	100

Note: For the written test 30 MCQ shall be asked from the theory portions.



L	Т	Р	С
1	0	4	3

## Syllabus contents

Unit I	THEORY :AIR CYCLES AND IC ENGINES	
Basic c	procept of thermodynamics, definition and units of pressure, temperature, volume,	9
	specific heat, energy, work, force, power, heat, enthalpy, and entropy. Laws of	
perfect	gases and its Equation. Thermodynamic processes such as constant volume,	
constan	t pressure, constant temperature, adiabatic, polytrophic. (simple problems)	
Air cyc	es - air standard efficiency - reversible and irreversible processes - Carnot cycle -	
Otto cy	cle - Diesel cycle. Illustration of above cycles on pressure, volume, temperature,	
and entr	opy scale- working and calculation of efficiency. (simple problems)	
Internal	combustion engines - classification - comparison of four stroke and two stroke	
engines		
Testing	of IC engines- indicated power - brake power - friction power - efficiencies of	
I.C. eng	ines – indicated thermal, brake thermal, mechanical, and relative efficiencies –	
Specific	fuel consumption.	
Ex.No	Practical Exercises: Name of the Experiment	Perio
		d
1	Determine the flash and fire point of the lubricating oil by using Open cup	5
	apparatus and Closed cup apparatus and compare the value for the given sample.	
2	Draw the valve timing diagram of single cylinder four stroke petrol engines.	5
3	Draw the valve timing diagram of single cylinder four stroke diesel engines.	5
4	Draw the port timing diagram of a single cylinder two stroke Petrol Engine.	5
5	Load test (Performance test) on Four Stroke Diesel Engine or Four Stroke Petrol	5
	Engine.	
6	Morse test on multi-cylinder petrol engine.	5
7	Heat balance test on Four Stroke Diesel or Petrol Engine.	5



102023454	40			Т	Р	С
PRACTICUM		HEAT POWER ENGINEERING	1	0	4	3
Unit II	AII	R COMPRESSOR , REFRIGERATION AND FUEL	S			
Air Compr	Air Compressor and its functions, Single stage & Multi stage reciprocating air					6
compressor	compressor - Refrigeration: Introduction to refrigeration, refrigerant, refrigeration					
effects. COP, TON of refrigeration. Vapor compression refrigeration (VCR) system.						
Classifications of fuels- requirements of a good fuel - stoichiometric air required for						
complete combustion of fuels -products of combustion - analysis of exhaust gases -						
calorific val	lue of	fuels – higher and lower calorific values.				
Ex.No	Pra	ctical Exercises: Name of the Experiment			Pe	eriod
8	Vol	umetric efficiency of Air Compressor.				5
9	9 Determination of COP of Refrigeration System.				5	
10	10 Find the Percentage of CO, CO <sub>2</sub> , O <sub>2</sub> , and amount of HC, NOx using				5	
Exhaust gas analyser.						
Test + Revision						10
		T	OTAL I	HOURS		75

### List of Students Activity to be performed:

- Dismantling and assembling a reciprocating and rotary compressor .
- Study the types of Refrigerants and their properties.
- Study the working principle of two stroke and four stroke engines.
- Study the Valve Timing / Port Timing of multi cylinder engine.

#### **Textbook for reference**

- 1. R. K. Rajput, Thermal Engineering, 11th Edition, Laxmi publications Pvt Ltd , 2020.
- 2. R.S. Khurmi, J. K. Gupta, A Textbook of Thermal Engineering, S. Chand Publishing, 2019.
- 3. R. K. Rajput, A Text Book of Automobile Engineering, Laxmi publications Pvt Ltd, New Delhi, 2012.
- 4. P. K. Nag, Basic And Applied Thermodynamics 2/E, McGraw-Hill Education (India) Pvt Limited, 2010



L	Т	Р	С
1	0	4	3

#### Website links for reference

- NPTEL (Website): https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/112/103/112103316/
- NPTEL (Website): <u>https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/112/103/112103262/</u>

## List of Equipment's

S.No.	Name of Equipment's	Quantity
1.	Open cup apparatus	1 No.
2.	Closed cup apparatus	1 No.
3.	Four stroke petrol engine cut section model for valve timing diagram.	1 No.
4.	Four stroke diesel engine cut section model for valve timing diagram.	1 No.
5.	Two stroke petrol cut section model for port timing diagram.	1 No.
6.	Four Stroke Petrol Engine or Diesel Engine Test rig.	1 No.
7.	Multi- Cylinder Petrol or Diesel Engine Test rig.	1 No.
8.	Air Compressor Test rig.	1 No.
9.	Refrigeration Test rig.	1 No.
10.	Exhaust Gas Analyzer.	1 No.
11.	Reciprocating and Rotary Air compressor for dismantling and assembling	1 No.



#### END SEMESTER EXAMINATION - PRACTICAL EXAM

Note: All the exercises should be given in the question paper and students are allowed to select by a lot or the question paper allotted from the DOTE shall be used.

Practical document should be submitted for the examination with a bonafide certificate.

DESCRIPTION	MARKS
Aim and procedure	10
Tabular Column / Formulae	10
Observation / Calculation / Diagram	30
Result / Graph	10
Written Test (Theory Portions)	30
Viva Voce	10
TOTAL	100
	Aim and procedureTabular Column / FormulaeObservation / Calculation / DiagramResult / GraphWritten Test (Theory Portions)Viva Voce

#### SCHEME OF EVALUATION

Note: For the written test 30 MCQ shall be asked from the theory portions.



1220235130	JIGS, FIXTURES AND GAUGES	L	Т	Р	C
Practicum		3	0	2	4

#### Introduction:

Study the Basics of Work Holding Devices, Clamping and Tool Guiding Elements. Principles of Jig Design, Principles of Fixture Design and Gauges.

#### **Course Objectives:**

- Identify the Difference between Jig & Fixtures
- Explain possible freedom of movement of job in a jig, fixtures
- Study locating of work piece in a jig, fixture
- To understand the construction of various types of Jigs , Fixtures and gauges
- Usage of different machine tools to produce various jigs ,Fixtures and Gauges

#### **Course Outcomes:**

CO1: State the requirement, advantages & Limitations of Jigs & Fixtures

CO2: Explain the concepts of degrees of freedom & locating & supporting principles

**CO3:** List the various clamping & Tool Guiding elements

CO4: Describe the constructions of various types of Jigs, Fixtures and gauges

CO5: produce a template jig, channel jig, Milling and welding fixture

#### **Pre-requisites:**

Mathematical skills, Mechanics.

### **CO/PO Mapping**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
CO1	3	3	3	3	2	3	2
CO2	3	3	2	3	3	2	2
CO3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2
CO4	3	2	2	2	1	3	3
CO5	3	2	2	2	1	2	3

Legend: 3-High Correlation, 2-Medium Correlation, 1-Low Correlation



#### **Instructional Strategy:**

- Engage and Motivate: Instructors should actively engage students to boost their learning confidence.
- Real-World Relevance: Incorporate relatable, real-life examples and engineering applications to help students understand and appreciate course concepts.
- Interactive Learning: Utilize demonstrations and plan interactive student activities for an engaging learning experience.
- Application-Based Learning: Employa theory-demonstrate-practice-activity strategy throughout the course to ensure outcome-driven learning and employability.
- Simulation and Real-World Practice: Conduct demonstrations and hands-on activities in a simulated environment, transitioning to real-world scenarios when possible.
- Encourage Critical Analysis: Foster an environment where students can honestly assess experiment outcomes and analyze potential sources of error in case of discrepancy



1220235130
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## JIGS, FIXTURES AND GAUGES

L	Т	Р	С
3	0	2	4

#### Practicum

#### **Assessment Methodology:**

	Co	ontinuous Assessn	nent (40 marks)		End
	CA1	CA2	CA3	CA4	Semester Examination (60 marks)
Mode	Written Test Theory (First Two Units)	Written Test Theory (Another Two Units)	Practical Test (All Exercises)	Written Test (Complete Theory Portions)	Written Examination (Complete Theory Portions)
Duration	2 Periods	2 Periods	8 Hours	3 Hours	3 Hours
Exam Marks	50	50	100	100	100
Converted to	10	10	15	15	60
Marks 10		0	15	15	60
Tentative Schedule	6th Week	12th Week	15th Week	16th Week	

Note:

• CA1 and CA2: Assessment written test should be conducted for 50 Marks. The marks scored will be converted to 10 Marks for each test. Best of one will be considered for the internal assessment of 10 Marks.

CA1 and CA2, Assessment written test should be conducted for two units as below.

Answer any Five questions. (5 X 10 Marks = 50 Marks).

Eight questions will be asked, students should write Five questions.

Each unit Four questions can be asked. Each question may have subdivisions. Maximum wo subdivisions shall be permitted.



### DIRECTORATE OFTECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI-600025

1220235130	JIGS, FIXTURES AND GAUGES	L	Т	Р	С
Practicum		3	0	2	4

• **CA 3:** All the exercises/experiments should be completed and kept for the practical test. The students shall be permitted to select any one experiment by lot for the test. The practical test

should be conducted as per the scheme of evaluation as below. The marks awarded for 100 marks will be converted to 15 Marks for the internal mark.

Practical documents should be maintained for every exercise / experiment immediately after completion of the practice. The practical document should be submitted for the practical test. Each exercise/experiment should be evaluated for 10 Marks. The total marks awarded should be converted to 30 Marks for the practical test as per the scheme of evaluation as below.

#### The details of the practical documents to be prepared as per the instruction below.

Each Exercise observation and calculations should be completed on the day of practice. The same shall be evaluated for 10 marks on the day or next day of practice beforecommencement of the next exercise.

This documentation can be carried out in a separate notebook or printed manual or file. The reading and calculations and graph should be written by the student manually. The evaluated practical document should be submitted for the Practical Test (CA3). The mark scored by the students should be converted to 30 marks. The same should be included as per the allocation in the practical test.

The detailed date of the practices and its evaluations should be maintained in the course logbook. The log book and the practical documents should be submitted for the verification by the Flying Squad and DOTE Official.

**CA4:** Model examination should be conducted for complete theory portions as per the end semester question pattern. The marks awarded should be converted to 15 marks for the internal assessment.



### DIRECTORATE OFTECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI-600025

1220235130
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Practicum

L	Т	Р	С
3	0	2	4

#### Sl.No. Description Marks Manufacture of Jig / Fixture 30 Α В **Tool Finish** 20 С Component finish / Accuracy 20 Tool Setting & Trail Production D 10 E Practical document (All Practicals) 10 F Viva Voce 10 Total 100

#### **SCHEME OF EVALUATION - Practical Test**

#### **Question Pattern:**

- Answer Ten questions by selecting two questions from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks each.
- Four questions will be asked from every unit, students should write any two questions. The question may have two subdivisions only.



1220235130	JIGS, FIXTURES AND GAUGES	L	Т	Р	С
Practicum		3	0	2	4

**Syllabus Contents:** 

Unit I BASICS OF WORKHOLDING DEVICES			
Work holding Concepts – Basic Work holders, work holder purpose and function, General			
Considerations	8		
Jigs and Fixtures – Introduction – Definition – Difference between Jigs and Fixtures –	0		
Advantages of Jigs and Fixtures.			
Locating and supporting principles - Location types, Degrees of freedom - 12 degrees of			
freedom. Location methods - 6 points location principle (or) 3-2-1 principle of location,			
concentric and Radial methods - Basic rules, position and number of locators, Redundant			
locators, Locational Tolerances, Fool proofing.			
Locator Types: External – Fixed locators, Integral locators, Commercial pin, Assembled			
locators, Pins, V Type, locating nests. Adjustable locators, Sight locators. Internal -			
Machined internal, Relieved, Diamond pins, Floating locating pin, conical locators, self-			
adjusting locators, spring locating pins. Spring stop buttons. Chip and burr problems			
Unit - II CLAMPING AND TOOL GUIDING ELEMENTS			
<b>CLAMPING</b> : Clamping principles – Tool forces, clamping forces, positioning clamps.			
Rigid Vs Elastic work holders. Types of Clamps – Strap clamp, screw clamp, cam action			
clamps, Toggle action clamps, wedge action clamps, latch clamps, rack and pinion clamps,			
specialty clamps. Chucks –Operations, Nomenclature. Lathe chucks – Solid Arbors and			
Mandrels. Split collet and bushing work holders, axial location, self-actuating wedge cam			
and wedge roller work holders. VISES – Special jaws, independent jaws.			
Non-Mechanical Clamping –Magnetic chucks, vacuum chucking, Electrostatic chuck.			
Power Clamping – Hydraulic and Pneumatic clamping. Multiple part clamping.			
TOOL GUIDING ELEMENTS:			
Drill jig bushings and liners – Selection, Bushing / liner installation, interference fit, chip			
clearance, accuracy and life. <b>Types of bushes</b> – Head less press fit bushes, Headed press fit	10		
bushes, Slip renewable and Slip fixed renewable bushings / liners, Headless press fit liners,			
Headed press fit liners, Oil groove bushings, Gun drill bushings, Special bushings.			
Bushings and liners for polymers, castable and soft material tooling. Template bushings,			
Rotary bushings. Drill bushing tips and accessories. Drill bush material and manufacture.			



## DIRECTORATE OFTECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI-600025

1220235130	JIGS, FIXTURES AND GAUGES	L	Т	Р	С
Practicum	JIGS, FIATURES AND GAUGES	3	0	2	4

Unit III	PRINCIPLES OF JIG DESIGN	
Introduc	tion – General considerations – Machine considerations – Process considerations.	
Basic req	uirements of Drill jigs.	8
TYPES (	<b>DF JIGS</b> – Template drill jigs, Plate jigs, Universal jigs, Leaf jig, Channel and	0
Tumble b	ox jigs, Indexing Jigs, Boring jigs, – Post jig – Pot jig. Miscellaneous drill jigs –	
Wooden o	drill jigs, Polymer Drill Jigs, modified vises, collet fixtures, self-centering vises.	
Jig desigr	Example – Plate Jig design example	
Practical:		10
Manufact	ure of following Jigs 1. Template drill jig 2. Channel drill jig	

UnitIV	PRINCIPLES OF FIXTURE DESIGN	
Theory:		
Introduc	tion: General Considerations, fixture cost, production capabilities, Production	9
process, p	part considerations.	7
Types of	fixtures - Milling fixture, Lathe fixture, Grinding fixture, Broaching fixture,	
Assemble	fixture, Inspection fixture, Boring fixture, Indexing fixture, welding fixture and	
sawing fiv	xture.	
Rosia Do	sign Characteristics that apply to – Milling fixture, Lathe fixture, Grinding	
fixture, B	oring fixture, Broaching fixture, welding fixture and sawing fixtures.	
Fixture 1	Design - Standard fixture mounting, Relationship between fixture and cutting	
tool, Too	l positioning, Relationship to locators, Cutter-setting devices, Step by step	
approach	to fixture design. Fixture design Example – Plain Milling fixture.Fixture design	
for numer	ically controlled machine Tools	
Practical:	Manufacture of following Fixtures	10
1 Milling	-	
2. Weldin	g Fixture	



Unit V	GAUGES	
Theory:		
Introducti	on – limit gauges – Taylor's principle of limit gauging – Application of limit	1(
gauges –	Gauging principles – Allocation of Gauge Tolerance – Bilateral system,	
Unilateral	system, Gauge wear allowance, Gauge materials, Gauging policy.	
Types of	Gauges – Commercial Gauges – Screw pitch gauges, plug gauges, Ring gauges,	
Snap gaug	ges, Flush pin gauges- IS specifications for gauges – Design of plug and Snap	
gauges		
TEST & I	MODEL EXAMINATIONS	10
	TOTALHOURS	75

## Text Books:-

1. Edward Griffiths, Gages, Jigs, And Fixtures: Gage Making, 1<sup>st</sup>edition, Literary Licensing,

#### LLC,2013

2. Sheojee Prasad, Jigs, Fixtures and Precision Measuring Instruments,3rdedition,ReeSaa Pty.

Ltd.,2019

3. Lucian L Haas, Jigs and Fixtures,2<sup>nd</sup>edition, Maxwell Press,2022 Web-based/Online Resources:

- 1. https://youtu.be/hyuqSdeA7P8?si=oFMakcwptkhGBRB6
- 2. <u>https://youtu.be/hyuqSdeA7P8?si=hpqNCCH2FyLMlzwi</u>
- 3. <u>https://youtu.be/IY34YVhpEPo?si=CceovH-8MbLmfiTz</u>



DIRECTORATE OFTECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI-600025

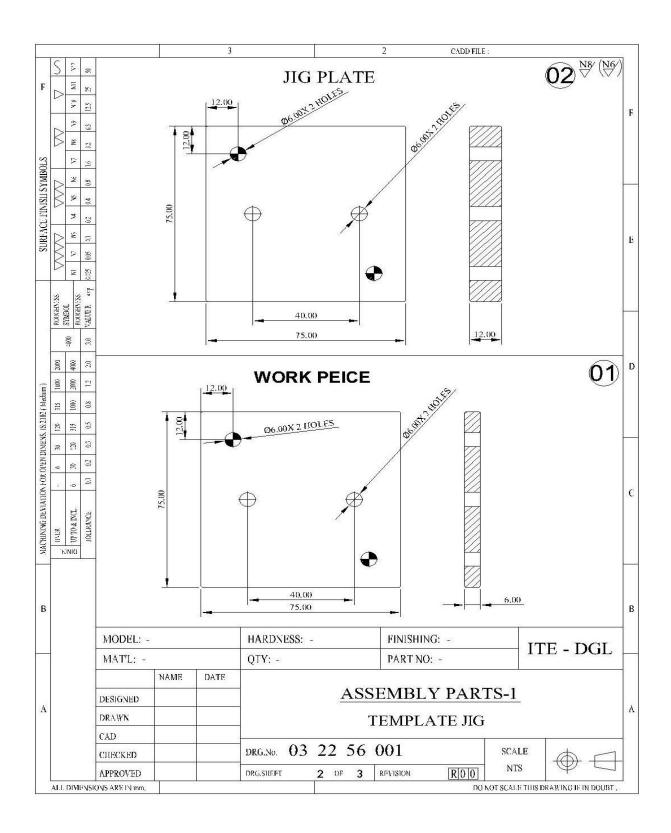
1220235130	JIGS, FIXTURES AND GAUGES	L	Т	Р	С
Practicum		3	0	2	4

Equipment/Facilities required for conducting the Practical Course.

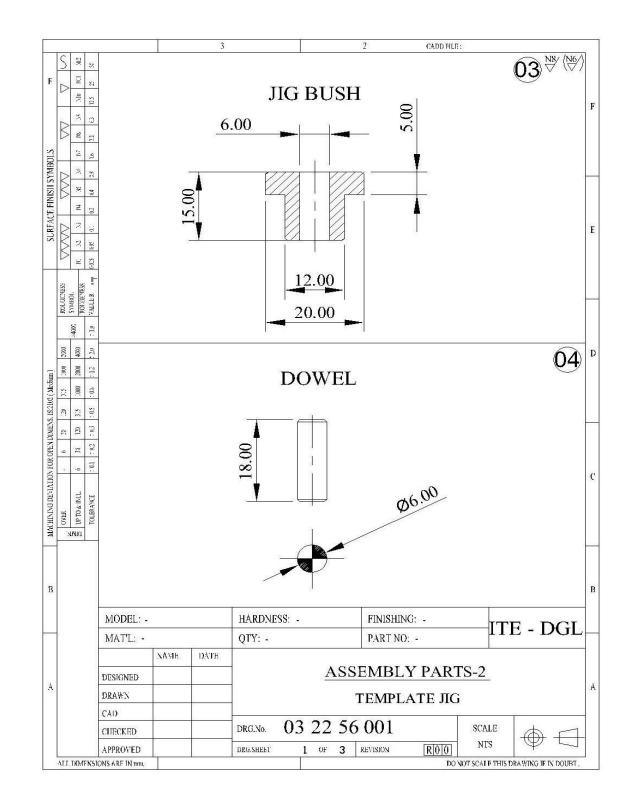
SI.NO	LIST OF THE EQUIPMENTS WITH SPECIFICATIONS REMARKS, IFANY	QUANTITY REQUIRED
1	Centre Lathe, 4 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> ' bed length	5
2	Drilling machine	2
3	Shaping machine, stroke length 300mm	2
4	Vertical milling machine	2
5	Surface grinding machine	2
6	Bench vice	10
7	Fitting file set	10
8	Tap set	4
9	Surface plate	2
10	Vernier height gauge 0-250mm	2
11	Dial test indicator with magnetic stand	2
12	Angle plate	2
13.	Tool maker's straight edge – 150 mm	1
14.	Digital Micrometer – 025mm range, 0.001mm least count	3



## DIRECTORATE OFTECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI-600025

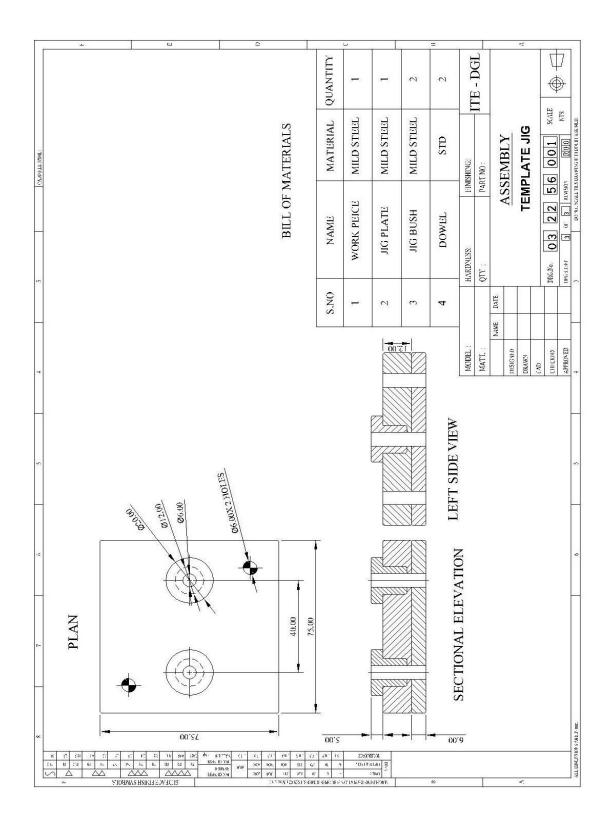




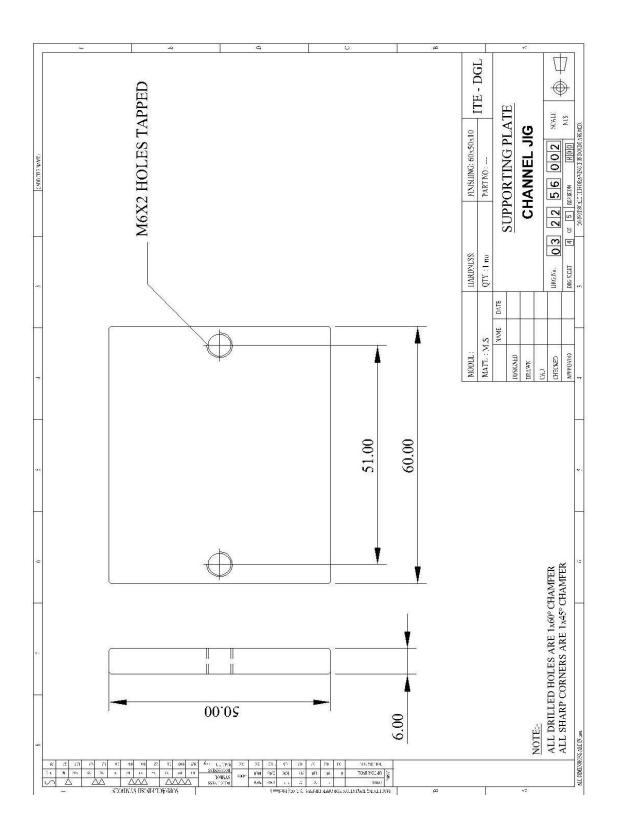


**Exercise – I Template Jig** 

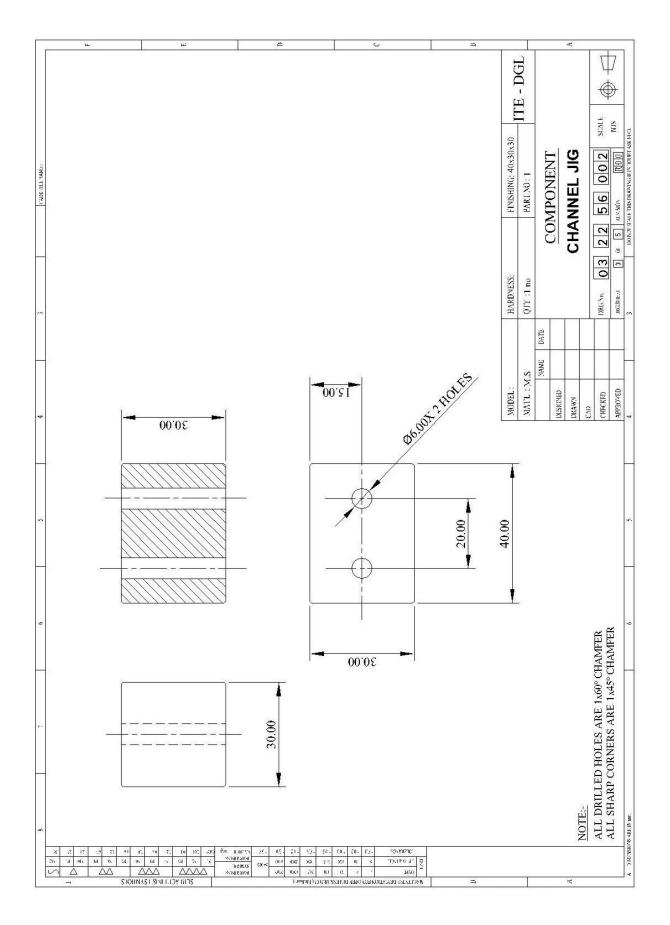




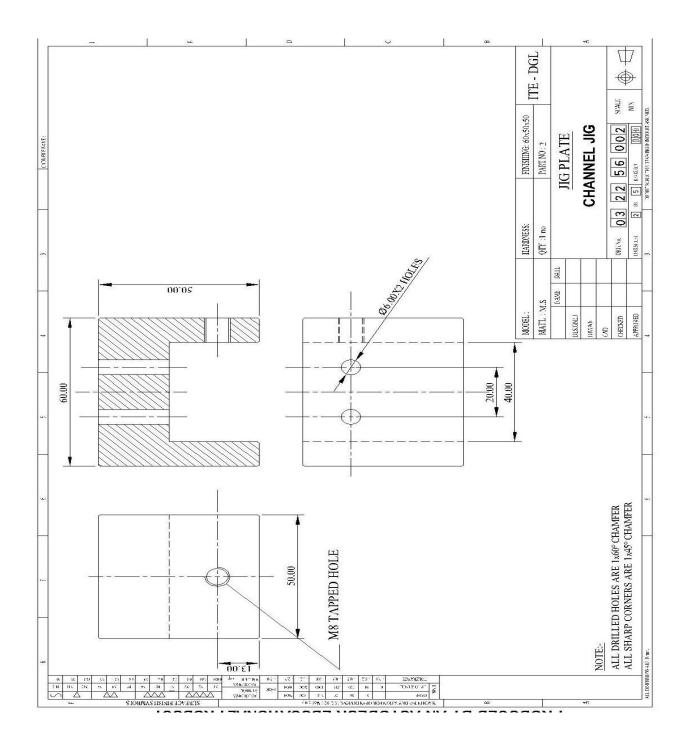




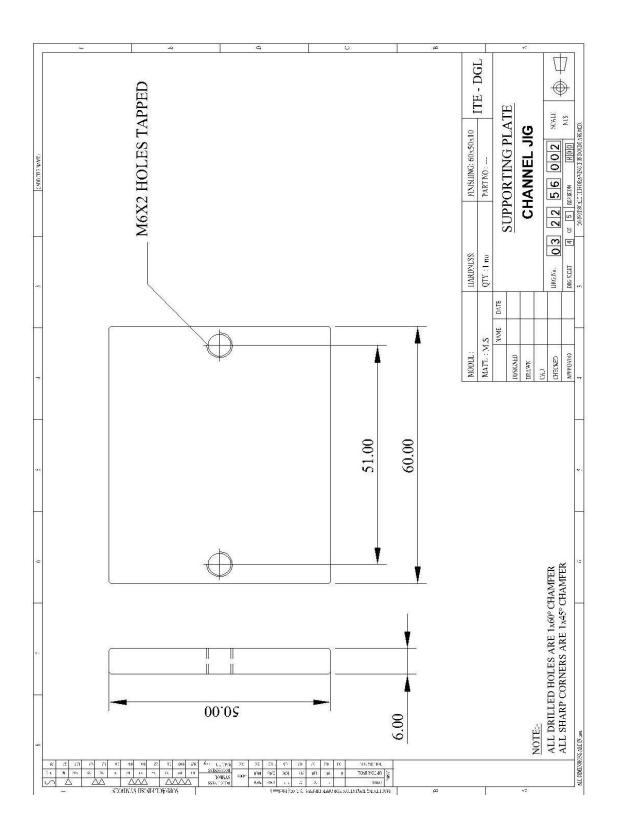




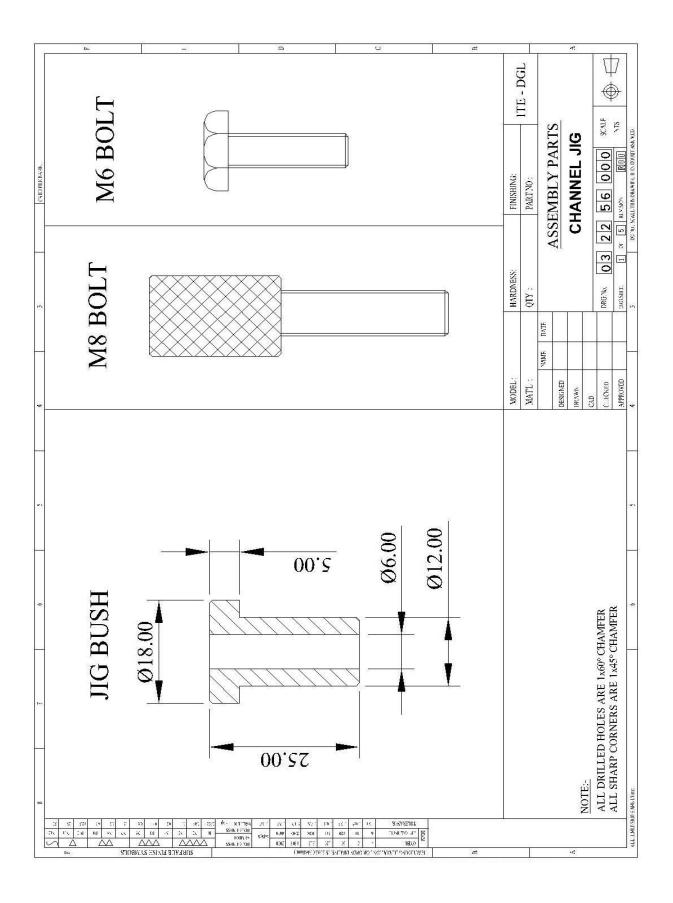




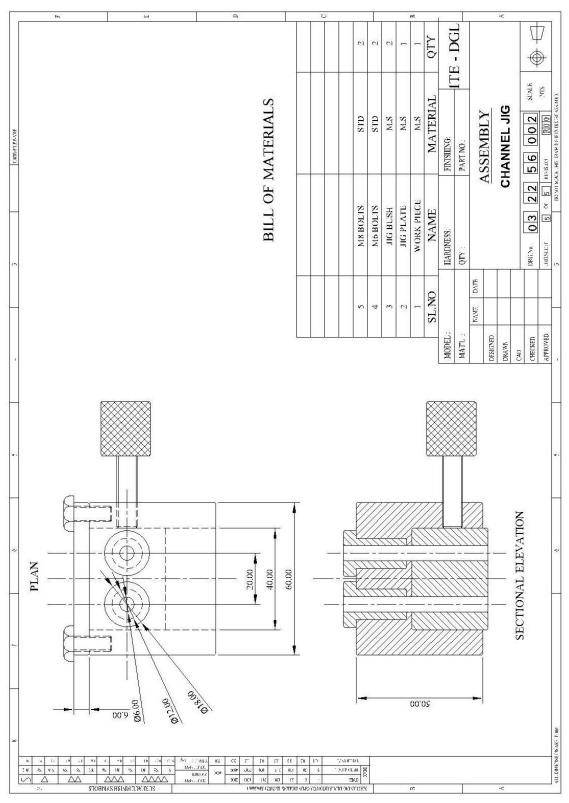




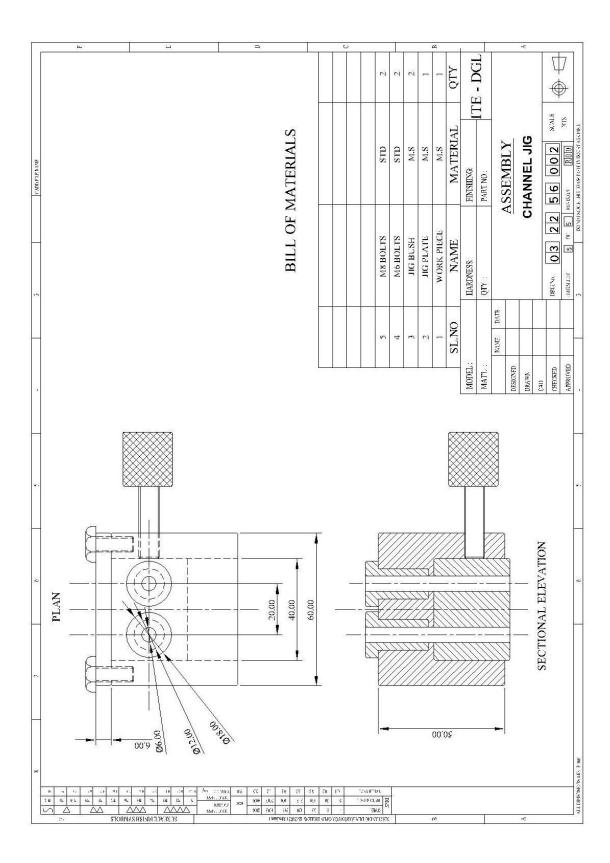




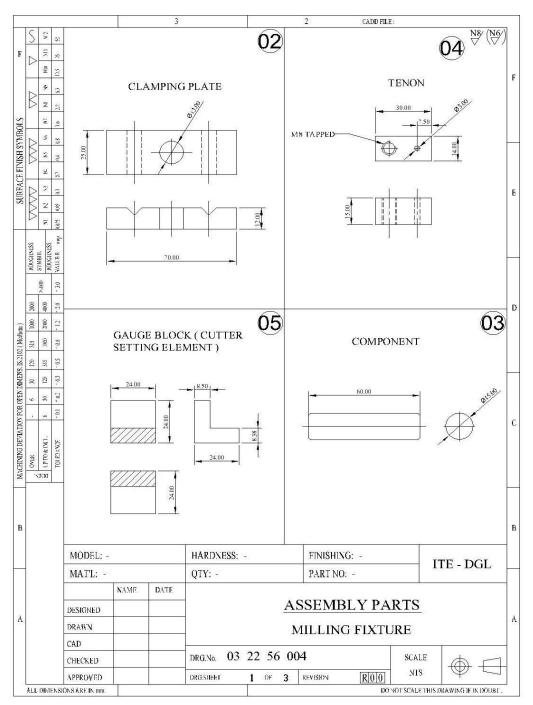






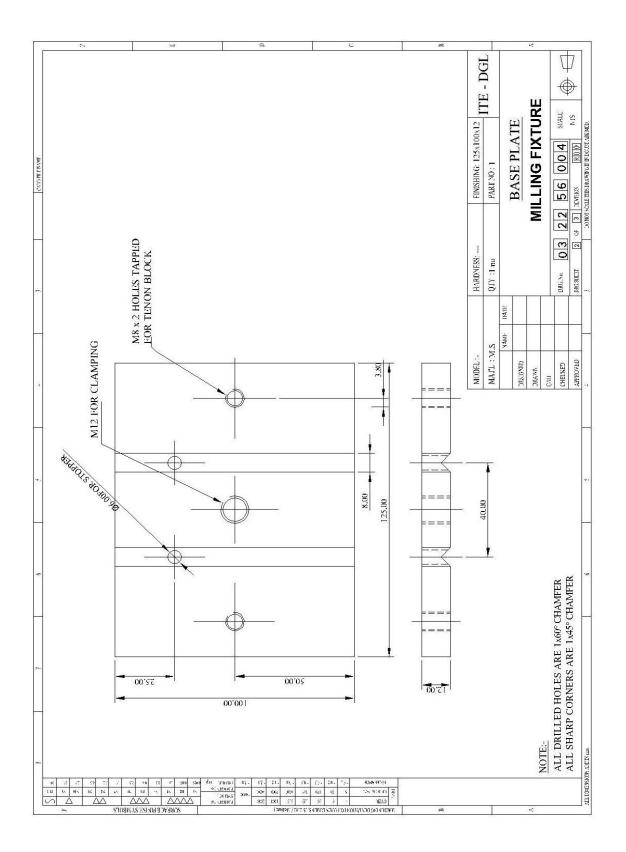




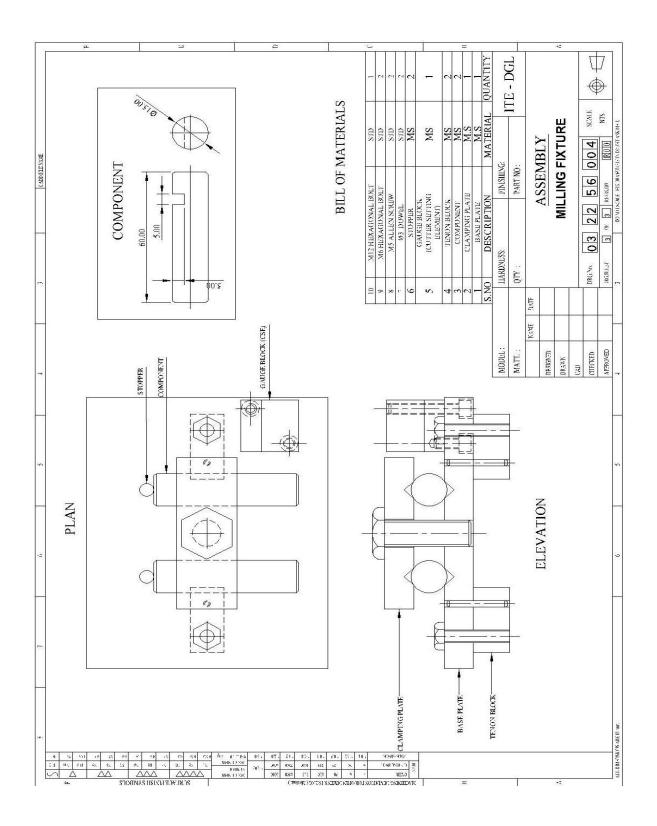


**Exercise – I Milling Fixture** 

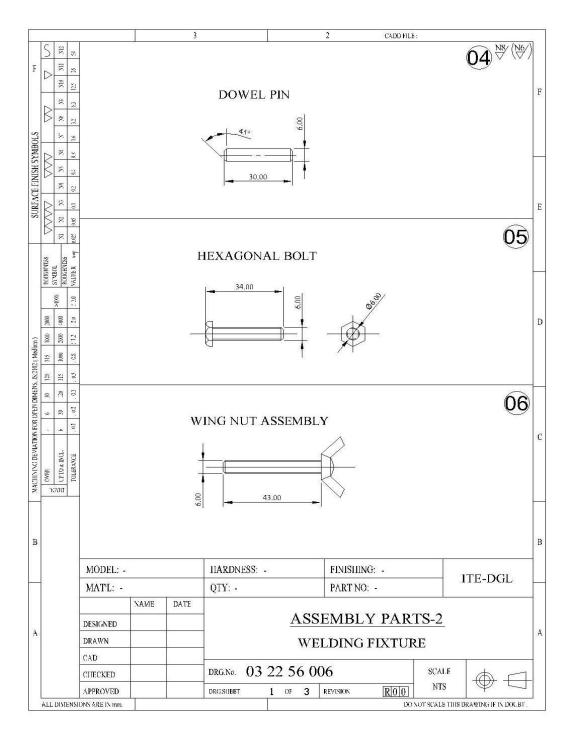








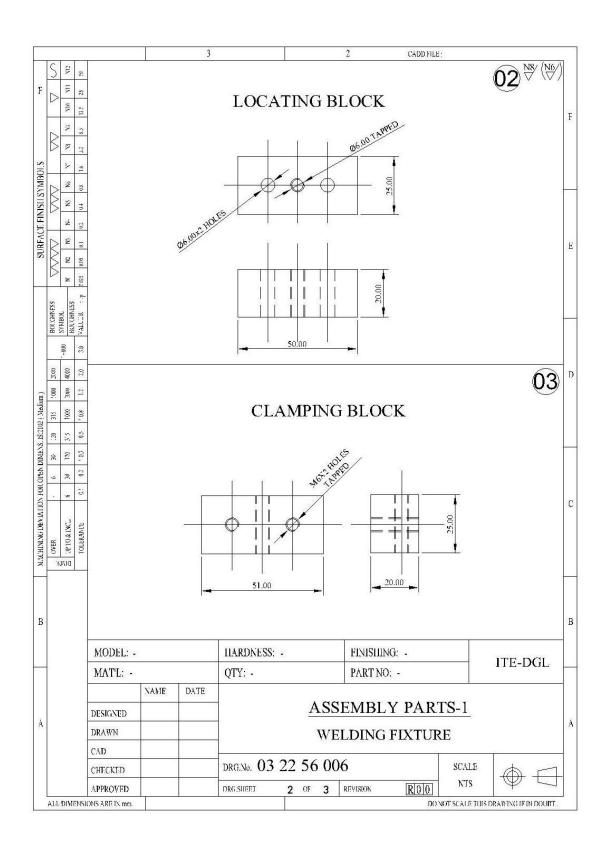




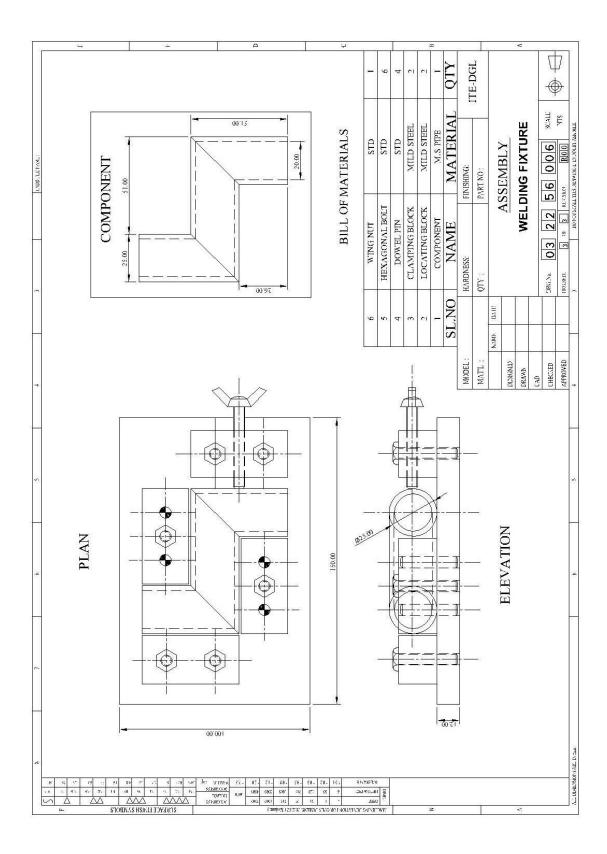
## **Exercise – II Welding Fixture**



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1220235130	JIGS, FIXTURES AND GAUGES	L	Т	Р	С
Practicum		3	0	2	4

#### **END SEMESTER QUESTION PATTERN - Theory Exam**

#### **Duration: 3 Hrs.**

#### Max. Marks: 100

**Note:** Answer Ten questions by selecting two questions from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks each.

#### **Instruction to the Question Setters**

Four questions will be asked from every unit, students should write any two questions for 10 marks. The question may have two subdivisions only.



# 1220235210

THEORY

#### Introduction:

To be a Mould engineer, it is necessary to understand the various recent technologies that are being used in the process of conversion of raw plastic materials into end products of plastic components. So, it is very essential to learn the basics of various moulding technologies and processes that are available and predominantly used in the industries.

#### **Course Objectives:**

- o Acquire knowledge about types of moulds and its processes
- o Acquire knowledge about various injection moulding processes
- o Appreciate the safety practices used in moulding.
- o Explain the injection moulding principles and its various operations
- o Explain the Semi-Automatic and Automatic injection moulds and its working principles
- o Explain the compression moulding machine principles and its various operations
- o Explain transfer moulding machines
- o Describe the various methods of decoration of plastic products

#### **Course Outcomes:**

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

- CO1: Gain knowledge in different plastics materials and various moulding processes
- CO2: Understand the various types of injection moulding machines and design of injection
- CO3: Gain knowledge in injection mould design and intermediate mould
- CO4: Understand the design concept of compression, transfer and blow mould
- CO5:Describe the decoration techniques, plating techniques used for plastic components



1220235210	PLASTIC MOULDING TECHNOLOGY	L	Т	Р	С
THEORY		3	0	0	3
<b>n</b> • • •					

#### **Pre-requisites:**

Knowledge Of basic science

- 1. Awareness of facts or being competent
- 2. Design, Development, Governance, and application

#### **CO/PO Mapping**

CO / PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	2	1
CO2	3	3	2	3	2	3	1
CO3	3	3	2	3	2	2	1
CO4	3	3	2	3	3	2	1
CO5	3	3	2	2	3	2	3

Legend: 3-High Correlation, 2-Medium Correlation, 1-Low Correlation

### **Instructional Strategy:**

- o Engage and Motivate: Teachers should actively engage students to boost their learning confidence
- o To help students learn and appreciate numerous concepts and principles in each area, teachers should provide examples from daily life, realistic situations, and real-world engineering and technological applications.
- The demonstration can make the subject exciting and foster in the students a scientific mindset. Student activities should be planned on all the topics.
- o Throughout the course, a theory-demonstrate-practice-activity strategy may be used to ensure that learning is outcome- and employability-based.
- o SimulationandReal-WorldPractice:Conductdemonstrationsandhandsonactivitiesinasimulated environment, transitioning to real-world scenarios when possible.



# DIRECTORATE OFTECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI-600025

#### THEORY

#### Assessment Methodology

	C	Continuous Assess	ment (40 marks)		End Semester Examination
	CA1	CA2	CA3	CA4	(60 marks)
Mode	Written test (Two units)	Written test (Another Two units)	Quiz MCQ (Online / Offline)	Model Examination	Written Examination
Duration	2 Periods	2 Periods	1 Hour	3 Hours	3 Hours
Exam Marks	50	50	60	100	100
Converted to	15	15	5	20	60
Marks	15		5	20	60
Tentative Schedule	6th Week	12th Week	13-14th Week	16th Week	

**CA1 and CA2:** Assessment written test should be conducted for 50 Marks for two units. The marks scored will be converted to 15 Marks. Best of one will be considered for the internal assessment of 15 Marks.

CA1and CA2, Assessment test should be conducted for two units as below. Answer

five questions (5 X 10 Marks = 50 Marks).

Eight questions will be asked, students should write Five questions. Each unit Four questions can be asked. Each question may have subdivisions. Maximum two subdivisions shall be permitted.

**CA3:** 60 MCQ can be asked by covering the entire portion. It may be conducted by Online / Offline. The answer scripts of every student (online / offline) for this assessment should be kept

for records and future verification. The marks scored should be converted to 5 marks for the internal assessment.

**CA4:** Model examination should be conducted as per the end semester question pattern. The marks should be converted to 20 marks for the internal assessment.



# DIRECTORATE OFTECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI-600025

### **Question Pattern:**

Answer Ten questions by selecting two questions from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks each. Four questions will be asked from every unit, students should write any two questions. The question may have two subdivisions only.

## **Syllabus Contents**

Unit I Plastic Materials and Processing techniques	
Plastics: Introduction – type of Plastics- Thermo Plastic Materials – ThermosettingMaterials–	
CommodityPlastics–Engineeringmaterials–Density-MeltingTemperature – Shrinkage – Bulk	
Factor – Moulding Properties – Applications – Additives-Master Batches–Pigments.	
Injection Moulding: Hot Runner Injection Moulding Process, Multi colour and multicomponent	
Injection Moulding Process, Reaction Injection Moulding Process.	
Blow Moulding: concept and working principle only	
<b>Compression &amp; Transfer Moulding</b> – Compression Moulding Procedure-Difference between 9	
Injection and Compression mouldingTransfer Moulding –Advantages and Disadvantages.	
Other processes: Rotational Moulding, Thermoforming, Extrusion-Pipe extrusion, Blown film, Cast film	
extrusion, Rod Extrusion–Co extrusion	
Unit II         Injection Moulding machine, injection mould and its functional systems	
Injection Moulding Machines: Basic parts and functioning of an injection moulding machine. Types of	
injection moulding machine (Screw type & Plunger Type) - Single stage and two stage - Clamping unit	
(Toggle & Hydraulic) - Types of nozzles - Typical injection. Moulding cycle, Cycle time - Machine	
specifications (Definition only). Injection Mould: - Terms used in connection with injection moulds,	
Classification of moulds, Functions of the injection moulds. Functional systems of injection mould –	
Sprue and runner system - Runner, Cross section shape, Runner size, Runner layout - Gates,	
Necessity, Centre gate, Edge gate, Balanced gating, Types of Gates. Core and Cavity- Shrinkage	
calculation - Core and cavity dimension. Parting surface: Flat Parting surface – Non flat parting surface 9	)
- Venting – Mould clamping - direct, indirect.	
Cooling System-Cooling Integer type cavity plates-Cooling integer type core plate-Cooling	
bolster-Coolingcavityinserts-Coolingcoreinserts-	
aterconnectionandseals.(Concept&Descriptionofdesignonly)	
Ejectionsystem:Ejectorgrid-Ejectorplatesassembly–Ejectorrod,EjectorPlateandejectorretainingplate-	



# DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICALEDUCATION, CHENNAI-600025

Methods of Ejection—Ejection from fixed half-Sp	orue puller.
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# Unit III

**Injection Mould Design & Intermediate Moulds** 

**Basic procedure for mould design:** Determination of mould size–Maximum number of cavities, Clamping force, Maximum clamping area, Required opening stroke. Computation of number of cavities, cavity layouts, number of parting lines, Design of runner and gate.

**3.2 Intermediate Moulds:** Moulding external undercuts-Split mould - Finger cam, dog leg cam& 9 track. Hydraulic & spring actuation of split - Side core and side cavity, Methods of actuation - Mould with internal undercut: Form pin, actuation, split core, jumping off - Mould for threaded component: Manual & automaticun screwing methods hand mould for rotating &lose core methods - Multi day light mould — Under feed mould — Tripleday light mould — Hot runner unit mould, Advantages and Limitations, Hot runner nozzles &sprue, runner less mould -Materials for Injection Mould — Standard Mould systems, Advantages and limitations(Concept & Description of design only).

## Unit IV Compression, Transfer and Blow moulding

**4.1 Compression & Transfer Moulding Machines**: - Type of compression Moulding Machine – Toggle type mechanical machine – Hydraulically operated Machine – Auxiliary Ram type machines (Vertical Transfer Machine) – Bottom Transfer Machine – Machine Parts – Machine Specifications- Pot and plunger Transfer machines

**4.2 Compression mould Design:** Economic determination of no. of cavities, flash thickness allowances, design of mould cavity, design of loading chamber, bulkfactor, loading chamber depth & heat requirement for heating the mould related to –curing time, breathing time. Materials for Compression mould.

**4.3 Blow moulding Machines** - Extrusion Blow Moulding Machine (EBM) – Stretch Blow Moulding Machine (SBM) – Injection Blow Moulding Machine (IBM) – Machine Parts–Machine Specifications.

4.4 BlowMouldDesign:Mouldlayout,pinchoff,venting,Headdiedesign,parison

diametercalculation, shrinkage calculation, design of mould clamping accessories



## DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICALEDUCATION, CHENNAI-600025

# **REGULATION 2023**

9

Unit V	PlasticProductDesign,DecorationofPlasticProductsandMaintenance&Repair of	
	Injection Moulds	
5.1PlasticPr	oductDesign: Wallthickness-Ribsandprofiledstructures—Gussets or support ribs-Bosses-	9
Holes-Radii	&Corners- Tolerances - Coring -Undercuts—Draft angle.	
5.2 Decorati	on of Plastic Parts: Painting and coating (Dipping, Spraying and Depositing)-	
Metalizing(V	acuummetallization, Vacuumevaporation, sputtering)	
– Plating (Ele	ectroless plating, Electrolytic plating) - Flame and arc spraying - hotfoil stamping $-$	
hot transfer -	– In mold decorating - Water transfer – Printing–Laser Marking, Vapor polishing,	
Decals- Unde	rstanding Recycling Codes.	
5.3Maintena	nceofInjectionMoulds: Advantages of Preventive maintenance, Maintenance of - cooling	
lines, mould s	urfaces, heating & control systems. Action taken after examination and cleaning. Repair	
and alteration	s of injection moulds	
	Total Hours	45
ļ		
	Test & Model Examinations	10

### Suggested List of Students Activity:

- Presentation / Seminars by students on any recent technological development based on the course
- Online MCQ have to be conducted for all the five units

#### **Text and Reference Books:**

- 1. EIRI Board, Introduction To The Injection Moulding Of Plastics, 2<sup>nd</sup>edition, Engineers India Research Institute, 2008
- 2. Jose Valero, Plastics Injection Molding, 4<sup>th</sup>edition, Hanser Publications, 2020
- Phoebe H Kauffer, Injection Molding: Process, Design, & Applications, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, Nova Science Publishers Inc, 2011

#### Web-based/Online Resources:

- 1. https://youtu.be/b1U9W4iNDiQ?si=Ch2MHkKCxE-Jtzfc
- 2. <u>https://youtu.be/dgadvQmCrSE?si=71Fq7zYMyDbjPARc</u>
- 3. <u>https://youtu.be/dgadvQmCrSE?si=PvH5XmgB1HuB-Afm</u>

#### ENDSEMESTERQUESTIONPATTERN-Theory Exam

Duration: 3 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

**Note:** Answer Ten questions by selecting two questions from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks each.



## DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICALEDUCATION, CHENNAI-600025

1220235330	TOOL DESIGN AND DRAWING	L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICUM		2	0	2	3

#### Introduction:

To be a mechanical engineer, it is necessary to understand the various recent technologies that are being used in the process of conversion of raw materials into end products. So, it is very essential to learn the basics of various recent technologies and processes that are available and predominantly used in the industries.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

CO1: State the different types of limits, fits, and tolerance

CO2: To be able to understand the design of Press tool-cutting type tools

CO3: To be able to understand the design of Non cutting dies (Bending and drawing dies)

CO4: To be able to understand the design of drill jig

CO5: To be able to understand the design of limit gauges (Plug, Snap& Ring gauge)

#### **Pre-requisites:**

Knowledge of basic Science

- 1. Press Tool Applications
- 2. Selection of Materials
- 3. Press Tool Efficiency.

### **CO/PO Mapping**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
CO1	3	3	3	2	3	2	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2
CO4	2	3	3	2	3	2	2
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	2	2

Legend: 3-High Correlation, 2-Medium Correlation, 1-Low Correlation



1220235330	TOOL DESIGN AND DRAWING	L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICUM		2	0	2	3

#### **Instructional Strategy:**

- 1. Engage and Motivate: Instructors should actively engage students to boost their learning confidence.
- 2. Real-World Relevance: Incorporate relatable, real-life examples and engineering applications to help students understand and appreciate course concepts.
- 3. Interactive Learning: Utilize demonstrations and plan interactive student activities for an engaging learning experience.
- 4. Application-Based Learning: Employ a theory-demonstrate-practice-activity strategy throughout the course to ensure outcome-driven learning and employability.
- 5. Simulation and Real-World Practice: Conduct demonstrations and hands-on activities in a simulated environment, transitioning to real-world scenarios when possible.
- 6. Encourage Critical Analysis: Foster an environment where students can honestly assess experiment outcomes and analyze potential sources of error in case of discrepancies

### Assessment Methodology: Assessment Methodology

	С	ontinuous Assessi	ment (40 marks)		End Semester
	CA1	CA2	CA3	CA4	Examination (60 marks)
Mode	Written test (Unit-I)	Written test (Unit- II)	Quiz MCQ (Online / Offline)	Model Examination	Written Examination
Duration	2 Periods	2 Periods	1 Hour	3 Hours	3 Hours
Exam Marks	50	50	30	100	100
Converted to	15	15	5	20	60
Marks	1	5	5	20	60
Tentative Schedule	6th Week	12th Week	13-14th Week	16th Week	



### DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICALEDUCATION, CHENNAI-600025

1220235330	TOOL DESIGN AND DRAWING	L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICUM		2	0	2	3

**CA1 and CA2:** Assessment written test should be conducted for 50 Marks for above mention units. The marks scored will be converted to 15 Marks. Best of one will be considered for the internal assessment of 15 Marks. CA1and CA2, Assessment test should be conducted for above mention units. Answer One

questions (1 X 50 Marks = 50 Marks).

**CA3:** 30 MCQ can be asked by covering the entire portion. It may be conducted by Online / Offline. The answer scripts of every student (online / offline) for this assessment should be kept

for records and future verification. The marks scored should be converted to 5 marks for the internal assessment. **CA4:** Model examination should be conducted as per the end semester question pattern. The marks should be converted to 20 marks for the internal assessment.

#### **Question Pattern:**

### Part A (Unit-I & Unit-II)– 60 Marks questions. (Either or type) (1 X 60 = 60 Marks)

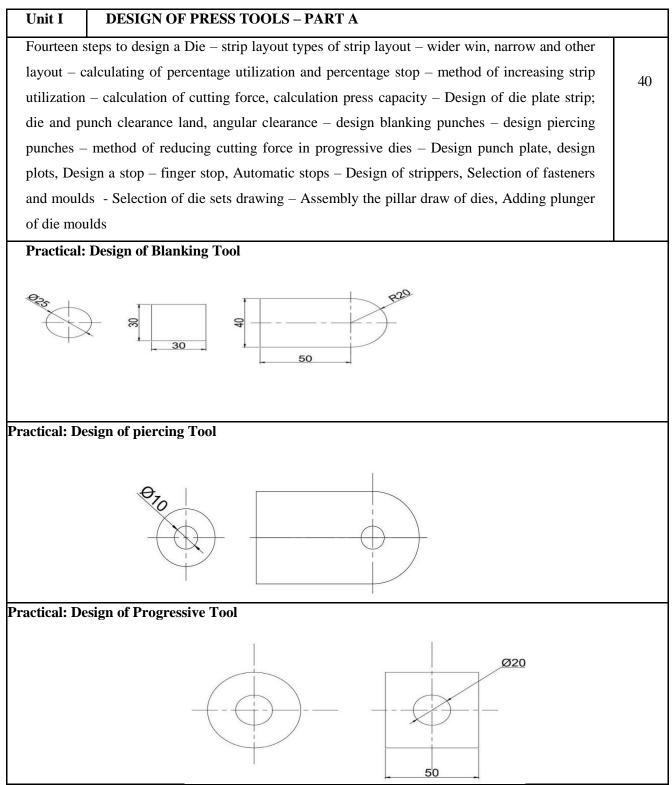
Two questions will be asked, One question from Unit-I & Another question from Unit-II students should write one questions.

#### Part B (Unit-III)– 40 Marks questions. (1 X 40 = 40 Marks)

Two questions will be asked from Unit-III, students should write one questions.

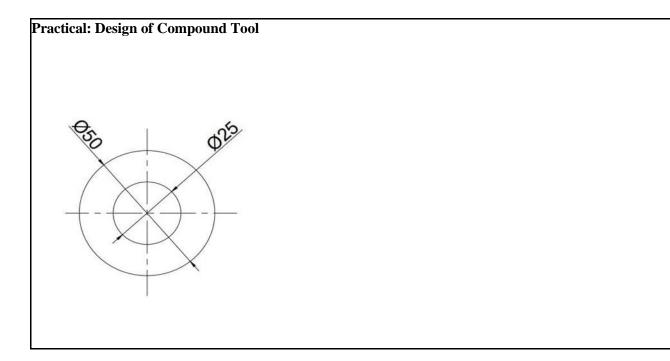


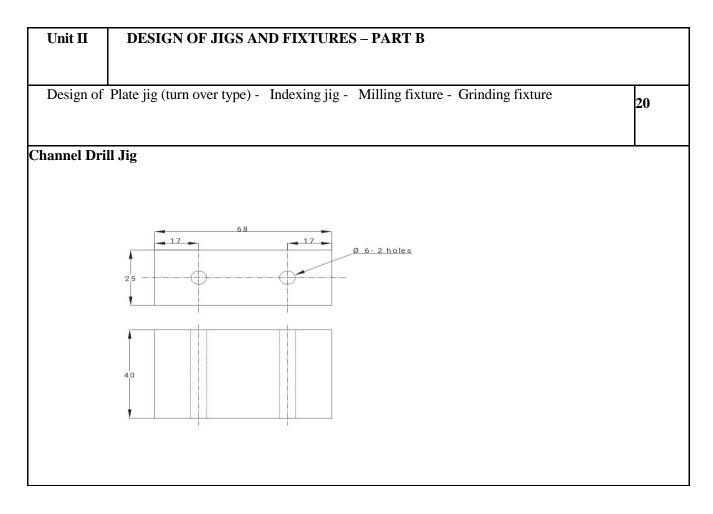
#### **Syllabus Contents**



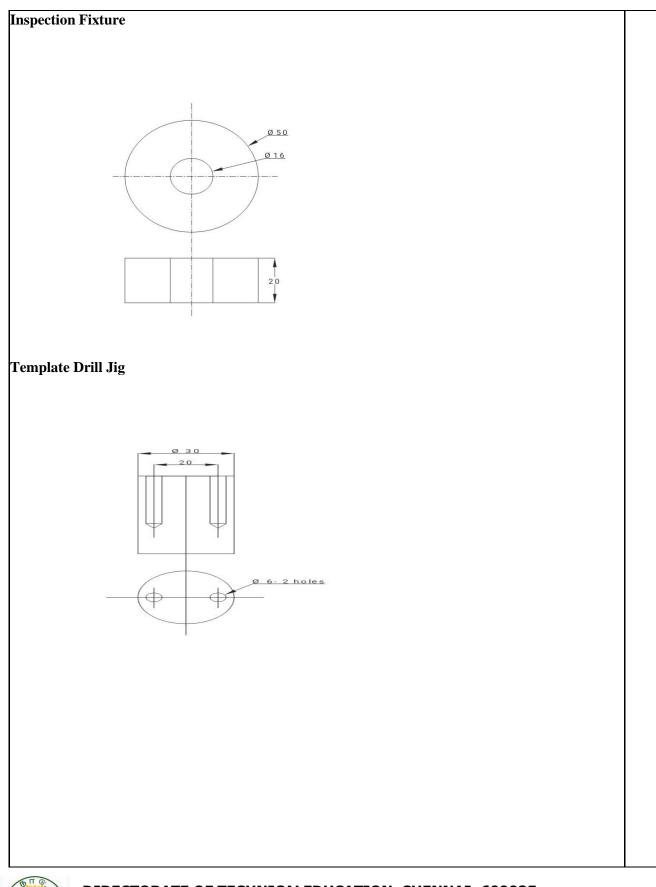


DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICALEDUCATION, CHENNAI-600025

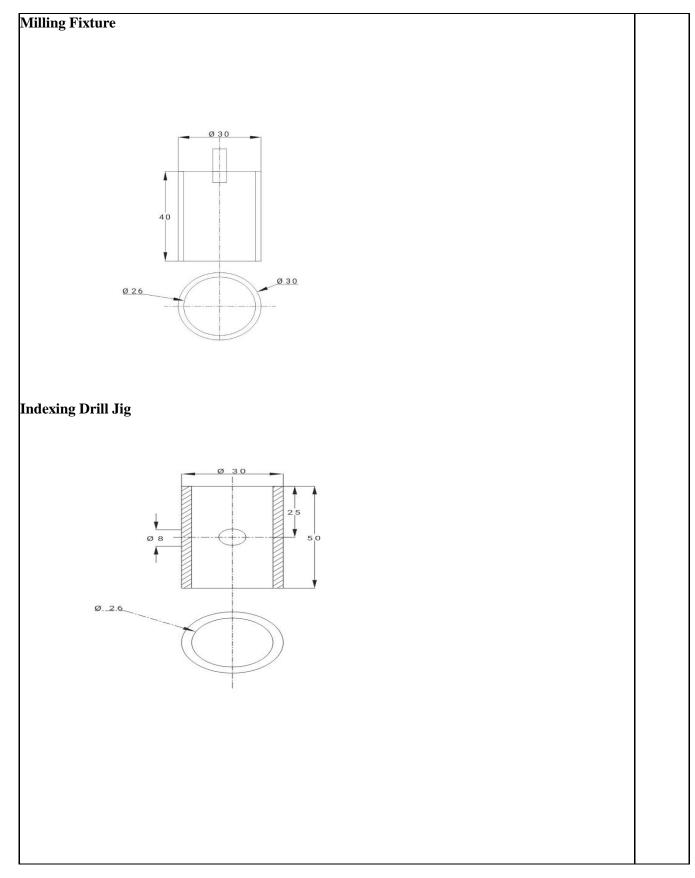




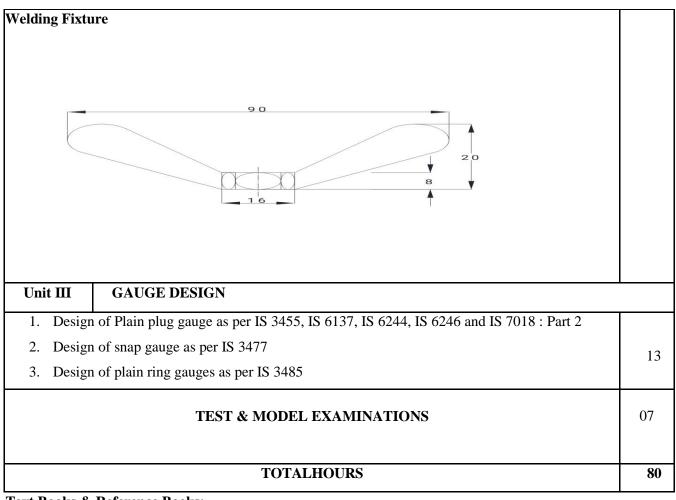












### **Text Books & Reference Books:**

- 1. J.R.Paquin, Die design fundamentals, Industrial Press Inc, 1990.
- 2. Donaldson, Tool Design , Tata McGraw-hill Book company, 23rd edition, 2006
- Donald F. Eary., Edward A. Reed, Techniques of Press working sheet metal, Prentice-Hall,Inc.,Second Edition, 1974.
- 4. Indian Standard Specifications IS 3455, IS 6137, IS 6244, IS 6246, IS 7018 : Part 2, IS 3477 and IS 3485.



1220235330	TOOL DESIGN AND DRAWING	L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICUM		2	0	2	3

#### Web-based/Online Resources:

- 1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112105206
- 2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112104117
- 3. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112103249
- 4. https://www.classcentral.com/course/youtube-fluid-mechanics-concept-derivation-videos-53034
- 5. https://fmc-nitk.vlabs.ac.in/fluid-machinery/exp/centrifugal-pump/index.html
- 6. https://me.iitp.ac.in/Virtual-Fluid-Laboratory/
- 7. https://eerc03-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/List%20of%20experiments.html
- 8. https://fm-nitk.vlabs.ac.in/List%20of%20experiments.html

#### **ENDSEMESTERQUESTIONPATTERN-THEORYEXAM**

#### **Duration: 3 Hours.**

#### Max. Marks: 100

#### Part A (Unit-I & Unit-II)– 60 Marks questions. (Either or type) (1 X 60 = 60 Marks)

Two questions will be asked, One question from Unit-I & Another question from Unit-II students should write one questions.

#### Part B (Unit-III)– 40 Marks questions. (1 X 40 = 40 Marks)

Two questions will be asked from Unit-III, students should write one questions.



1220235420	PLASTIC MOULDS PRACTICAL	L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICAL		0	0	4	2

#### Introduction:

Diploma technocrats frequently encounter diverse manufacturing of moulds. This course workshop practice aims to enhance student's comprehension of manufacturing of mouding like injection moulding, compression moulding by using simple machine tools.

#### **Course Objectives:**

- Design and fabricate single cavity injection mould
- Design and fabricate multi cavity injection mould
- Design and fabricate blow mould.
- Design and fabricate of compression mould
- Practice on different machining operations
- Use different machine tools in making plastic moulds

#### **Course Outcomes:**

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

CO1: Make plastic moulds using different machine tools such as lathe, milling machine, drilling machine, Grinding machine and EDM

- CO2: Design and fabricate single cavity injection mould
- CO3: Fabricate a multi cavity injection mould for the given component
- CO4: Prepare a Blow mould for the given component
- CO5: Design and fabricate of compression mould

#### **Pre-requisites:**

Basic Workshop Practices and Basic Engineering Practices.



## DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICALEDUCATION, CHENNAI-600025

1220235420	PLASTIC MOULDS PRACTICAL	L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICAL		0	0	4	2

**CO/PO Mapping** 

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
CO1	3	-	-	3	2	2	1
CO2	3	2	3	3	3	2	3
C03	-	-	1	-	3	3	3
CO4	1	-	1	-	3	-	3
CO5	-	3	3	3	3	3	3

Legend: 3-High Correlation, 2-Medium Correlation, 1-Low Correlation

### **Instructional Strategy:**

- Engage and Motivate: Instructors should actively engage students to boost their learning confidence.
- Real-World Relevance: Incorporate relatable, real-life examples and engineering applications to help students understand and appreciate course concepts.
- Interactive Learning: Utilize demonstrations and plan interactive student activities for an engaging learning experience.
- Application-Based Learning: Employ a theory-demonstrate-practice-activity strategy throughout the course to ensure outcome-driven learning and employability.
- Simulation and Real-World Practice: Conduct demonstrations and hands-on activities in a simulated environment, transitioning to real-world scenarios when possible.
- Encourage Critical Analysis: Foster an environment where students can honestly assess experiment outcomes and analyze potential sources of error in case of discrepancies

# DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICALEDUCATION, CHENNAI-600025

1220235420	PLASTIC MOULDS PRACTICAL	L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICAL		0	0	4	2

**Assessment Methodology:** 

	Continuous Assessment (40 marks)		End Semester Examination (60 marks)
Mode	Record of Work Done	Model Practical Exam	Practical Examination
Portion	All Exercises	Any one Exercise	04 Exercises
Duration	Regularly	8 Hours	16 Hours
Exam Marks	-	100	100
Converted to	20	20	60
Marks	20	20	60
Internal Marks	40		60

Note:

- Record of work done should be maintained and the same have to be evaluated after completion of each practical exercise for 20 Marks. The total marks awarded should be converted to 20 Marks for the internal assessment
- After completion of all the exercises, Model examination should be conducted as per End Semester Exam question pattern. The marks awarded should be converted to 20 Marks for the internal assessment.



1220235420	DI ACTIC MOLU DE DEACTICAT	L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICAL	PLASTIC MOULDS PRACTICAL	0	0	4	2
Introduction			P	eriod	
	DETAILED SYLLABUS				
i <u>) Design of Plastic</u>	Moulds:				
1. Injection Mould	Design: Methodical approach to mould design.				
• Design of H	and injection mould		10		
• Design of the	ree plate mould		12		
2. Design of simple	Compression Mould.				
3. Design of simple	Blow mould.				
<u>ii) Mould Design a</u>	nd Manufacture Exercises:				
1. Design and	Fabrication of single cavity hand injection mould with	flat parting			
surface					
( То	suit to Hand Injection Moulding Machine)		48		
2. Design and fabrication of multi cavity injection mould					
(To s	uit to Hand injection Moulding Machine)				
3. Design and	fabrication of simple compression mould.				
4. Design and	fabrication of simple blow mould.				

#### Note:-

- 1. Batch size should not be more than 5 students for class work.
- 2. For examination, exercise should be given to students individually and not in batches.
- 3. The examination duration is 16 hours.
- 4. Students should be trained in setting the mould and to make necessary adjustments, trial production using the mould manufactured by them and rectification of mould defects if any.
- 5. For Board examination any one of the above tool (S.No 1 to 4) is to be manufactured and trial production should be taken. The evaluation of the performance should be based on the component dimensions and finish obtained from the mould manufactured by the student during the 16 hours examination.

**<u>Record</u>**: Mould drawings for all the exercises should be drawn in A2 sheet Manually, with all calculations filed neatly for Record work. The Design should include the Sectional Elevation, plan view, Bill of materials with all necessary calculation using methodological mould design.



# DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICALEDUCATION, CHENNAI-600025

1220235420	PLASTIC MOULDS PRACTICAL	L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICAL		0	0	4	2

#### **Examination:**

In the examination students have to Design and fabricate moulds for similar components as practiced in the class

work

## SCHEME OF EXAMINATION:

Test & Revision	- 10 Periods
Total	-100 Marks
Viva Voce	-10 Marks
Mould setting & trial production-10	) Marks
Mould making	-40 marks
Design of Mould	-30 marks
Aim & Tools required	-10 marks

### **Text and Reference Books:**

- 1. Vannessa Goodship, Injection Moulding: A Practical Guide, 3<sup>rd</sup>edition, De Gruyter, 2020
- 2. Jose Valero, Plastics Injection Molding, 2<sup>nd</sup>edition, Hanser Publications, 2020
- 3. Samuel L. Belcher, Practical Guide To Injection Blow Molding,1<sup>st</sup>edition, CRC Press,2023

#### Web-based/Online Resources:

- 4. <u>https://youtu.be/b1U9W4iNDiQ?si=pdAUFCmLJKNfgJ7m</u>
- 5. <u>https://youtu.be/\_ibXqOihtC8?si=5dBfJFrM\_5c2fOzW</u>
- 6. https://youtu.be/AJDXvbAJ3h8?si=ZgYJLzfSO7B0uphT

### END SEMESTER EXAMINATION – PRACTICAL EXAM.

#### Note:

- For examination, exercise should be given to students individually and not in batches.
- The examination duration is 16 hours.
- All the exercises have to be completed, any one exercise will be given for examination.
- All the exercises should be given in the question paper. The student is allowed to select by lot or question papers issued by the DOTE Exam section shall be used.
- Record of work done notebook along with the activity report should be submitted for the End Semester Examinations.



# DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICALEDUCATION, CHENNAI-600025

1220235420	PLASTIC MOULDS PRACTICAL	L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICAL		0	0	4	2

## **DETAILED ALLOCATION OF MARKS.**

Part	Description	Marks
А	Aim & Tools required	10
В	Design of Mould	30
С	Fabrication of mould	40
D	Mould setting & trial component	10
E	Viva Voce	10
	TOTAL MARKS	100



1220235420	PLASTIC MOULDS PRACTICAL	L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICAL		0	0	4	2

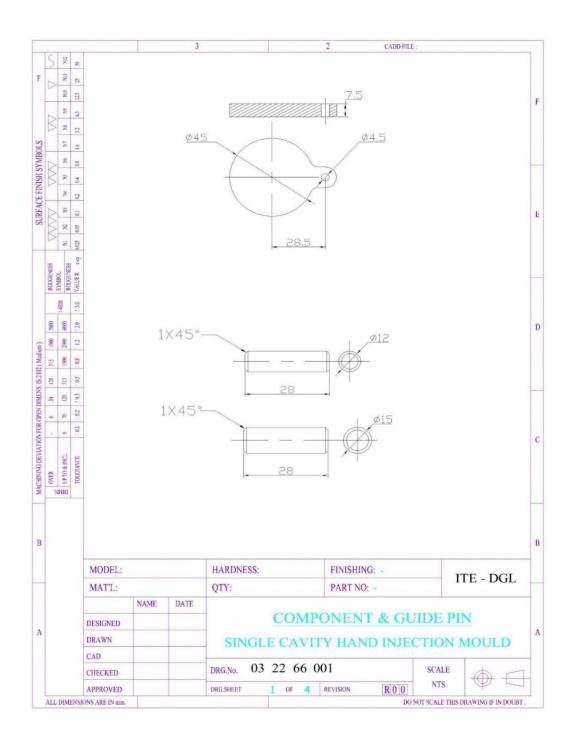
# **Equipment / Facilities required for conducting the Practical Course.**

S.No	Name of the Equipment's	Quantity Required
1.	Centre Lathe, 4 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> ' bed length	5
2.	Drilling machine	2
3.	Shaping machine, stroke length 300mm	2
4.	Vertical milling machine	2
5.	Surface grinding machine	2
6.	Hand Injection Moulding Machine – 1 OZ	1
7.	Bench vice	10
8.	Fitting file set	10
9.	Tap set	4
10.	Surface plate	2
11.	Vernier height gauge 0-250mm	2
12.	Dial test indicator with magnetic stand	2
13.	Angle plate	2
14.	Tool maker's straight edge – 150 mm	1
15	Digital Micrometer – 025mm range, 0.001mm least count	3
16	Hand injection moulding machine	1
17	Hand injection Blow moulding machine	1



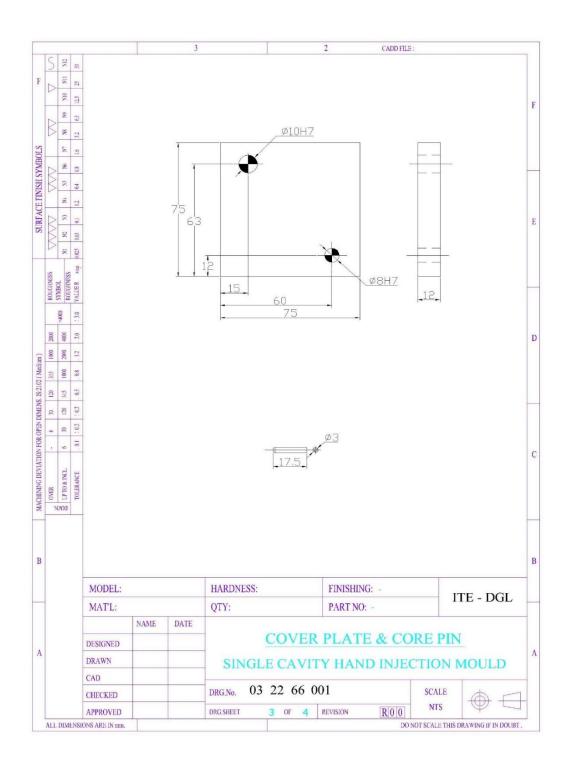
# DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICALEDUCATION, CHENNAI-600025

#### **Exercise–I Single Cavity Injection Mould**

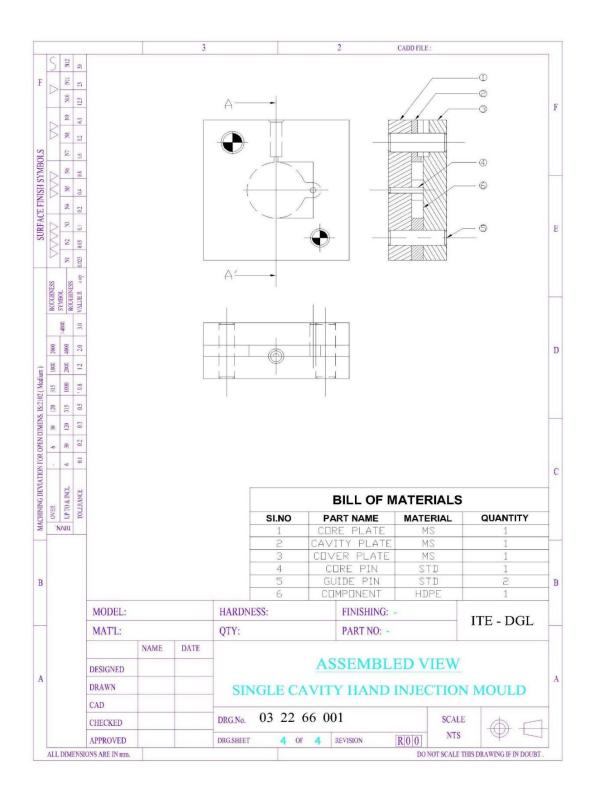




## DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICALEDUCATION, CHENNAI-600025

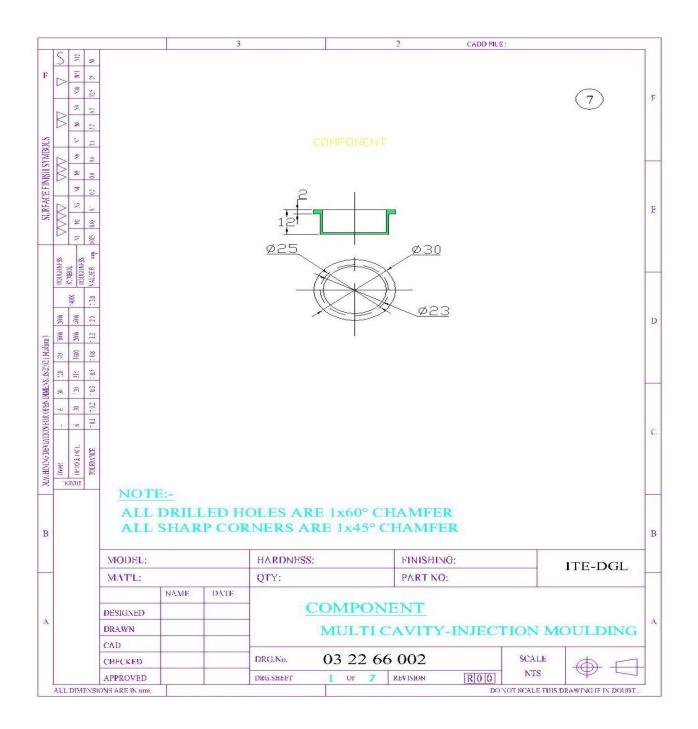




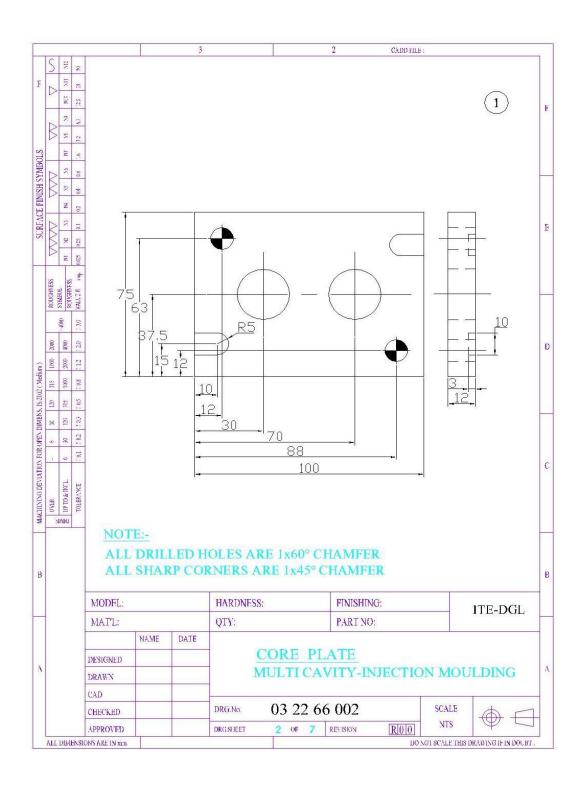


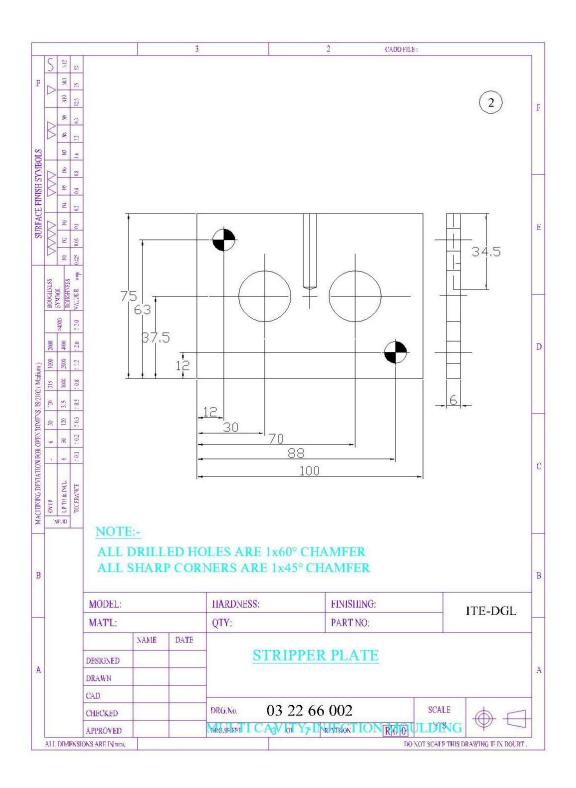
Exercise - II Multi Cavity Injection Mould



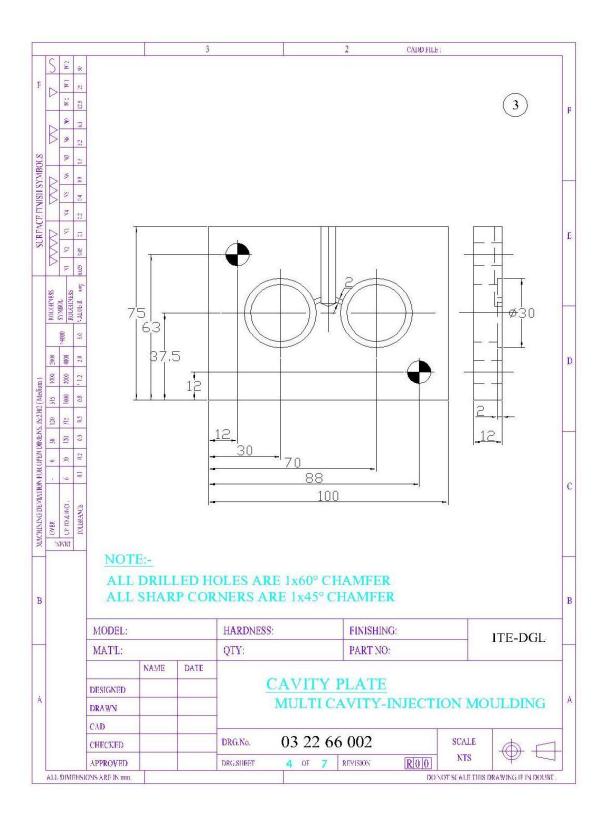


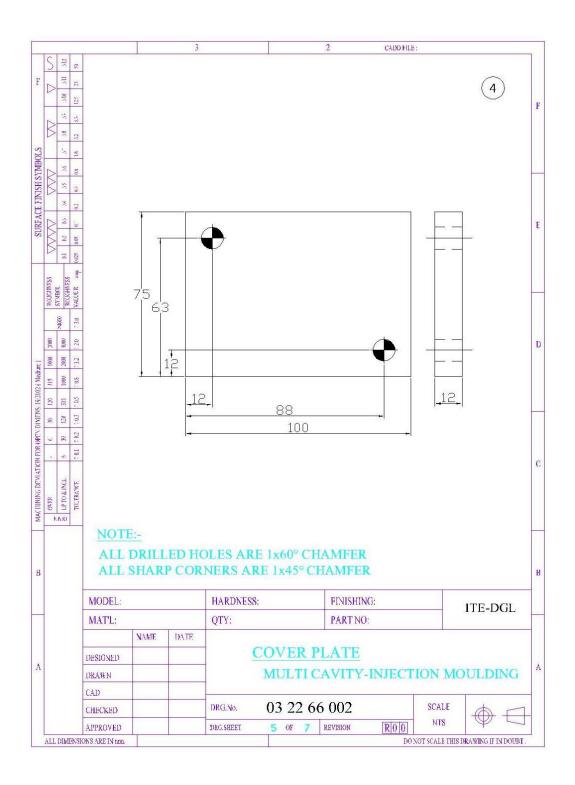




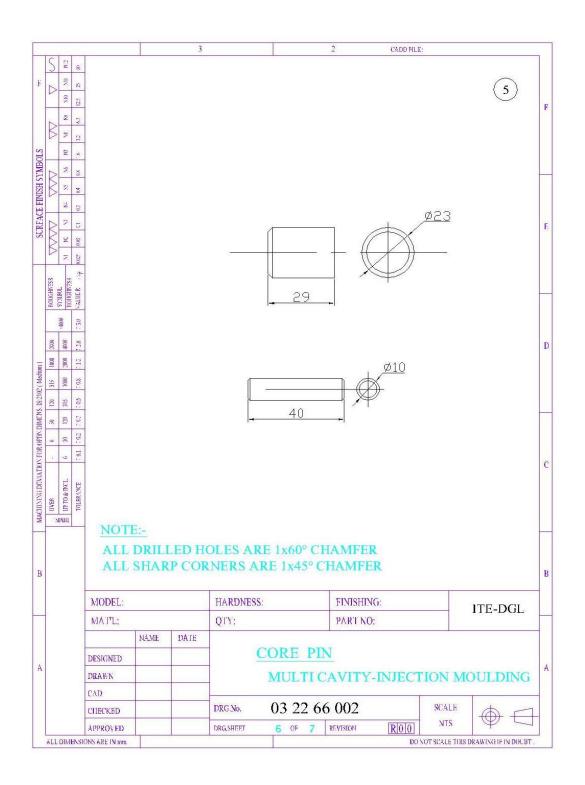


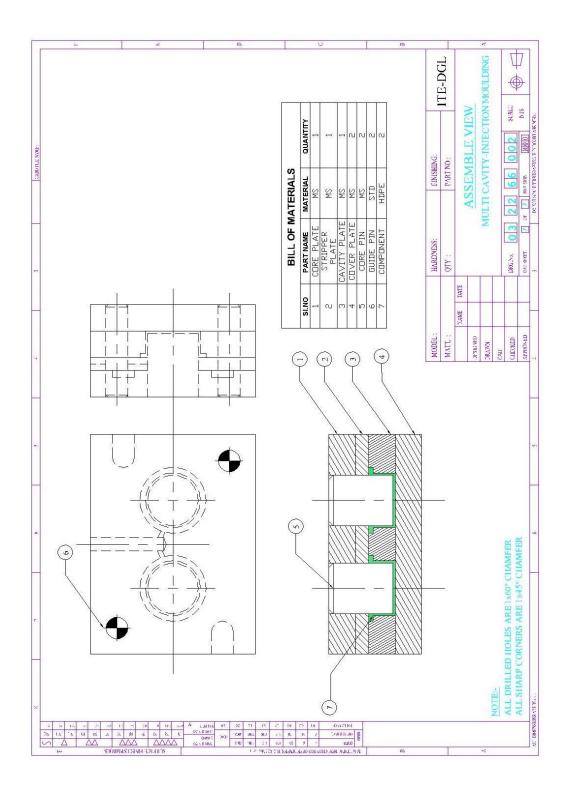






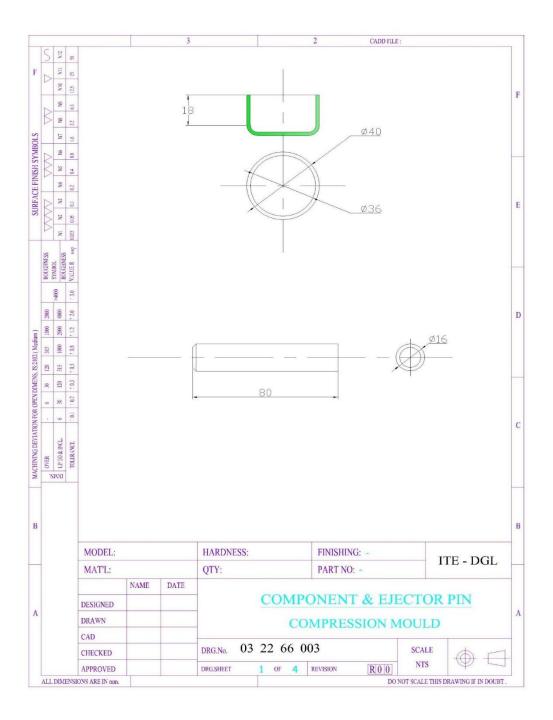




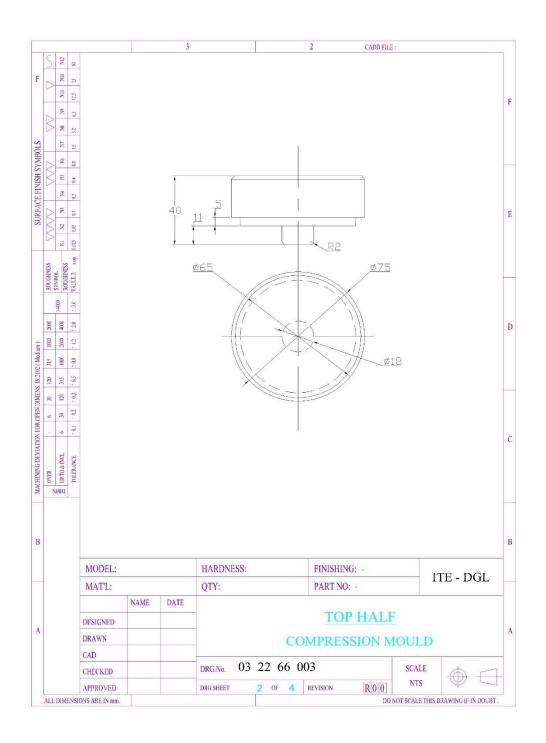


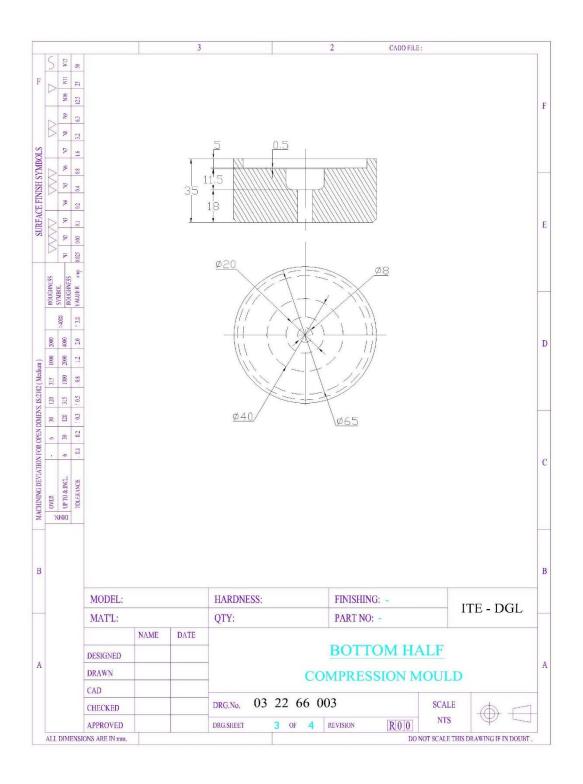
**Exercise Ex- III Compression Mould** 



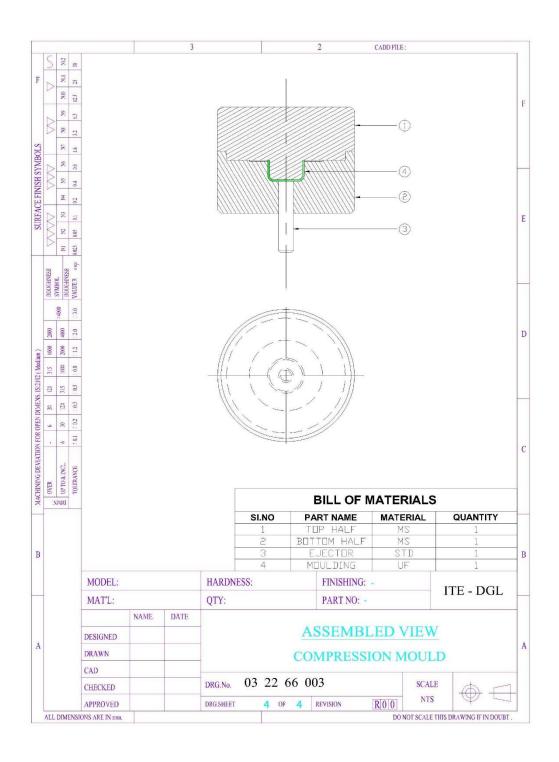




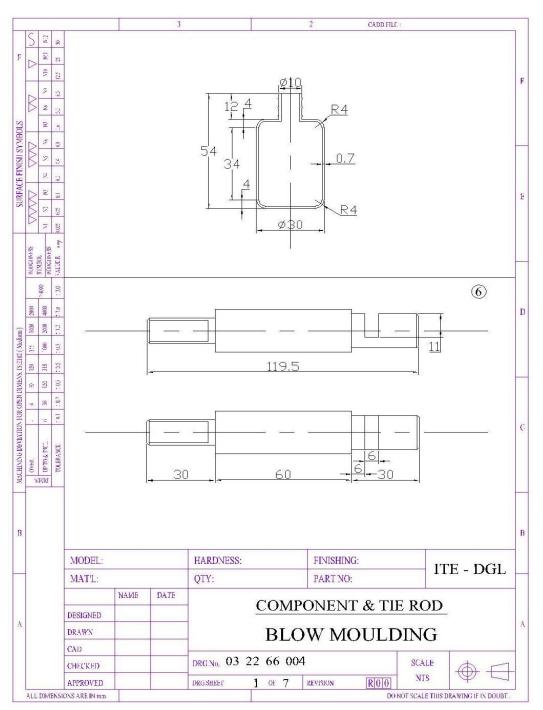




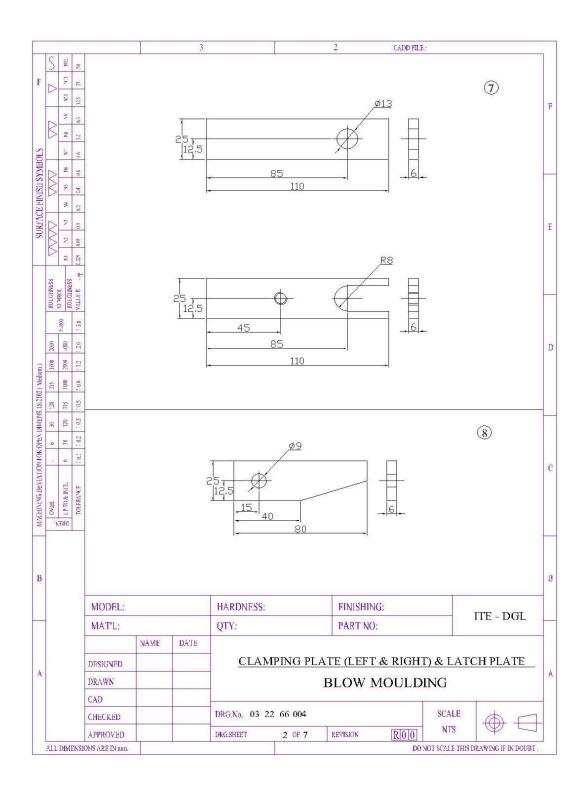




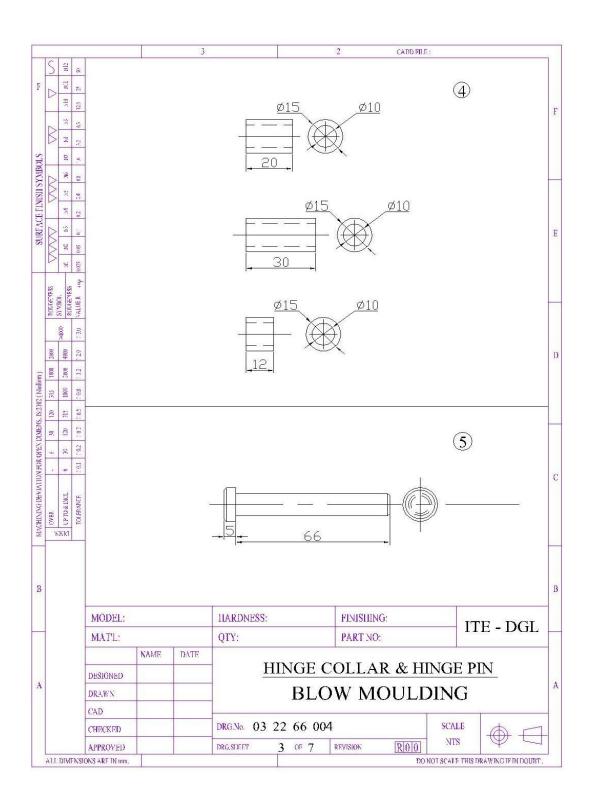




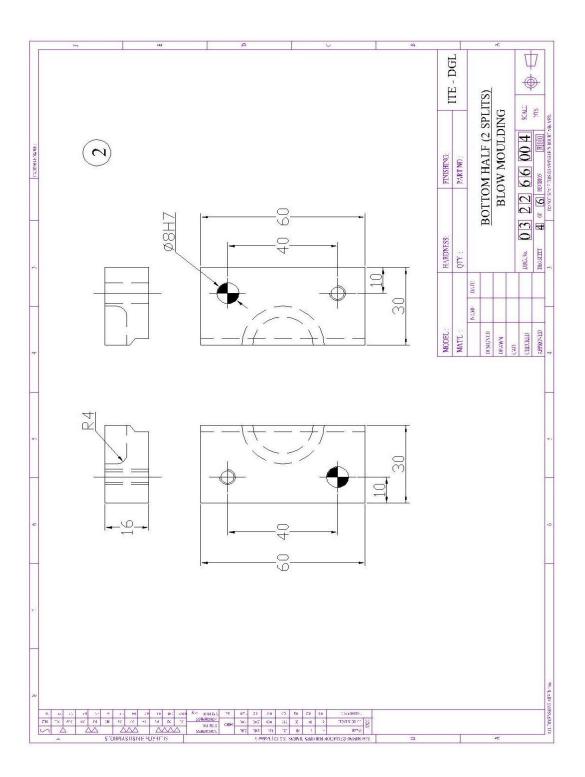




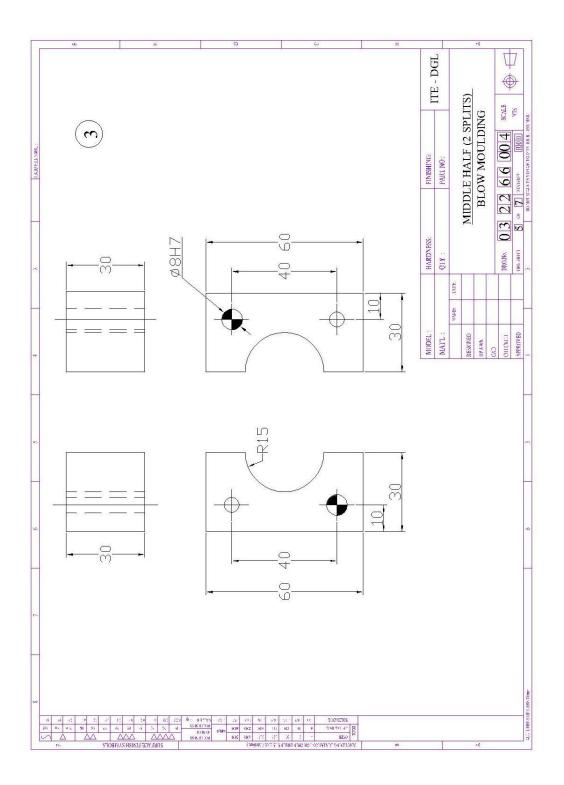




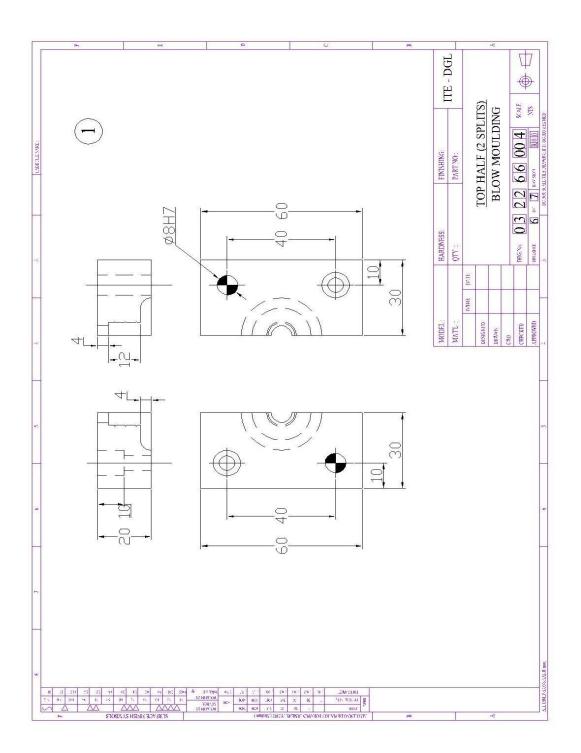




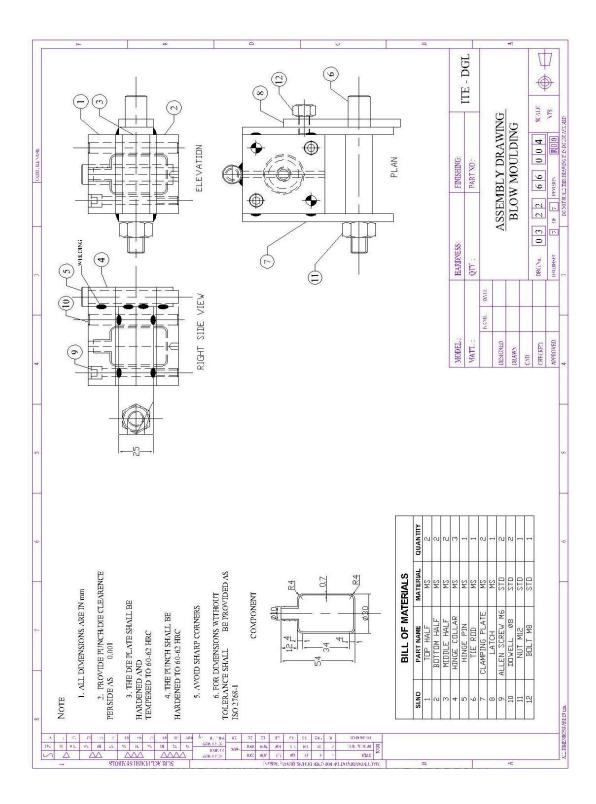














1020235541	CNC Des entering	L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICUM	CNC Programming	1	0	4	3

#### Introduction

Computer Numerical Control (CNC) programming is a vital subject for diploma engineering students, focusing on the automation of machine tools through computer systems. CNC technology is foundational in modern manufacturing, allowing for precision, efficiency, and the ability to produce complex parts with minimal human intervention. Proficiency in CNC programming opens up numerous career opportunities in various industries such as automotive, aerospace, manufacturing, and more. CNC programmers and operators are essential for creating high-quality, precision-engineered products. This course equips students with the knowledge and skills necessary to excel in the dynamic and technologically advanced field of CNC machining, making them valuable assets in the engineering and manufacturing sectors.

#### **Course Objectives**

The objective of this course is to prepare the student,

- To understand the fundamentals of CNC
- To explain the construction and tooling of the CNC machine
- To Programme Production Jobs for CNC Turning Centre for different operations
- To Programme production jobs for CNC Vertical Machining Centre for different operations
- To operate a CNC lathe
- To operate a CNC milling machine

#### **Course Outcomes**

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to,

- CO1: Recall safety procedure to be followed while working in CNC Machines.
- CO2: Create CNC part program for cylindrical components using CNC Turning Centre
- CO3: Produce components using CNC Turning centre
- CO4: Create CNC part program for rectangular components using CNC Machining Centre
- CO5: Produce components using CNC Machining centre

#### **Pre-requisites**

Knowledge of CNC Machines, Tools and accessories.



# DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICALEDUCATION, CHENNAI-600025

1020235541		L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICUM	CNC Programming	1	0	4	3

# **CO/PO Mapping**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
C01	3	2	2	3	1	3	3
CO2	3	2	3	3	2	3	3
CO3	3	3	2	3	1	3	3
CO4	3	2	3	3	1	3	3
CO5	3	2	3	3	2	3	3

Legend: 3-High Correlation, 2-Medium Correlation, 1-Low Correlation

#### **Instructional Strategy:**

- It is advised that teachers take steps to pique pupils' attention and boost their curiosity to learn.
- Implement task-based learning activities where students work on specific tasks or projects.
- Incorporate technology tools and resources, such as online platforms, interactive multimedia, and virtual communication tools, to enhance engagement and provide additional practice opportunities.
- Incorporate formative and summative assessments to gauge student progress and provide targeted feedback.
- Throughout the course, a theory-demonstrate-practice-activity strategy may be used to ensure that learning is outcome and employability based.
- All demonstrations/Hand-on practices may be followed in the real environment as far as possible



1020235541	CNC Des enserting	L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICUM	CNC Programming	1	0	4	3

**Assessment Methodology:** 

	C	ontinuous Assessmer	nt (40 marks)		End Semester
	CA1	CA2	CA3	CA4	Examination (60 marks)
Mode	Practical Test	Practical Test	Written Test Theory	Practical Test	Practical Examination
Portion	Cycle I Exercises	Cycle II Exercises	All Portions	All Exercises	All Exercises Experiments
Duration	2 Periods	2 Periods	3 Hours	3 Hours	3 hours
Exam Marks	60	60	100	100	100
Converted to Marks	10	10	15	15	60
Marks	]	10	15	15	60
Tentative Schedule	7th Week	14th Week	15th Week	16th Week	

Note:

• CA1 and CA2: All the exercises/experiments should be completed as per the portions above and kept for the practical test. The students shall be permitted to select any one by lot for the test. The practical test should be conducted as per the scheme of evaluation as below. The marks awarded shall be converted to 10 Marks for each assessment test. Best of one will be considered for the internal assessment of 10 Marks.

Practical documents should be maintained for every experiment immediately after completion of the practice. The practical document should be submitted for the practical test. The same should be evaluated for 10 Marks for each exercise/experiment. The total marks awarded should be converted to 10 Marks for the practical test as per the scheme of evaluation as below.

#### The details of the documents to be prepared as per the instruction below.

Each experiment should be completed on the day of practice. The same shall be evaluated for 10 marks on the day or next day of practice before commencement of the next experiment.

This documentation can be carried out in a separate notebook or a printed manual or a file with documents. The part program, procedure, sketch and output should be written by the student manually in the documents.

The detailed date of the practices and its evaluations should be maintained in the course logbook. The log book and the practical documents should be submitted for the verification by the Flying Squad and DOTE Official.

# DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICALEDUCATION, CHENNAI-600025

#### SCHEME OF EVALUATION

PART	DESCRIPTION	MARKS
Α	Aim & Tools Required	10
В	Writing Part Program	20
С	Editing Program in machine and Component	20
	TOTAL	50
D	Practical Documents (As per the portions)	10
		60

Cycle I: 1, 2, 3 and 4.

Cycle II: 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9.

• **CA 3:** Written Test for complete theory portions should be conducted for 100 Marks as per the question pattern below. The marks scored will be converted to 15 Marks for internal assessment.

**Question pattern – Written Test Theory** 

	Description		arks
Part – A	30 MCQ Questions.	30 X 1 Mark	30 Marks
Part – B	7 Questions to be answered out of 10 Questions.	7 X 10 Marks	70 Marks
	TOTAL		100 rks

• CA 4: All the exercises/experiments should be completed and kept for the practical test. The students shall be permitted to select any one by lot for the test. The practical test should be conducted as per the scheme of evaluation below. After completion of all the exercises the practical test should be conducted as per End Semester Examination question pattern scheme of evaluation. The marks awarded should be converted to 15 Marks for the internal assessment.



# DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICALEDUCATION, CHENNAI-600025

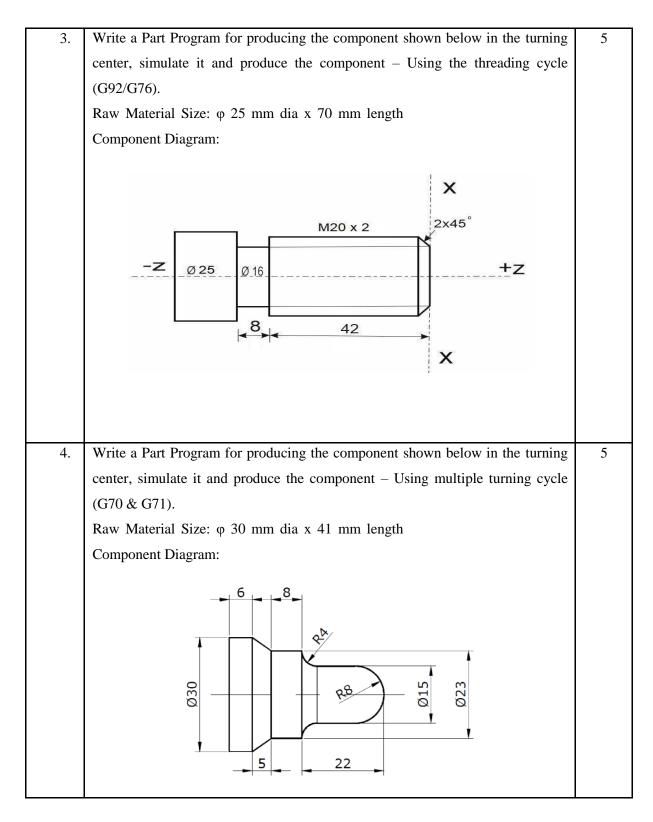
1020235541		L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICUM	CNC Programming	1	0	4	3

THEORY	
Introduction to NC, CNC and DNC - Components of a CNC system: Program, Machine	15
Control Unit, and Machine Tool – Toolings for CNC – ISO Designation for Tooling – Tool	
Material Selection - Tool Inserts.Steps involved in CNC Programming: Process Planning, Part	
Programming, Program Entry, Program Verification, and Production – Manual Part	
Programming, Data required for Manual Part Programming – Coordinate system – Designation	
of axes - Datum points and Reference Points - NC Dimensioning: Absolute, and Incremental -	
CNC Programming procedure - Format of a program.CNC Part Programming for Turning	
Centres - Axes system used for turning - Preparatory functions (G-Codes) for turning Centres -	
Auxiliary functions (M-Codes) for turning centres - Tool function codes - Speed function	
codes- Feed Specification codes - Rapid Positioning - Tool nose radius compensation - Linear	
Interpolation - Circular Interpolation/Filleting.Canned/Fixed Cycles: Box turning cycle (G90) -	
Taper turning (G90) - Facing/Taper facing cycle (G94) - Grooving/Parting cycle (G75) -	
Single threading cycle (G92) and Multiple threading cycle (G76) - Multiple turning cycle or	
Stock removal cycle (G70 & G71) - Peck drilling cycle (G74) - Boring/Taper Boring cycle	
(G90) CNC Part Programming for Machining Centres – Axes system used for Machining centres	
- Preparatory functions (G-Codes) for Machining Centres - Auxiliary functions (M-Codes) for	
Machining centres - Preset - Cutter radius compensation - Tool length compensation - Linear	
Interpolation - Circular Interpolation. Canned Cycles: Drilling cycle (G81) - Counter	
sinking/Counter boring (G82) - Tapping cycle (G84) - Reaming Cycle (G85) - Boring Cycle	
(G86) – Peck drilling cycle (G83) – Sub Program – Mirroring – Circular Pocketing (G170 &	
G171) – Rectangular Pocketing (G172 & G173).	

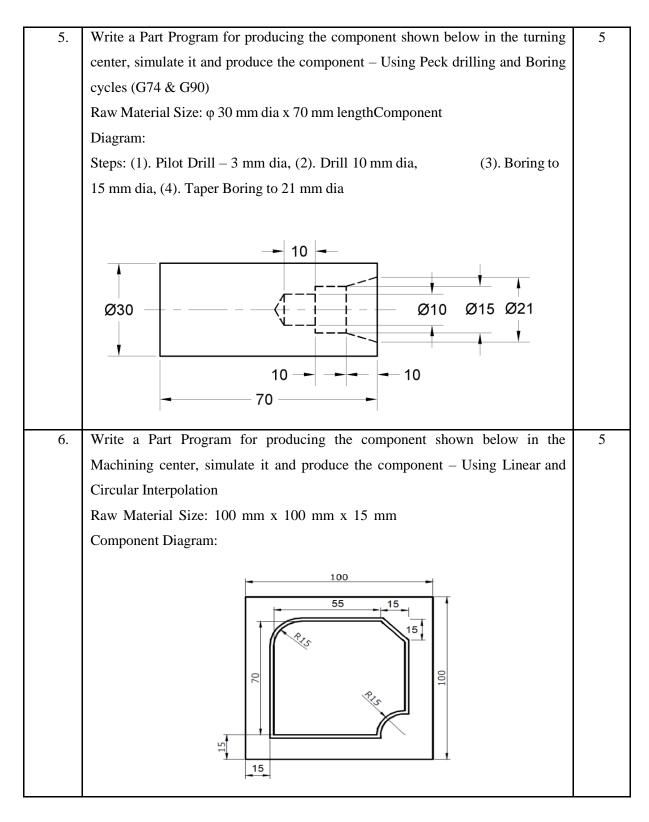


Ex.No	Name of the Experiment	
1.	Write a Part Program for producing the component shown below in the	5
	turning center, simulate it and produce the component – Using Linear and	
	Circular Interpolation. Raw Material Size: $\varphi$ 30 mm dia x 41 mm length.	
	Component Diagram:	
2.	Write a Part Program for producing the component shown below in the	5
	turning center, simulate it and produce the component – Using Box turning	
	cycle, Facing cycle, and Grooving cycle (G90, G94, and G75). Raw	
	Material Size: φ 30 mm dia x 70 mm length	
	Component Diagram: Note: Facing 0.5 mm (20 mm to 19.5 mm)	
	(3) - (-1) + (	
	1. Raw Material 4. Facing/Taper Facing Cycle (G94)	
	2. Box turning Cycle (G90)     5. Grooving/Parting Cycle (G75)     3. Taper Turning Cycle (G90)     6. Circular Interpolation	

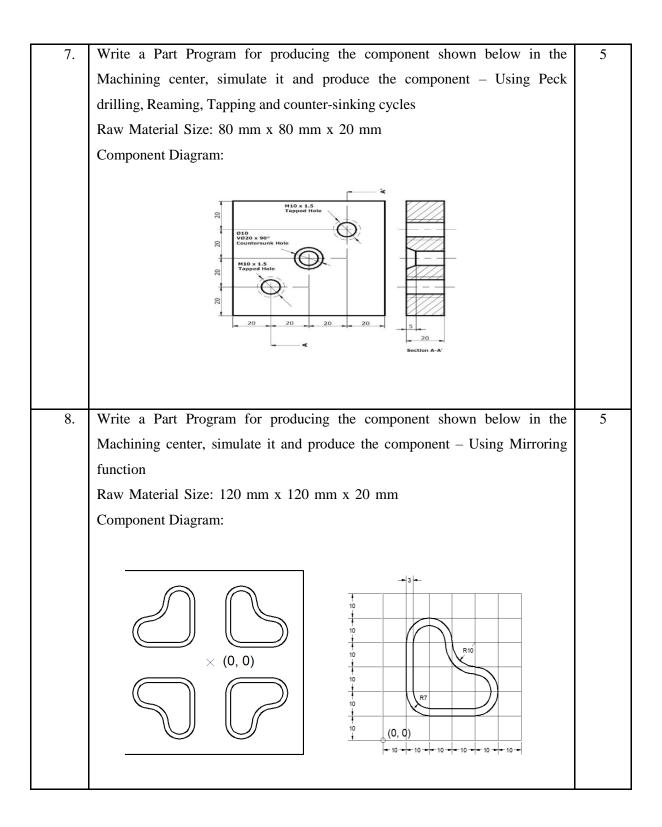




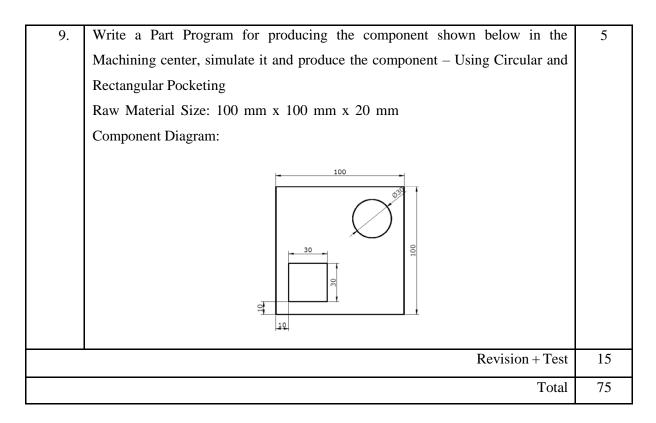












#### Textbook:

- 1. S.K. Sinha, CNC Programming, Galgotia Publications Pvt Ltd., 2011
- 2. P. M. Agrawal, and V. J. Patel, CNC Fundamentals and Programming, First Edition, Charotar Publishing House Pvt. Limited, 2009.
- 3. Pawan Negi, Mangey Ram, and Om Prakash Yadav, Basics of CNC Programming, River Publishers, 2019
- 4. Peter Smid, CNC Control Setup for Milling and Turning Mastering CNC Control Systems, Industrial Press, 2010.

#### Website links for reference:

- 1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=\_5r2XR1h1aQ
- 2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=eJ432X2dR9A



# DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICALEDUCATION, CHENNAI-600025

PRACTICUM

#### END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS – PRACTICAL EXAM

#### Note:

All the exercises/experiments should be completed before the Board Practical Examinations. End Semester Practical examination should be conducted for all the exercises / experiments for 100 Marks. Students will be permitted to select any one exercise by lot or question paper supplied by the DOTE Exam section shall be used. The practical document prepared by the student should be submitted with a Bonafide Certificate.

PART	DESCRIPTIO N	MARKS
Α	Aim & Tools Required	10
В	Writing Part Program	20
С	Simulation	10
D	Editing Program in machine and Component	20
Ε	Written Test	30
F	Viva Voce	10
	TOTAL	100

### SCHEME OF EVALUATION

Note: For the written test 30 MCQ shall be asked from the theory portions.

#### LIST OF EQUIPMENT

- 1. CNC Turning centre 2 No.
- 2. CNC Milling Centre 2 No.
- 3. CNC Simulation Software
- 4. Computer 30 Nos.



1020235543	Industrial IoT	L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICUM		1	0	4	3

#### Introduction:

Industrial Internet of Things or IIoT refers to interconnected instruments, sensors and other devices which can be networked together in an industrial setting. This connectivity enables remote access, efficient monitoring, data acquisition and collection, analysis and exchange of different data sources and a lot more. IIoT solutions have enormous potential for increasing productivity, and are also known for their low cost and quick implementation.

#### **Course Objectives:**

The objective of this course is to enable the student to

- Understand the application of IIoT in automation of commercial and real worldapplications.
- Summarize the functions of various types of sensors.
- Understand the Designing Industrial IOT Systems for various applications.
- Facilitate the students to design simple IIoT concepts.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

CO1: Explain the basic computing features of the Arduino platform and programming.CO2:

Adapt to the Arduino platform and display their name in the LCD display.

CO3: Perform LED blinking and LED pattern creation with push button control withArduino.

CO4: Perform IR sensor interfacing, ultrasonic sensor interfacing and soil moisture interfacing with ESP32.

CO5: Design a system that integrates ultrasonic sensors for accurate distancemeasurement.



1020235543	Industrial IoT	L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICUM		1	0	4	3

**Pre-requisites:** 

**Applied Physics** 

#### **CO/PO Mapping**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
CO1	3	-	1	3	-	-	-
CO2	3	-	1	3	-	-	-
CO3	3	-	1	3	-	-	-
CO4	3	-	1	3	-	-	-
CO5	3	-	1	3	-	-	-

Legend: 3-High Correlation, 2-Medium Correlation, 1-Low Correlation

#### **Instructional Strategy:**

- It is advised that teachers take steps to increase the students' attention and boost their curiosity to learn.
- Implement task-based learning activities where students work on specific tasks or projects.
- Incorporate technology tools and resources, such as online platforms, interactive multimedia, and virtual communication tools, to enhance engagement and provide additional practice opportunities.
- Incorporate formative and summative assessments to measure student progress and provide targeted feedback.
- Throughout the course, a theory-demonstrate-practice-activity strategy may be used to ensure that learning is outcome and employability based.
- All demonstrations/Hand-on practices may be followed in the real environment as far as possible.



# DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI – 600 025

1020235543	Industrial IoT	L	Т	Р	C
PRACTICUM		1	0	4	3

#### **Assessment Methodology:**

	Co	ontinuous Assess	ment (40 marks)		End
	CA1	CA2	CA3	CA4	Semester Examination (60 marks)
Mode	Practical Test	Practical Test	Written Test Theory	Practical Test	Practical Examination
Portion	Cycle I Exercises	Cycle II Exercises	All Portions	All Exercises	All Exercises Experiments
Duration	2 Periods	2 Periods	3 Hours	3 Hours	3 hours
Exam Marks	60	60	100	100	100
Converted to Marks	10	10	15	15	60
Marks	1	0	15	15	60
Tentative Schedule	7th Week	14th Week	15th Week	16th Week	

Note:

• CA1 and CA2: All the exercises/experiments should be completed as per the portions above and kept for the practical test. The students shall be permitted to select any one by lot for the test. The practical test should be conducted as per the scheme of evaluation as below. The marks awarded shall be converted to 10 Marks for each assessment test. Best of one will be considered for the internal assessment of 10 Marks.

Practical documents should be maintained for every experiment immediately after completion of the practice. The practical document should be submitted for the practical test. The same should be evaluated for 10 Marks for each exercise/experiment. The totalmarks awarded should be converted to 10 Marks for the practical test as per the schemeof evaluation as below.



# DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI – 600 025

1020235543	Industrial IoT	L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICUM		1	0	4	3

#### The details of the documents to be prepared as per the instruction below.

Each experiment should be completed on the day of practice. The same shall be evaluated for 10 marks on the day or next day of practice before commencement of the next experiment. This documentation can be carried out in a separate notebook / printed manual / file. The Program, Procedure, Sketch and Output should be written by the student manually. The detailed date of the practices and its evaluations should be maintained in the course logbook. The log book and the practical documents should be submitted for the verification by the Flying Squad and DOTE Official.

PART	DESCRIPTIO N	MARKS
Α	Aim & Tools Required	10
В	Procedure / Steps	20
С	Execution	20
	TOTAL	50
D	Practical Documents (As per the portions)	10
		60

#### SCHEME OF EVALUATION

Cycle I: 1, 2, 3 4, and 5.

Cycle II: 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10.

• **CA 3:** Written Test for complete theory portions should be conducted for 100 Marks as per the question pattern below. The marks scored will be converted to 15 Marks for internal assessment.



1020235543	Industrial IoT	L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICUM		1	0	4	3

#### **Question pattern – Written Test Theory**

	Description	Marks		
Part – A	30 MCQ Questions.	30 X 1 Mark	30 Marks	
Part – B	7 Questions to be answered out of 10 Questions.	7 X 10 Marks	70 Marks	
	100 Marks			

• CA 4: All the exercises/experiments should be completed and kept for the practical test. The students shall be permitted to select any one by lot for the test. The practical test should be conducted as per the scheme of evaluation below. After completion of all the exercises the practical test should be conducted as per End Semester Examination question pattern scheme of evaluation. The marks awarded should be converted to 15 Marks for the internal assessment.

# SCHEME OF EVALUATION

Model Practical Examination and End Semester Examination - Practical Exam

PART	DESCRIPTI ON	MARKS
Α	Aim & Tools Required	10
В	Procedure / Steps	20
С	Execution	20
D	Output / Result	10
Ε	Written Test	30
F	Viva Voce	10
	TOTAL	100

Note: For the written test 30 MCQ shall be asked from the theory portions.



<u>Syllabus C</u> Theory H		
-	INTRODUCTION TO INDUSTRIAL IOT (IIOT) SYSTEMS	Period
The Vari	ous Industrial Revolutions, Role of Internet of Things (IoT) & IndustrialInternet	7
	s (IIoT) in Industry, Industry 4.0 revolutions, Support System for	
Ū.	4.0, Smart Factories.	
	: IMPLEMENTATION SYSTEMS FOR HOT	
		0
	and Actuators for Industrial Processes, Sensor networks, Process automation and	8
Data Ac	quisitions on IoT Platform, Microcontrollers and Embedded PC roles in IIoT,	
Wireless	Sensor nodes with Bluetooth, WiFi, and LoRa	
Protocols	s and IoT Hub systems.	
Practical	Exercises:	
1	To implement LED Blink and LED pattern with Arduino	5
2	Creating different LED patterns and controlling with push button switches.	5
3	Automated LED light control based on input from IR sensor and LDR	5
4	To display your name in a LCD 16 x2 display with Arduino.	5
5	Controlling servo motors with the help of joystick	5
6	Measurement of temperature and Pressure using ESP32	5
7	Calculate the distance to an object with the help of an Ultrasonic sensor and display it on a LCD	5
8	Design a system that integrates ultrasonic sensors for accurate distance measurement in the identified areas.	5
9	integrate sensors such as GPS, accelerometers, and panic Basic Burgler elect security system with the help of PIP sensor and Buzzer	5
10	Burglar alert security system with the help of PIR sensor and Buzzer Modules and sensor interfacing - Interfacing IR sensor and LED with ESP32	5
	Revision + Continuous Assessment	10
	Total Period	75



# DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI – 600 025

Suggested

#### List of Students Activity:

- 1. Each students to write and submit the assignment on the topic 'Contrast IT and OT'
- 2. Four students can be grouped as a batch and practice an additional experiment to interface any one of the Arduino compatible sensors with Arduino and observe the behaviour of sensors.
- 3. Introduction to Arduino platform and programming
- 4. Study on various sensors and actuators.

#### **Text and Reference Books:**

- 1. Sudip Misra, Anandarup Mukherjee, Arijit Roy, Introduction to IoT, First Edition, Cambridge University Press, 2022.
- 2. Alasdair Gil Christ, Industry 4.0: The Industrial Internet of Things, Apress, Publications, 2016.
- 3. Sudan Jha, Usman Tariq, Gyanendra Prasad Joshi, Vijender Kumar Solanki, Industrial Internet of Things: Technologies, Design, and Applications, CRC Press, 2022.

#### Web-based/Online Resources:

https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20\_cs69/preview

#### Equipment / Facilities required to conduct the Practical Course.

S.No	Name of the Equipment's	Quantity Required
1.	Arduino UNO set	15
2.	ESP32 set -Type C	15
3.	LED Bulb	15
4.	Resistor	15
5.	Push button	15
6.	Servo motor 5V DC	15
7	DC motor	15
8	5V DC Relay	15



#### DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI – 600 025

9	Mini Breadboard	15
10	16 X 2 LCD Display with TTL	15
11	Gas sensor MQ2	15
12	IR Sensor	15
13	Temperature sensor DHT11 module	15
14	Ultrasonic sensor HC-SR04	15
15	Joystick module	15
16	Jumper wires - 3 nos.	As Required

### END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS – PRACTICAL EXAM

#### Note:

All the exercises/experiments should be completed before the Board Practical Examinations. End Semester Practical examination should be conducted for all the exercises / experiments for 100 Marks. Students will be permitted to select any one exercise by lot or question paper supplied by the DOTE Exam section shall be used. The practical document prepared by the student should be submitted with a Bonafide Certificate.

PART	DESCRIPTIO N	MARKS
Α	Aim & Tools Required	10
В	Procedure / Steps	20
С	Execution	20
D	Output / Result	10
Е	Written Test	30
F	Viva Voce	10
	TOTAL	100

#### SCHEME OF EVALUATION

Note: For the written test 30 MCQ shall be asked from the theory portions.



### Introduction:

This syllabus outlines advanced welding technologies that covers various welding processes and techniques. The course is divided into 3 units that cover topics like introductory welding concepts, common arc and resistance welding processes, welding metallurgy, and weldment inspection and testing. The course aims to impart knowledge of advanced welding practices, welding process parameters, and the comparative merits of different welding methods. Students should learn to select the appropriate welding technique for various joint types and understand how to produce quality weldments.

#### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To learn various concepts related to welding and its applications.
- 2. To have practical purview of various welding processes, welding standards, and advanced welding processes.
- 3. Familiarise with the working of the various welding processes.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

#### On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

CO1: Explain the physics of WeldingCO2: Identify the appropriate Welding technique for the componentsCO3:Select proper techniques to identify the welding defectsCO4: Acquire skills on advanced welding techniquesCO5: Demonstrate the necessary skills to identify the defects in welding.

#### **Pre-requisites:**

Knowledge of metal joining procedure



#### DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI - 600 025

L	Т	Р	С
1	0	4	3

### CO/PO Mapping

CO / PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
CO1	3			3			
CO2	3			3			
CO3	3			3			
CO4	3			3			
CO5	3			3			

Legend: 3-High Correlation, 2-Medium Correlation, 1-Low Correlation

#### **Instructional Strategy:**

- 1. Engage and Motivate: Instructors should actively engage students to boost their learning confidence.
- 2. Real-World Relevance: Incorporate relatable, real-life examples and engineering applications to help students understand and appreciate course concepts.
- 3. Interactive Learning: Utilize demonstrations and plan interactive student activities for an engaging learning experience.
- 4. Application-Based Learning: Employ a theory-demonstrate-practice-activity strategy throughout the course to ensure outcome-driven learning and employability.
- 5. Simulation and Real-World Practice: Conduct demonstrations and hands-on activities in a simulated environment, transitioning to real-world scenarios when possible.
- 6. Encourage Critical Analysis: Foster an environment where students can honestly assess experiment outcomes and analyze potential sources of error in case of discrepancies



### DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI - 600 025

L	Т	Р	С
1	0	4	3

# Assessment Methodology:

C	End			
CA1	CA2	CA3	CA4	Semester
0.111				Examinatio
				n
				(60 marks)
Practical Test	Practical Test	Written Test Theory	Practical Test	Practical Examination
Cycle I Exercises	Cycle II Exercises	All Portions	All Exercises	All Exercises Experiments
2 Periods	2 Periods	3 Hours	3 Hours	3 hours
60	60	100	100	100
10	10	15	15	60
]	   )	15	15	60
		-		
7th Week	14th Week	15th Week	16th Week	
	CA1 Practical Test Cycle I Exercises 2 Periods 60 10	CA1CA2Practical TestPractical TestCycle ICycle II Exercises2 Periods2 Periods606010101 0	CA1CA2CA3Practical TestPractical TestWritten Test TheoryCycle I ExercisesCycle II ExercisesAll Portions2 Periods2 Periods3 Hours60601001010151 015154 004	Practical TestPractical TestWritten Test TestPractical TestCycle I ExercisesCycle II ExercisesAll Portions All ExercisesAll Exercises2 Periods2 Periods3 Hours3 Hours6060100100100101015151 01515154 001010

Note:

- CA1 and CA2: All the exercises/experiments should be completed as per the portions above and kept for the practical test. The students shall be permitted to select any one by lot for the test. The practical test should be conducted as per the scheme of evaluation as below. The marks awarded shall be converted to 10 Marks for each assessment test. Best of one will be considered for the internal assessment of 10 Marks.
- Practical documents should be maintained for every experiment immediately after completion of the practice. The practical document should be submitted for the practical test. The same
- should be evaluated for 10 Marks for each exercise/experiment. The total
- marks awarded should be converted to 10 Marks for the practical test as per the schemeof evaluation as below.



#### DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI - 600 025

### The details of the documents to be prepared as per the instruction below.

Each exercise should be completed on the day of practice.

The same shall be evaluated for 10 marks on the day or next day of practice before

commencement of the next experiment.

This documentation can be carried out in a separate notebook / printed manual / file. The Steps, Procedure, Sketch and Result should be written by the student manually.

The detailed date of the practices and its evaluations should be maintained in the courselogbook.

The log book and the practical documents should be submitted for the verification by the Flying Squad and DOTE Official.

PART	DESCRIPTIO N	MARKS
А	Joint Preparation	20
В	Procedure	20
С	Weld bead	10
	TOTAL	50
D	Practical Documents (As per the portions)	10
		60

#### SCHEME OF EVALUATION

Cycle - I Exercise 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6.

#### Cycle - II Exercise 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12.

- **CA 3:** Written Test for complete theory portions should be conducted for 100 Marks as per the question pattern below. The marks scored will be converted to 15 Marks for internal assessment.
- CA 4: All the exercises/experiments should be completed and kept for the practical test. The students shall be permitted to select any one by lot for the test. The practical test should be conducted as per the scheme of evaluation below. After completion of all the exercises the practical test should be conducted as per End Semester Examination question pattern scheme of evaluation. The marks awarded should be converted to 15 Marks for the internal assessment.



### DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI – 600 025

1020235544	Advanced Welding Technologies	L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICUM		1	0	4	3

### **Question pattern – Written Test Theory**

Description		Marks	
Part – A	30 MCQ Questions.	30 X 1 Mark	30 Marks
Part – B	7 Questions to be answered out of 10 Questions.	7 X 10 Marks	70 Marks
	100 Marks		

#### SCHEME OF EVALUATION

#### Model Practical Examination and End Semester Examination - Practical Exam

PART	DESCRIPTION	MARKS
Α	Joint Preparation	20
В	Procedure	20
С	Weld bead	10
D	Finish	10
Е	Written Test	30
F	Viva Voce	10
	TOTAL	100

Note: For the written test 30 MCQ shall be asked from the theory portions.



1020235544	Advanced Welding Technologies	L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICUM		1	0	4	3

# Syllabus contents

<ul> <li>Overview of welding processes and their classification, edge preparation, weld symbols – types of joints - weld nomenclature - electrode - codes – flux coating - modes of metal transfer – heat sources – types of welding arc - Arc characteristics</li> <li>Voltage-current characteristics – welding efficiency - heat affected zone (HAZ) - welding techniques</li> <li>UNIT 2: Arc, Gas and other welding processes</li> <li>Fundamental principles - arc welding – carbon arc welding – shielded metal arc welding – submerged arc welding – TIG – MIG – plasma arc welding – electro slag welding - advantages, limitations and applications; Oxy-acetylene welding – air-acetylene welding – advantages, limitations and applications.</li> <li>LASER beam welding, robot welding, forge welding - thermit welding - atomic hydrogen welding - electron beam welding - under water welding - electric resistance welding, spot, seam – its advantages, disadvantages and applications.</li> <li>UNIT 3: Welding defects and Inspection</li> </ul>	eriod
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<ul> <li>sources – types of welding arc - Arc characteristics</li> <li>Voltage-current characteristics – welding efficiency - heat affected zone (HAZ) - welding techniques</li> <li>UNIT 2: Arc, Gas and other welding processes</li> <li>Fundamental principles - arc welding – carbon arc welding – shielded metal arc welding – submerged arc welding – TIG – MIG – plasma arc welding – electro slag welding - advantages, limitations and applications; Oxy-acetylene welding – air-acetylene welding – advantages, limitations and applications.</li> <li>LASER beam welding, robot welding, solid state welding - diffusion bonding, explosive welding, ultrasonic welding - index welding - thermit welding - atomic hydrogen welding - electron beam welding - under water welding - electric resistance welding, spot, seam – its advantages and applications.</li> <li>UNIT 3: Welding defects and Inspection</li> </ul>	
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<ul> <li>Fundamental principles - arc welding – carbon arc welding – shielded metal arc welding – submerged arc welding – TIG – MIG – plasma arc welding – electro slag welding - advantages, limitations and applications; Oxy-acetylene welding – air-acetylene welding – advantages, limitations and applications.</li> <li>LASER beam welding, robot welding, solid state welding - diffusion bonding, explosive welding, ultrasonic welding, friction welding, forge welding - thermit welding - atomic hydrogen welding - electron beam welding - under water welding - electric resistance welding, spot, seam – its advantages, disadvantages and applications.</li> <li>UNIT 3: Welding defects and Inspection</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>submerged arc welding – TIG – MIG – plasma arc welding – electro slag welding - advantages, limitations and applications; Oxy-acetylene welding – air-acetylene welding – advantages, limitations and applications.</li> <li>LASER beam welding, robot welding, solid state welding - diffusion bonding, explosive welding, ultrasonic welding, friction welding, forge welding - thermit welding - atomic hydrogen welding - electron beam welding - under water welding - electric resistance welding, spot, seam – its advantages, disadvantages and applications.</li> <li>UNIT 3: Welding defects and Inspection</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>limitations and applications; Oxy-acetylene welding – air-acetylene welding – advantages,</li> <li>limitations and applications.</li> <li>LASER beam welding, robot welding, solid state welding - diffusion bonding, explosive welding, ultrasonic welding, friction welding, forge welding - thermit welding - atomic hydrogen welding - electron beam welding - under water welding - electric resistance welding, spot, seam – its advantages, disadvantages and applications.</li> <li>UNIT 3: Welding defects and Inspection</li> </ul>	
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UNIT 3: Welding defects and Inspection	
Welding defects – causes and remedies – Weldability test - Weldability of metals like steels,	10
stainless steels, aluminium, copper, nickel and titanium alloys - inspections - purpose -	
inspection methods - visual inspection - DPT - MPT - radiographic test - ultrasonic test -	
phased array ultrasonic test (PAUT) - case studies in testing of welded joints - Software in	
welding and importance.	
Practice	
Arc welding basic exercises (for practice) :Lap joint, Butt joint, Corner joint, T-joint	
Gas welding basic exercises (for practice) : Lap joint, Butt joint, Corner joint, T-joint	



# DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI – 600 025

1020235544	Advanced Welding Technologies	L	Т	P	С
PRACTICUM		1	0	4	3

Practio	cal Exercises	
Exerc	ises for Practical Exam.:	40
1.	Make a butt and fillet joints by down hand welding (single V) using arc	
	welding.	
2.	Make a butt and fillet joints by vertical welding using arc welding.	
3.	Welding of pipes using arc welding	
4.	Butt welding of thin sheets leftward, rightward and downward using gas	
	welding.	
5.	Welding of tubes using gas welding.	
6.	TIG welding practice – butt joint.	
7.	MIG welding practice – butt joint.	
8.	Spot welding practice in thin sheets.	
9.	Inspection of welding – visual and magnetic particle test.	
10.	Inspection of welding – die penetrant test and ultrasonic test.	
	Revision + Test	10
	Total	75

#### Cycle – I Exercise 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6.

Cycle – II Exercise 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12.

### Suggested List of Students Activity:

- Observe the welding machine in the institute and study its specifications. List the possibility of different method of weld joints that can be used.
- Study the type of current used in the welding machine and draw the circuit diagram.
- Study the types of electrode used and its industrial applications.



### **Text and Reference Books:**

- 1. Advance Welding Technology by S.A. Rizvi, S.K. Kataria & Sons. 4th, reprint 2019.
- 2. Welding Engineering and Technology by R.S. PARMAR, IIT, Delhi, Kanna Publishers, 1999.
- 3. Welding principles and practices by Edward R. Bohnart, Mc. Graw Hill Education, 2014.

### WEB REFERENCE

- https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/112/103/112103263/#
- https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/112/103/112103244/
- https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/112/107/112107089/
- https://youtube.com/playlist?list=PLwdnzlV3ogoW9g44SFbiiCjyMOMPnNBL8&feat ure=shared

### END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS – PRACTICAL EXAM

#### Note:

All the exercises/experiments should be completed before the Board Practical Examinations. End Semester Practical examination should be conducted for all the exercises / experiments for 100 Marks. Students will be permitted to select any one exercise by lot or question paper supplied by the DOTE Exam section shall be used. The practical document prepared by the student should be submitted with a Bonafide Certificate.

PART	DESCRIPTIO N	MARKS
Α	Joint Preparation	20
В	Procedure	20
С	Weld bead	10
D	Finish	10
E	Written Test (Theory Portions)	30
F	Viva Voce	10
	TOTAL	100

#### SCHEME OF EVALUATION

Note: For the written test 30 MCQ shall be asked from the theory portions.



#### Introduction

It has been realized that rapid industrialization and globalization needs industries to be more competitive and deliver cost effective quality products. This needs industries to implement flexible manufacturing systems where Robotic technology plays a major role. Hence study of robotic technology is very essential, To acquire knowledge about the hydraulic and pneumatic systems and its functions of the components. Understand the control methods of automation.

#### **Course Objectives**

The objective of this course is to prepare the student,

- To understand the basics of robot components and process automation.
- To execute the Robot programming using simulation software.
- To execute the Robot programming and Execute.
- To perform the basics of robotics and simulation of software fixtures for material handling and industrial applications.
- To execute program for various applications in manufacturing by using robotprogramming and industrial safety systems.
- To learn about the software and hardware systems for industrial Robotics

#### **Course Outcomes**

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to,

CO1: Describe the components of Robot and its joints & links in Robot configuration, CO2:

Classify the robot controller Drives and grippers,

CO3: Explain industrial applications of robot in Manufacturing environment CO4:

Generate robot program for material handling applications

CO5: Execute / Simulate programs for various applications in manufacturing by using robot programming.



1020235545	Industrial Robotics	L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICUM		1	0	4	3

### **Pre-requisites**

Knowledge of Basic Robot Engineering, Robot software, Robot programming .

### **CO/PO Mapping**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
CO1	3			2			1
CO2	3			2			1
CO3	3			2			1
CO4	3			2			1
CO5	3			2			1

Legend: 3-High Correlation, 2-Medium Correlation, 1-Low Correlation

#### **Instructional Strategy**

Active Learning: Activities for active learning can include think-pair-share strategies as well askinesthetic learning environment. Teachers can start a discussion to make sure students take ownership over their own participation and talk through new ideas and skills with peers. Teachers guide students as they construct their own knowledge and understanding.

Hands-on-Training: Conduct demonstrations and hands on training is all about applying the knowledge you have learned in training into practice.

Real time Learning: Instructors encourage the students to implement the techniques in their own place / Lab through the Industry-Institute interactions.



1020235545	Industrial Robotics	L	Т	Р	C
PRACTICUM		1	0	4	3

#### **Assessment Methodology:**

	Cor	tinuous Assessme	nt (40 marks)		End
	CA1	CA2	CA3	CA4	Semester Examination (60 marks)
Mode	Practical	Practical	Written Test	Practical	Practical
widde	Test	Test	Theory	Test	Examination
Portion	Cycle I Exercises	Cycle II Exercises	All Portions	All Exercises	All Exercises Experiments
Duration	2 Periods	2 Periods	3 Hours	3 Hours	3 hours
Exam Marks	60	60	100	100	100
Converted to Marks	10	10	15	15	60
Marks	1	0	15	15	60
Internal Marks	al Marks 40			00	
Tentative Schedule	7th Week	14th Week	15th Week	16th Week	

Note:

• CA1 and CA2: All the exercises/experiments should be completed as per the portions above and kept for the practical test. The students shall be permitted to select any one by lot for the test. The practical test should be conducted as per the scheme of evaluation as below. The marks awarded shall be converted to 10 Marks for each assessment test. Best of one will be considered for the internal assessment of 10 Marks.

Practical documents should be maintained for every experiment immediately after completion of the practice. The practical document should be submitted for the practical test. The same should be evaluated for 10 Marks for each exercise/experiment. The total

marks awarded should be converted to 10 Marks for the practical test as per the scheme of evaluation as below.



1020235545	Industrial Robotics	L	Т	Р	C
PRACTICUM		1	0	4	3

#### The details of the documents to be prepared as per the instruction below.

Each exercise should be completed on the day of practice. The same shall be evaluated for 10 marks on the day or next day of practice before commencement of the next experiment.

This documentation can be carried out in a separate notebook / printed manual / file. The Steps, Procedure, Sketch and Result should be written by the student manually. The detailed date of the practices and its evaluations should be maintained in the course logbook. The log book and the practical documents should be submitted for the verification by the Flying Squad and DOTE Official.

### SCHEME OF EVALUATION

PART	DESCRIPTION	MARKS		
Α	A Step / Procedure			
В	Write Program	20		
С	Edit Program / Simulate / Execution	20		
	TOTAL	50		
D	Practical Documents (As per the portions)	10		
		60		

Cycle - I Exercise 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5.

### Cycle - II Exercise 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11.

• CA 3: Written Test for complete theory portions should be conducted for 100 Marks as per the question pattern below. The marks scored will be converted to 15 Marks for internal assessment.

#### **Question pattern – Written Test Theory**

	Description Mark			
Part – A	30 MCQ Questions.	30 X 1 Mark	30 Marks	
Part – B	7 Questions to be answered out of 10 Questions.	7 X 10 Marks	70 Marks	
	TOTAL			



1020235545	Industrial Robotics	L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICUM		1	0	4	3

**CA 4:** All the exercises/experiments should be completed and kept for the practical test. The students shall be permitted to select any one by lot for the test. The practical test should be conducted as per the scheme of evaluation below. After completion of all the exercises the practical test should be conducted as per End Semester Examination question pattern scheme of evaluation. The marks awarded should be converted to 15 Marks for the internal assessment.

### SCHEME OF EVALUATION

### Model Practical Examination - Practical Exam

PART	DESCRIPTION	MARKS
Α	Step / Procedure	10
В	Write Program	20
С	Edit Program / Simulate / Execution	20
D	Result / Finish / Accuracy	10
Е	Written Test	30
F	Viva Voce	10
	TOTAL	100

Note: For the written test 30 MCQ shall be asked from the theory portions.



1020235545	Industrial Robotics	L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICUM		1	0	4	3

# Syllabus contents

THEORY	
Introduction - Definitions of Robot -Robot Anatomy - Basic configuration of Robotics -	15
Robot Components - Manipulator, End effecter, Driving system, Controller and Sensors.	
Mechanical arm –	
Degrees of freedom – Links and joints – Types of joints – Joint notation scheme – Pitch,	
Yaw, Roll – Classification of robots – Work envelope, Work Volume.	
Robot controller - Configuration - Four types of controls - Open loop and closed loop	
controls - Speed of response and stability - Precision of movements: Spatial resolutions,	
accuracy and repeatability. Pneumatic drives – Hydraulic drives – Mechanical drives –	
Electrical drives –Stepper motors, DC Servo motors and AC Servo motors – Salient features	
– Applications and Comparisons of Drives. End effecters –Grippers – Mechanical Grippers,	
Magnetic Grippers, Vacuum Grippers, Two fingered and Three fingered Grippers, Internal and	
External Grippers,- End Of Arm Tooling (EOAT)- Selection and Design considerations	
Robot applications - Material handling - Press loading and unloading -Die casting -	
Machine tool loading and unloading – Spot welding – Arc welding	
- Spray painting - Assembling - Finishing - Automatic Guided Vehicle - Adopting robots to	
workstations – Requisite robot characteristics and Non requisite robot characteristics – Stages	
in selecting robots for industrial applications – Safety considerations for robot operations –	
Robotics in the future and characteristics task-Economical analysis of robots - Social	6
implications.	U
Practice	
Study of Robot system, Study and practice in the robot simulation software.	



L	Т	Р	С
1	0	4	3

# **Practical Exercise**

Ex.No	Name of the Experiment	
1.	Programming using Position recording using Cartesian co-ordinate system - (No. of positions – 9).	4
2.	Programming using Position recording using Polar co-ordinate system - (No. of positions - 9).	4
3.	Programming using Loops and sub – routine.	4
4.	Pick and place of objects (No. of objects to be specified- 6).	4
5.	Pick and stack of objects (No. of objects to be specified- 6).	4
6.	Arc welding practice(Length. of weld to be specified).	4
7.	Programming using Spot welding practice - (No. of spots Minimum 3).	4
8.	Assembling practice (Simple assembling).	4
9.	Profile cutting practice (combination of lines and arcs).	4
10.	Programming for Spray painting practice - (Area - 300mm x 300mm).	4
11.	Programming using Machine loading and unloading practice with time delay.	4
	Revision + Assessment	10
	Total	75

#### **Textbook:**

- 1. Mikell P Groover, Mitchell Weiss, Roger N Nagel, Nicholas Odrey, and Ashish Dutta, Industrial Robotics Technology, Programming and Applications, 2nd Edition, McGraw Hill, 2013.
- 2. Appuu Kuttan, Robotics, I.K. International Publishing House Pvt. Limited, 2013
- Ganesh S. Hegde, A Textbook of Industrial Robotics, Second Edition, Laxmi Publications (P) Ltd., 2015
- Nagarajan Ramachandran, Introduction to Industrial Robotics, Pearson India Education Services Pvt. Ltd., 201



1020235545	Industrial Robotics	L	Т	Р	C
PRACTICUM		1	0	4	3

#### Website links for reference:

- https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLyqSpQzTE6M\_XM9cvjLLO\_Azt1FkgPhpH
- https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLFW6lRTa1g81AGUOky\_xVhNVsudGwZxsY

#### LIST OF EQUIPMENTS

- 1. Robot simulation software or Robotic arm
- 2. Computer 30 Nos.

#### END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS – PRACTICAL EXAM

#### Note:

All the exercises/experiments should be completed before the Board Practical Examinations. End Semester Practical examination should be conducted for all the exercises / experiments for 100 Marks. Students will be permitted to select any one exercise by lot or question paper supplied by theDOTE Exam section shall be used. The practical document prepared by the student should be submitted with a Bonafide Certificate.

#### SCHEME OF EVALUATION

PART	DESCRIPTION	MARKS		
Α	Step / Procedure	10		
В	B Write Program			
С	Edit Program / Simulate / Execution	20		
D	Result / Finish / Accuracy	10		
Е	Written Test (Theory Portions)	30		
F	Viva Voce	10		
	TOTAL	100		

Note: For the written test 30 MCQ shall be asked from the theory portions.



#### Introduction:

To impart knowledge about HVAC system components, handling the components and testing the performance is very much needed. This content would be useful to select the various types of components to be used in HVAC systems with different capacities. The knowledge about VFD compressors and capacity calculation of cooling coils is very essential in the present scenario.

#### **Course Objectives:**

The objective of this course is to enable the student to

- Practice, set and adjust the LP and HP cut-out, TEV and thermostat in refrigeration systems.
- Test the capacitor and selector switch for its working.
- Test the pumping capacity of sealed compressor.
- Determine the capacity of fan and evaporator coil of window air conditioner.
- Determine the capacity of air cooled condenser of split air conditioner.
- Determine the range, approach and efficiency of cooling tower.

#### **Course Outcomes**

After successful completion of this course, the students should be able to,

CO1: Explain the construction and working of compressor and condenser.CO2:

Explain the functions of expansion valve and evaporator.

CO3: Describe the different components in the HVAC system.CO4:

Demonstrate the various processes of HVAC system.

CO5: Demonstrate the electrical components used in HVAC system.

#### **Pre-requisites:**

Basic knowledge of HVAC Components.



### **CO/PO Mapping**

CO / PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
CO1	3			3			
CO2	3			3			
CO3	3			3			
CO4	3			3			
CO5	3			3			

Legend: 3-High Correlation, 2-Medium Correlation, 1-Low Correlation

#### **Instructional Strategy:**

- It is advised that teachers take steps to pique pupils' attention and boost their learning confidence.
- To help students learn and appreciate numerous concepts and principles in each area, teachers should provide examples from daily life, realistic situations, and real-world engineering and technological applications.
- The demonstration can make the subject exciting and foster in the students a scientificmindset. Student activities should be planned on all the topics.
- Throughout the course, a theory-demonstrate-practice-activity strategy may be used to ensure that learning is outcome and employability based.
- All demonstrations/Hand-on practices are under a simulated environment (may befollowed by a real environment as far as possible).



L	Т	Р	С
1	0	4	3

# Assessment Methodology:

	Co	ontinuous Assess		End	
	CA1	CA2	CA3	CA4	Semester Examination (60 marks)
Mode	Practical Test	Practical Test	Written Test Theory	Practical Test	Practical Examination
Portion	Cycle I Exercises	Cycle II Exercises	All Portions	All Exercises	All Exercises Experiments
Duration	2 Periods	2 Periods	3 Hours	3 Hours	3 hours
Exam Marks	60	60	100	100	100
Converted to Marks	10	10	15	15	60
Marks	1	0	15	15	60
Tentative Schedule	7th Week	14th Week	15th Week	16th Week	

Note:

**CA1 and CA2:** All the exercises/experiments should be completed as per the portions above and kept for the practical test. The students shall be permitted to select any one by lot for the test. The practical test should be conducted as per the scheme of evaluation as below. The marks awarded shall be converted to 10 Marks for each assessment test. Best of one will be considered for the internal assessment of 10 Marks.

Practical documents should be maintained for every experiment immediately after completion of the practice. The practical document should be submitted for the practical test. The same should be evaluated for 10 Marks for each exercise/experiment. The total marks awarded should be converted to 10 Marks for the practical test as per the scheme of evaluation as below.



#### The details of the documents to be prepared as per the instruction below.

Each exercise should be completed on the day of practice.

The same shall be evaluated for 10 marks on the day or next day of practice before commencement of the next experiment.

This documentation can be carried out in a separate notebook / printed manual / file. The Steps, Procedure, Sketch and Result should be written by the student manually.

The detailed date of the practices and its evaluations should be maintained in the course logbook. The log book and the practical documents should be submitted for the verification by the Flying Squad and DOTE Official.

PART	DESCRIPTION	MARKS
А	Aim / Procedure	10
В	Tools required / Observation	20
С	Diagrams / Tabulation and calculation / Setting / Adjusting	20
TOTAL		50
D	Practical Documents (As per the portions)	10
		60

#### SCHEME OF EVALUATION

Cycle - I Exercise 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6.

#### Cycle - II Exercise 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12.

**CA 3:** Written Test for complete theory portions should be conducted for 100 Marks as per the question pattern below. The marks scored will be converted to 15 Marks for internal assessment.

**CA 4:** All the exercises/experiments should be completed and kept for the practical test. The students shall be permitted to select any one by lot for the test. The practical test should be conducted as per the scheme of evaluation below. After completion of all the exercises the practical test should be conducted as per End Semester Examination question pattern scheme of evaluation. The marks awarded should be converted to 15 Marks for the internal assessment.



1020235546	HVAC Systems and Components	L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICUM	• •	1	0	4	3

### **Question pattern – Written Test Theory**

	Description		ks
Part – A	30 MCQ Questions.	30 X 1 Mark	30 Marks
Part – B	7 Questions to be answered out of 10 Questions.	7 X 10 Marks	70 Marks
	TOTAL		100 Marks

#### SCHEME OF EVALUATION

#### **Model Practical Examination - Practical Exam**

PART	DESCRIPTION	MARKS
Α	Aim / Procedure	10
В	Tools required / Observation	20
С	Diagrams / Tabulation and calculation / Setting / Adjusting	20
D	Result / Report	10
Е	Written Test	30
F	Viva Voce	10
	TOTAL	100

Note: For the written test 30 MCQ shall be asked from the theory portions.



1020235546	HVAC Systems and Components	L	Т	Р	С
PRACTICU M		1	0	4	3

# Syllabus Contents

Unit 1	Compressor	
Compressor	- Introduction - functions of a compressor - Classification - open type	
reciprocating	g compressor - Hermetically sealed compressors - construction and	3
working		

Unit II	Condenser	
Condenser	- Introduction – Functions —Classification of condensers – Air cooled	
condenser, V	Water cooled condenser - Construction and Working	3
Unit III	Expansion device	
3.1 Expans	ion devices- Introduction – Functions – Types of expansion devices	
-Capillary	tube, Automatic expansion valve, Thermostatic expansion valve -	3
Constructio	n and working only.	
Unit IV	Evaporator	
Evaporator	- Introduction – Functions - Types of evaporators – Bare tube coilevaporators-	3
Finned evap	orators – Construction and working only.	
Unit V	HVAC System Controls and Fans	
Motor O	perating Components: Selector switch - OLP - Relay - Capacitor - Starting,	3
Running. S	ystem Controls: LP, HP cutout - Humidity control - Thermostat switch -	
Solenoid va	lve.	
Fans – In	troduction - function of fans - Types of fans - centrifugal fans - Axial flow fan -	
Propeller fai	n, Tube axial fan and vane axial fan – Construction and workingonly.	



### 1020235546

PRACTICUM

**HVAC Systems and Components** 

L	Т	Р	С
1	0	4	3

Ex. No	Name of the Exercise	Periods
1	Charging of Refrigerant in a refrigeration System	4
2	Pump down of refrigerant from the refrigeration System	4
3	Find out the leak in the refrigeration System and rectify the defect	4
4	Charging of oil in the refrigeration System	4
5	Setting and Adjusting the thermostat.	4
6	Setting and Adjusting of low pressure and High pressure cut out in VCR system.	4
7	Setting and Adjusting of thermostatic expansion valve.	4
8	Testing the pumping capacity of a sealed compressor.	4
9	Testing and Replacement of faulty capacitor and selector switch.	4
10	Determination of capacity of fan.	4
11	Determination of capacity of evaporator coil of window / Split Air conditioner	4
12	Determination of capacity of air cooled condenser of a Window / Split Air conditioner	4
	Revision + Test	12
	Total	75

### Suggested List of Students Activity:

- 1. Prepare/Download a specification of the following:
- 2. Various tools, Equipment's and controls used in HVAC systems
- 3. Presentation / seminar by students on HVAC systems



L	Т	Р	С
1	0	4	3

### **TEXT BOOKS and REFERENCES**

- 1. ASHRAE Hand Book Heating, ventilating and Air-conditioning systems and equipment.
- 2. The Institute of Plumbing Plumbing Engineering Services Design Guide.
- 3. Principles of Electrical and Engineering and Electronics by V.K.Mehta and Rohit Mehta.

#### Web-based/Online Resources:

- https://youtu.be/IKn3c7Sup9k?si=eWDXDgmNGB-RnGs7
- https://youtu.be/PjcdqAkP0UA?si=Ik-us0HFvDgver4M
- https://youtu.be/QgVnRsdoxwQ?si=uf3JHI\_hqwK2nkRR
- https://youtu.be/6YiCjnjLKH8?si=SSc125M7ZlDARi9t



#### END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS – PRACTICAL EXAM

#### Note:

All the exercises/experiments should be completed before the Board Practical Examinations. End Semester Practical examination should be conducted for all the exercises / experiments for 100 Marks. Students will be permitted to select any one exercise by lot or question paper supplied by the DOTE Exam section shall be used. The practical document prepared by the student should be submitted with a Bonafide Certificate.

PART	DESCRIPTION	MARKS
Α	Aim / Procedure	10
В	Tools required / Observation	20
С	Diagrams / Tabulation and calculation /	20
	Setting / Adjusting	
D	Result / Report	10
Ε	Written Test	30
F	Viva Voce	10
	TOTAL	100

#### SCHEME OF EVALUATION

Note: For the written test 30 MCQ shall be asked from the theory portions.

#### **Equipment / Facilities required to conduct the Practical Course.**

Sl.No	Equipment's	Nos
01	VCR experimental setup with thermostat, LP HP cutouts and TEV	1
02	Sealed compressor and gauge manifold set	1
03	Experimental setup for testing capacitor and selector switch	1
04	Experimental setup for determining capacity of fan and anemometer	1
05	Window air conditioner experimental setup for finding the capacity of evaporator	1
06	Split air conditioner experimental setup for finding the capacity of air cooled condenser	1
07	Cooling tower experimental setup	1



1220236110	Forging Dies, Die Casting Dies & Die Maintenance	L	Т	Р	С
Theory		3	0	0	3

#### Introduction

Development and use of Forging & Die casting products is high in industries and requires more knowledge on Forging dies and Die Casting Dies and understand of its processes and the operations. This subject will develop the basic knowledge on Forging and Die casting Dies with the process and the basic operations.

#### **Course Objectives**

- Explain the fundamentals of forgings, and forging processes.
- Compare the different types of forging
- Design Drop Forging dies.
- Design press forging and Machine forging dies.
- Explain the basics of Die casting process.
- Explain the working of die casting machines.
- Design die casting die
- State the characteristics of the die steel
- Explain the causes and remedies of die casting defects.
- Practice on estimation and costing of dies
- Estimate the cost of dies
- Understand the necessity & importance of die maintenance

#### **Course Outcomes**

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

- CO1: Explain the fundamentals of forging and forging processes
- CO2: Compare the different types of forging
- CO3: Illustrate the basics of Die casting Process
- CO4: Design a Die casting Die and identify the causes & remedies of die casting defects
- CO5: understand the Die maintenance

#### **Pre-requisites**

Basic knowledge of industries (through Industrial Visits)



1220236110	Forging Dies, Die Casting Dies & Die Maintenance		Т	Р	С
Theory		3	0	0	3

# **CO/PO Mapping**

CO / PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
CO1	3			3	3	3	3
CO2		3				3	1
CO3	1	3				3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3		
CO5	2	2	2	2	3		

Legend: 3-High Correlation, 2-Medium Correlation, 1-Low Correlation

### Assessment Methodology

	С	))	End Semester		
	CA1	CA2	CA3	CA4	Examination (60 marks)
Mode	Written test (Two units)	Written test (Another Two units)	Quiz MCQ (Online / Offline)	Model Examination	Written Examination
Duration	2 Periods	2 Periods	1 Hour	3 Hours	3 Hours
Exam Marks	50	50	60	100	100
Converted to	15	15	5	20	60
Marks	15		5	20	60
Tentative Schedule	6th Week	6th Week 12th Week		16th Week	



Theory

**CA1 and CA2:** Assessment written test should be conducted for 50 Marks for two units. The marks scored will be converted to 15 Marks. Best of one will be considered for the internal assessment of 15 Marks.

CA1and CA2, Assessment test should be conducted for two units as below.

Answer five questions (5 X 10 Marks = 50 Marks).

Eight questions will be asked, students should write Five questions. Each unit Four questions can be asked. Each question may have subdivisions. Maximum two subdivisions shall be permitted.

**CA3:** 60 MCQ can be asked by covering the entire portion. It may be conducted by Online / Offline. The answer scripts of every student (online / offline) for this assessment should be kept for records and future verification. The marks scored should be converted to 5 marks for the internal assessment.

**CA4:** Model examination should be conducted as per the end semester question pattern. The marks should be converted to 20 marks for the internal assessment.

### **Question Pattern:**

Answer Ten questions by selecting two questions from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks each.

Four questions will be asked from every unit, students should write any two questions. The question may have two subdivisions only.

#### syllabus Contents

Unit I	FORGING PROCESS AND FORGING MACHINES	
Introduction to F	orgings: Uses and advantages of forgings, forged parts Vs cast parts,	
Forging Tempera	atures, annealing of forgings, forging properties. forge ability and forgeable metals	
Forging process	es: Hot-working and cold-working – Advantages – comparison – hot-working	
operations: rollin	g, forging, smith forging, drop forging, upset forging press forging – roll forging –	
Roll die forging,	, skew rolling, ring rolling - power required calculations for rolling and forging	9
operations. Forgi	ing dies- drop hammers- board hammers, air lift hammers, power drop hammers,	
capacity of dro	p hammers. Press forging – Mechanical forging presses, Hydraulic press.	
Comparison of p	press forging Vs hammer forging. Machine or upset forgings. Heat treatment of	
forged parts Hea	ating devices-Box or batch type furnaces, rotary hearth furnaces, continuous or	
conveyor furnace	es, induction furnaces, resistance furnaces. Open fire and stock fire.	



	DESIGN OF DROP FORGING, PRESS FORGING AND					
Unit II	MACHINE FORGING DIES					
flattening dies – parting line posi	G DIE DESIGN: Hammer dies for preparatory work – fullering dies – edging dies – Drawing down dies – bending die. Essential features of forging dies – generous radii, tion, flash gutter, webs and panels, draft, air vents. Flash areas and gutters in finishing of multi impression die block, effect of grain flow.					
PRESS FORGIN design of press f	NG DIES: Rating of forging press, steps in press forging dies, design of press forgings, orging dies.	9				
MACHINE FORGING DIES:- General characteristics, techniques used in making these forgings, machine forging description and range, machine forging tools and operation, design of dies for forging machines Laws governing forging machine die design, Examples of forgings produced on forging machines, forging defects – causes and remedies.						
	BLOCKS AND DIES: Materials and grade of die blocks, applications of various sed for die blocks and dies-Die insert-Re-sinking of dies- IS code for tool and die steels					
Unit III	DIE CASTING MATERIALS , MACHINES, DIE MATERIALS AND TREATMENTS					
and application	MATERIALS: Types of die casting alloys –metallurgy, melting & casting procedure of zinc based die casting alloys, Aluminum base alloys, Magnesium base alloys, alloys, Copper base alloys, Lead base alloys and Tin base alloys.					
DIE CASTING MACHINES: Plunger machine, air machine, modern cold chamber machines. Die locking methods, injection systems, automatic cycle control, and interlock and safety devices in die casting machines. Operation of hot chamber and cold chamber die casting machines. Machine specifications, process parameters and their effect on product quality. Effect of die casting machine on the process – accumulator pressure, injection line pressure, intensification, plunger diameter, locking force, mode of injection, plunger diameter, casting cycle, lubrication.						
Steels – Heat th	LS AND TREATMENTS: Characteristics of Tool and Die steels – Choosing of Tool reatment of die steels – Tool steel production methods – Die surface coatings and ught low carbon steels and Cast irons – Nonferrous and non-metallic die materials.					



1220236110	Forging Dies, Die Casting Dies & Die Maintenance	L	Т	Р	С
Theory		3	0	0	3
Unit IV	DIE CASTING DIE DESIGN, DEFECTS AND FINISH	ING OI	F DIE C.	ASTING	G DIES
neck, nozzle, sp determination o calculating runn	DIE DESIGN: Flow system – Importance, metal flow systems orue, runners systems, shock absorbers, gate, gate area, gate ve of gate area. Procedure to calculate runner and gating dimen her and gating dimensions without $PQ^2$ diagram. Considerati es. Ejection systems – need and working of ejection system, T de	elocity, a sions us ion of sj	air vent, sing PQ <sup>2</sup> pecificati	overflow diagram on of di	/, 1, e
Segregation, Sh draws and Depre FINISHING OF	DEFECTS: Definition, causes and remedies of defects – rink cracks, Porosity, Cold shuts, Flow lines & Blooms, Folia essions, Soldering, sink mark and excessive flash. F DIE CASTING DIES: Trimming and piercing of die cast	tions, H	ard spots	s, Surfac	e 9
Segregation, Sh draws and Depre	rink cracks, Porosity, Cold shuts, Flow lines & Blooms, Folia essions, Soldering, sink mark and excessive flash. F DIE CASTING DIES: Trimming and piercing of die cast	tions, H	ard spots	s, Surfac	e 9
Segregation, Shi draws and Depro FINISHING OF casting dies with <b>Unit V</b> DIE MAINTEN tools – shimmin Die maintenanc	rink cracks, Porosity, Cold shuts, Flow lines & Blooms, Folia essions, Soldering, sink mark and excessive flash. F DIE CASTING DIES: Trimming and piercing of die cast h other products DIE MAINTENANCE JANCE Good Maintenance Practice – Good grinding practice ag die components – ball lock punches and die buttons.	tions, H ting dies	ard spots	s, Surfacturison di	e g
Segregation, Shi draws and Depro FINISHING OF casting dies with <b>Unit V</b> DIE MAINTEN tools – shimmin Die maintenanc system – Reques Trouble Shootin Approach To D	rink cracks, Porosity, Cold shuts, Flow lines & Blooms, Folia essions, Soldering, sink mark and excessive flash. F DIE CASTING DIES: Trimming and piercing of die cast h other products DIE MAINTENANCE WANCE Good Maintenance Practice – Good grinding practice og die components – ball lock punches and die buttons.	ting dies e – Stres ystematic	ard spots 5- compa s relievin c die ma tems – S	s, Surfacturison di	e g e c

# Suggested List of Students Activity:

- Presentation/Seminars by students on any recent technological developments based on he course
- Online MCQ have to be conducted for all the five units.
- Blended learning activities to explore the recent trends and developments in the field.

### **Reference Books:-**

- 1. Chester L Lucas, Drop-Forging Dies and Die-Sinking, 2<sup>nd</sup>edition, Forgotten Books, 2016
- 2. Douglas T Hamilton, Machine Forging, 3<sup>rd</sup>edition, Forgotten Books, 2018
- 3. Chester L Lucas, Die Casting: Dies--machines-methods,3<sup>rd</sup>edition, Legare Street Press,2022



1220236110	Forging Dies, Die Casting Dies & Die Maintenance	L	Т	Р	С
Theory		3	0	0	3

#### Web-based/Online Resources

- 1. https://youtu.be/6IxJ8vcad3w?si=RPUwxMHaMZYyn2fn
- 2. https://youtu.be/JjdkBKXQh6Y?si=W8sUgyRv6Ma2GH7o
- 3. https://youtu.be/AGZnxHalu8c?si=IYMhsSnSRN7YHERy

### END SEMESTER QUESTION PATTERN - Theory Exam

#### **Duration: 3 Hrs.**

#### Max. Marks: 100

**Note:** Answer Ten questions by selecting two questions from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks each.

#### **Instruction to the Question Setters**

Four questions will be asked from every unit, students should write any two questions for 10 marks. The question may have two subdivisions only.



1220236211	INDUSTRIAL ENGINEERING	L	т	Ρ	С
THEORY		3	0	0	3

#### Introduction

In the Indian Economy, Industries and enterprises always find a prominent place. After globalization, the government of India has announced a liberalization policy of starting an enterprise which resulted in the mushroom growth of industries. The present day students should be trained not only in manufacturing processes but also in managing activities of industries. Training must be imparted to students not only to shape them as technicians but also as good managers. The knowledge about plant, safety, work study techniques, personnel management and financial management will definitely mould the students as managers to suit the industries. Due to the presence of such personalities the industries will leap for better prosperity and development.

#### **Course Objectives**

The objective of this course is to enable the student to

To study the different types of layout.

To study the safety aspects and its impacts on an organization.

To study different work measurement techniques.

To study the staff selection procedure and training of them.

To study capital and resources of capital.

To study inventory control system.

To study engineering ethics and human values.

#### **Course Outcomes**

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

- CO1: Understand about plant, plant layout, maintenance and importance of plant safety
- CO2: Understand about method study charts and work measurement techniques
- CO3: Understand management principles, personnel management and modern techniques in managements
- CO4: Understand share market, fixing the selling prices and stock control systems
- CO5: Understand about engineering ethics, human values, stress Management.



122023	6211
122023	0211

THEORY

L	т	Р	С
3	0	0	3

### **Pre-requisites**

Basic knowledge of industries (through Industrial Visits)

# **CO/PO Mapping**

CO / PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
CO1	3	3		3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	Ē		Ē	3
CO3	3	3		3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3		3	3	3	3
CO5	2	2	2	2	3	3	3

Legend: 3-High Correlation, 2-Medium Correlation, 1-Low Correlation

### Assessment Methodology

	Continuous Assessment (40 marks)				End Semester
	CA1	CA2	CA3	CA4	Examination (60 marks)
Mode	Written test (Two units)	Written test (Another Two units)	Quiz MCQ (Online / Offline)	Model Examination	Written Examination
Duration	2 Periods	2 Periods	1 Hour	3 Hours	3 Hours
Exam Marks	50	50	60	100	100
Converted to	15	15	5	20	60
Marks	15		5	20	60
Tentative Schedule	6th Week	12th Week	13-14th Week	16th Week	



THEORY

**CA1 and CA2:** Assessment written test should be conducted for 50 Marks for two units. The marks scored will be converted to 15 Marks. Best of one will be considered for the internal assessment of 15 Marks.

CA1and CA2, Assessment test should be conducted for two units as below.

Answer five questions (5 X 10 Marks = 50 Marks).

Eight questions will be asked, students should write Five questions. Each unit Four questions can be asked. Each question may have subdivisions. Maximum two subdivisions shall be permitted.

**CA3:** 60 MCQ can be asked by covering the entire portion. It may be conducted by Online / Offline. The answer scripts of every student (online / offline) for this assessment should be kept for records and future verification. The marks scored should be converted to 5 marks for the internal assessment.

**CA4:** Model examination should be conducted as per the end semester question pattern. The marks should be converted to 20 marks for the internal assessment.

#### **Question Pattern:**

Answer Ten questions by selecting two questions from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks each.

Four questions will be asked from every unit, students should write any two questions. The question may have two subdivisions only.

#### Syllabus Contents.

### Unit I PLANT ENGINEERING AND PLANT SAFETY

Plant Engineering: Plant – Selection of site of industry – Plant layout – types – process, product and fixed position – Plant maintenance – importance – Break down maintenance, preventive maintenance and scheduled maintenance.

Plant Safety: Importance – Industrial safety and procedure-Improper handling- accident - causes and cost of an accident - accident proneness - prevention of accidents-Settlement of industrial disputes - Indian Factories Act 1948 and its provisions related to health, welfare and safety.

### Unit II METHOD STUDY AND WORK MEASUREMENT

Method Study: Definition – Ergonomics-Basic procedure for conduct of method study – Tools used – Operation process chart, Flow process chart, two handed process chart- Man machine chart.

Work Measurement: Definition – Basic procedure in making a time study – Cycle time and Total Time-Techniques of work measurement - Ratio delay study, Synthesis from standard data, analytical estimating, Predetermined Motion Time System(PMTS)



9

9

PRINCIPLES OF MANAGEMENT AND MODERN MANAGEMENT TECHNIQUES

Unit III

Principles of Manageme	ent: Definition of management - Administration - Organization - F.W.	
Taylor's and Henry Fayo	ol's Principles of Management - Selection procedure - Training of workers -	
Apprentice training –	On the job training and vestibule school training - wages and salary	
administration – Compor	nents of wages.	
		9
Modern Management Te	echniques: Industry 4.0 – Internet of things(IoT)-Cloud computing-AI and	
Machine Learning-Mana	agement Information System(MIS)-5S concept - Just in Time(JIT) - ERP -	
Kanban - SQC - SPC -	PPC - TPM - TQM - Quality tools - PDCA act - Six sigma - Q7 tools -	
Planning and Scheduling	g – Corrective and preventive action.	
Unit IV FINANCL	AL AND MATERIAL MANAGEMENT	·
Financial Management:	Resources of capital - shares-preference and equity shares - debentures-	
Factory costing – direct of	cost - indirect cost - Factory overhead - Selling price of a product - Profit -	
Problems. Depreciation	- Causes -Methods - Straight line, sinking fund and percentage on	
diminishing value metho	d-Packaging and Transportation costing-Low cost industrial machines.	
Material Management:	Objectives of good stock control system - ABC analysis of inventory -	0
Procurement and consum	nption cycle – Minimum Stock, Lead Time, Reorder Level - Economic order	9
quantity – problems –Su	pply chain-Storage methods-Material inward and outward-logistics Kaizan-	
Purchasing Procedure- B	in card.	
Unit V ENGINEE	CRING ETHICS AND HUMAN VALUES	L
	XING ETHICS AND HUMAN VALUES	
Engineering Ethics: Defi	nition - engineering ethics - personal and business ethics - duties and rights-	
environment and their in	mpact Kohlberg's stages of moral developmentenvironmental ethics -	
computer ethics - Intelled	ctual Property Rights (IPRs).	
		9
Human values : Morals	- values - integrity - service learning - civic virtue - respect for others -	
living peacefully-commi	tments - caring - sharing - honesty - courage - valuing time cooperation -	
empathy -self-confidenc	e– stress management.	
	TOTAL	45
	IOIAL	73
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	REGULATION 2023	
(189) LOCAL CONDUC		

#### **Suggested List of Students Activity**

Presentation/seminars by the students on modern management techniques.

Explore various plants during industrial visits.

Find the selling price of a product using ladder diagrams.

Find depreciation values of vehicles.

Find standard time for a particular job (in lathe) using stop watch time study methods.

#### Reference

- 1. Industrial Engineering and Management, O.P. Khanna, Revised Edition Publications (P) Ltd 2004, 67/4 Madras House, Daryaganj, New Delhi-110002.
- 2. Engineering Economics and Management, T.R. Banga& S.C. Sharma, McGraw Hill Editiion. 2 -2001, New Delhi.
- 3. Herald Koontz and Heinz Weihrich, Essentials of Management, McGraw Hill Publishing Company, Singapore International Edition. Latest

#### Web-based/Online Resources

https://www.youtube.com/live/nLyfI65bL78?si=P\_ZB42eSo9FoTyb6

https://youtu.be/PRI0wNoUfqk?si=qgf6Ek5Qh3PjMUM2

### **END SEMESTER QUESTION PATTERN - Theory Exam**

#### **Duration: 3 Hrs.**

#### Max. Marks: 100

**Note:** Answer Ten questions by selecting two questions from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks each.

#### **Instruction to the Question Setters**

Four questions will be asked from every unit, students should write any two questions for 10 marks. The question may have two subdivisions only.



Introduction:

Total Quality Management is a customer-oriented process and aims for continuous improvement of business operations. It ensures that all allied works (particularly work of employees) are toward the common goals of improving product quality or service quality, as well as enhancing the production process or process of rendering of services. However, the emphasis is put on fact-based decision making, with the use of performance metrics to monitor progress.

Course Objectives:

- 1. To get familiarized with the basic concept and framework of Total Quality management
- 2. To understand the contribution of Quality Gurus in TQM Journey
- 3. To grasp the nature and importance of various components that constitute TQM
- 4. To describe and discuss the role of techniques used in TQM
- 5. To meet customer expectations by providing high quality products and services
- 6. To encourage improvements in all organizational processes, products and services

Course Outcomes:

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

- CO1 Understand the dimension of quality, characteristics of TQM and ISO 9001:2008 QMS
- CO2 Apply various concepts of QC Tools and Control charts for Continuous process improvement
- CO3 Explain the various statistical data and comparison of frequency distribution statistical analysis functions of production planning and control, total quality management and implement OC and SQC tools in personal and professional career.
- ${\bf CO4}$  Understand and construct the various control charts for variable and attributes
- CO5- Understand the various Management Planning Tools and apply for Quality & production improvement



1220236212	Total Quality Management	L	Т	Р	С
THEORY		3	0	0	3

Pre-requisites:

Quality control, Quality assurance, Control charts, Process Management, Customer focus, Continuous Improvement

CO/PO Mapping

CO / PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
CO1			2	3	2	3	3
CO2	3	2	2			2	
CO3	3				1	3	
CO4	3		1		2	2	3
CO5	3	3	2	2	3	2	3

Legend: 3-High Correlation, 2-Medium Correlation, 1-Low Correlation

Instructional Strategy:

- Engage and Motivate: Teachers should actively engage students to boost their learning confidence
- To help students learn and appreciate numerous concepts and principles in each area, teachers should provide examples from daily life, realistic situations, and real-world engineering and technological applications.
- The demonstration can make the subject exciting and foster in the students a scientific mindset. Student activities should be planned on all the topics.
- Throughout the course, a theory-demonstrate-practice-activity strategy may be used to ensure that learning is outcome- and employability-based.
- Simulation and Real-World Practice: Conduct demonstrations and hands-on activities in a simulated environment, transitioning to real-world scenarios when possible.



THEORY

L	Т	Р	С
3	0	0	3

Assessment Methodology

	C	End Semester			
	CA1	CA2	CA3	CA4	Examination (60 marks)
Mode	Written test (Two units)	Written test (Another Two units)	Quiz MCQ (Online / Offline)	Model Examination	Written Examination
Duration	2 Periods	2 Periods	1 Hour	3 Hours	3 Hours
Exam Marks	50	50	60	100	100
Converted to	15	15	5	20	60
Marks	15		5	20	60
Tentative Schedule	6th Week	12th Week	13-14th Week	16th Week	

**CA1 and CA2:** Assessment written test should be conducted for 50 Marks for two units. The marks scored will be converted to 15 Marks. Best of one will be considered for the internal assessment of 15 Marks.

CA1and CA2, Assessment test should be conducted for two units as below.

Answer five questions (5 X 10 Marks = 50 Marks).

Eight questions will be asked, students should write five questions. Each unit four questions can be asked. Each question may have subdivisions. Maximum two subdivisions shall be permitted.

**CA3:** 60 MCQ can be asked by covering the entire portion. It may be conducted by Online / Offline. The answer scripts of every student (online / offline) for this assessment should be kept for records and future verification. The marks scored should be converted to 5 marks for the internal assessment.

**CA4:** Model examination should be conducted as per the end semester question pattern. The marks should be converted to 20 marks for the internal assessment.

#### **Question Pattern:**

Answer ten questions by selecting two questions from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks each. Four questions will be asked from every unit, students should write any two questions. The question may have two subdivisions only.



1220236212	Total Quality Management	L	Т	Р	С
THEORY		3	0	0	3

Syllabus Contents

UNIT – I BASIC CONCEPTS OF TOTAL QUALITY MANAGEMENT	
Quality-Definitions - Dimensions of quality - Brainstorming and its objectives – Introduction to TQM – Characteristics – Basic concepts – Elements – Pillars – Principles - Obstacles to TQM implementation – Potential benefits of TQM – Quality council – Duties	9
Responsibilities – Quality statements – Vision – Mission – Quality policy statements – Strategic planning – Seven steps to strategic planning – Deming philosophy- Customer delight - ISO 9001:2008 Quality Management System requirements and implementation	
UNIT – II CONTINUOUS PROCESS IMPROVEMENT – Q7 TOOLS	
Input / Output process model – Juran Trilogy – PDCA (Deming Wheel) cycle – 5S Concepts – SEIRI, SEITON, SEISO, SEIKETSU and SHITSUKE – needs and objectives – effective implementation of 5S concepts in an organization - Housekeeping – Kaizen. Seven	9
tools of quality control (Q-7 tools) – Check sheet – Types of check sheet –Histogram – Cause and effect diagram - Pareto diagram – Stratification Analysis – Scatter diagram Graph/run charts – Control charts - Construction of above diagrams. Quality circle - concept of quality circle - Organisation of Quality circle and objectives of Quality circle.	
UNIT – III STATISTICAL FUNDAMENTALS	
Types of Data – Collection of Data – Classification of Data – Tabular presentation of Data	
Graphical representation of a frequency distribution – Comparison of Frequency distribution	9
<ul> <li>Mean – Median – Mode – Comparison of measures of central tendency – Introduction to measures of dispersion – Sample – sampling - Normal curve – Sigma – Concept of six sigma – Principles – Process- Problems.</li> </ul>	7



THEORY

UNIT – IV CONTROL CHARTS	
Control chart – Types of control charts – Control chart for variables – Construction of X	
and R charts – control limits Vs specification limits – Process capability – Method of	
doing	
process capability Analysis – Measures of process capability – Problems. Attributes –	9
Control charts - P chart - np chart - c chart - u chart - Construction of above diagrams -	
Problems - Comparison between variable chart and Attribute chart.	
UNIT – V MANAGEMENT PLANNING TOOLS & BENCH MARKING	
Affinity diagram – Radar Diagram - Inter Relationship diagram (Inter Relationship diagram) – Tree diagram - Prioritization matrix – Matrix diagram – Decision tree – Arrow diagram – Matrix data analysis diagram - Construction of above diagrams. Bench marking – Objectives of bench marking – Types – Bench marking process - Benefits of Bench marking – Pit falls of Bench marking-Just In Time (JIT) concepts and its objectives – Total Productive Maintenance(TPM) - Introduction, Objectives of TPM – steps in implementing TPM.	9
TOTAL HRS.	45

## Suggested List of Students Activity:

- Presentation/Seminars by students on any recent technological developments based on the course
- Online MCQ have to be conducted for all the five units.
- Blended learning activities to explore the recent trends and developments in the field.



1220236212	Total Quality Management	L	Т	Ρ	С
THEORY		3	0	0	3

#### **Text and Reference Books:**

- 1) Total Quality Management, Date H.Besterfiled, Pearson Education Asia.
- 2) Total Quality Management, V.Jayakumar, Lakshmi Publications.(reprint 2005)
- 3) Training manual on ISO 9001 : 2000 & TQM, Girdhar J.Gyani, Raj Publishing House, Second Edition 2001

#### **Reference Book:**

- 1) Total Quality Management, Oakiand.J.S. Butterworth Heinemann Ltd. Oxford 1989.
- Quality Management Concepts and Tasks- Narayana.V and Sreenivasan.N.S., New Age International 1996.
- 3) Total Quality Management for engineers, Zeiri. Wood Head Publishers. 1991.

#### Web based online resources

- 1. https://www.techtarget.com/searchcio/definition/Total-Quality-Management
- 2. https://www.edrawmax.com/total-quality-management/
- 3. <u>https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/110/104/110104080/</u> You tube:

### **END SEMESTER QUESTION PATTERN - Theory Exam**

#### **Duration: 3 Hrs.**

#### Max. Marks: 100

**Note:** Answer Ten questions by selecting two questions from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks each.

#### **Instruction to the Question Setters**

Four questions will be asked from every unit, students should write any two questions for 10 marks. The question may have two subdivisions only.



6000236112	Entrepreneurship	L	Т	Р	С
THEORY		3	0	0	3

#### Introduction

Development of a diploma curriculum is a dynamic process responsive to the society and reflecting the needs and aspirations of its learners. Fast changing society deserves changes in educational curriculum particularly to establish relevance to emerging socio-economic environments; to ensure equity of opportunity and participation and finally promote concern for excellence. In this context the course on entrepreneurship and startups aims at instilling and stimulating human urge for excellence by realizing individual potential for generating and putting to use the inputs relevant to social prosperity and thereby ensuring good means of living for every individual, providing jobs and developing the Indian economy.

### **Course Objectives**

After completing this subject, the student will be able to

- Acquire entrepreneurial spirit and resourcefulness
- Familiarize Acquire knowledge about the business idea and product selection
- Analyze the banking and financial institutions
- Understand the pricing policy and cost analysis

#### **Course Outcomes**

- CO1: Explain the process of entrepreneurship
- CO2: Analyse the importance of generation of ideas and product selection
- CO3: Familiarization of various financial and non financial schemes
- CO4: Acquire various cost components to arrive pricing of the product
- CO5: Learn the preparation of project feasibility report

#### **Pre-requisites**

Knowledge of basics of Engineering and Industrial engineering



6000236112	Entrepreneurship	L	Т	Р	С
THEORY		3	0	0	3

**CO/PO Mapping** 

CO / PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
CO1	-	-	-	-	3	1	3
CO2	-	-	-	-	3	3	3
CO3	-	-	-	1	-	3	2
CO4	-	1	3	3	2	3	2
CO5	-	2	3	3	3	3	3

Legend: 3-High Correlation, 2-Medium Correlation, 1-Low Correlation

### **Instructional Strategy**

- Engage and Motivate: Instructors should actively engage students to boost their learning confidence.
- Real-World Relevance: Incorporate relatable, real-life examples and applications to help students understand and appreciate course concepts.
- Interactive Learning: Utilize demonstrations and plan interactive student activities for an engaging learning experience.
- Application-Based Learning: Employ a theory-demonstrate-practice- activity strategy throughout the course to ensure outcome-driven learning and employability.
- Simulation and Real-World Practice: Conduct demonstrations and hands-on activities in a simulated environment, transitioning to real- world scenarios when possible.



6000236112	Entrepreneurship	L	Т	Р	С
THEORY		3	0	0	3

Assessment Methodology

	Co	Continuous Assessment (40 marks)				
	CA1	CA2	CA3	CA4	Examination (60 marks)	
Mode	Written test (Two units)	Written test (Another Two units)	Quiz MCQ (Online / Offline)	Model Examination	Written Examination	
Duration	2 Periods	2 Periods	1 Hour	3 Hours	3 Hours	
Exam Marks	50	50	60	100	100	
Converted to	15	15	5	20	60	
Marks	1	15		20	60	
Tentative Schedule	6th Week	12th Week	13-14th Week	16th Week		

**CA1 and CA2:** Assessment written test should be conducted for 50 Marks for two units. The marks scored will be converted to 15 Marks. Best of one will be considered for the internal assessment of 15 Marks.

CA1and CA2, Assessment test should be conducted for two units as below.

(5 X 10 Marks = 50 Marks).

Eight questions will be asked, students should write Five questions. Each unit Four questions can be asked. Each question may have subdivisions. Maximum two subdivisions shall be permitted.

**CA3:** 60 MCQ can be asked by covering the entire portion. It may be conducted by Online / Offline. The answer scripts of every student (online / offline) for this assessment should be kept for records and future verification. The marks scored should be converted to 5 marks for the internal assessment.

**CA4:** Model examination should be conducted as per the end semester question pattern. The marks should be converted to 20 marks for the internal assessment.

Question Pattern:

Answer Ten questions by selecting two questions from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks each.

Four questions will be asked from every unit, students should write any two questions. The question may have two subdivisions only.



60	00236112	Entrepreneurship			Р	C
Т	HEORY	3	0	0	3	
Unit I	Entrepreneursh	p – Introduction and Process				
Entrepren entreprene	eurship, Process of eur -, Ethical Entre n and entrepreneurs	- Importance, Myths about Entrepreneursh Entrepreneurship, , Competencies and preneurship, Entrepreneurial Values and A hip- Entrepreneurs - as problem solvers, I eneur, - Risk Taking-Concepts	characte Attitude	eristics s, Creat	of an	7
		uring, Trading and Services, Stakeholders:	- 11		<u> </u>	7
business g Vendor N	goals- Patent, copy Ianagement, -Busin	, Capital and Entrepreneurial tools and res right and Intellectual property rights, Cus ass Ideas vs. Business Opportunities, Op a - Business Failure – causes and remedies	tomer F	Relations ity – S	s and WOT	
Unit III	Banking					
Role of C	Sovernment policy,	fication of business enterprises- Role of f Entrepreneurial support systems, Incentiv nemes for Central governments.				7
Unit IV	Pricing and Cos	t Analysis				
product of of the ter product,	r service, -financial rm Cash Inflow and , Understand the im	Fixed- Operational Costs - Break Even A Business Case Study, Understand the me I Cash Outflow- Pricing- Calculate Per U portance and preparation of Income Stater cting pricing GST.	eaning Jnit Cos	and co st of a s	ncept single	7



6000236112	Entrepreneurship	L	Т	Р	С
THEORY		3	0	0	3

Unit V	Business Plan Preparation	
Importance and Sales	Report – Technical analysis, financial analysis- Market Research - Concept, e and Process- tools for market research- Market Sensing and Testing, Marketing strategy, Digital marketing, Branding - Business name, logo, tag line, Promotion usiness Plan Preparation, -Concept and Importance, , Execution of Business Plan.	7
	Revision + Test	10
	TOTAL HOURS	45

### Suggested list of Students Activity.

- 1. Students can explore app development or web design. They'll learn about technology, user experience, and marketing.
- 2. Hosting events, workshops, or conferences allows students to practice project management, networking, and marketing skills.
- 3. Encourage students to address social or environmental issues through innovative business solutions. This fosters empathy and creativity.
- 4. Part of entrepreneurship clubs or organizations provides networking opportunities, mentorship, and exposure to real-world challenges.
- 5. Competitions like business plan contests or pitch events allow students to showcase their ideas and receive feedback.
- 6. Students can create and sell handmade crafts, artwork, or other products. This teaches them about production, pricing, and customer relations.
- Students can provide consulting services in areas they're knowledgeable about, such as social media marketing or financial planning.
- Encourage students to create and manage their own small business or offer freelance services. This hands-on experience helps them understand various aspects of entrepreneurship.



6000236112	Entrepreneurship	L	Т	Р	С
THEORY		3	0	0	3

### **Text and Reference Books:**

- 1. G.K. Varshney, Fundamentals of Entrepreneurship, Sahitya Bhawan Publications, Agra., 2019.
- 2. H.Nandan, Fundamentals of Entrepreneurship, Prentice Hall India Learning Private Limited, Third Edition, 2013.
- R.K. Singal, Entrepreneurship Development & amp; Management, S K Kataria and Sons, 2013.

### Web Reference:

- https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/15-390-new-enterprises-spring-2013/resources/lecture-1/
- https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20\_ge08/preview

### **END SEMESTER QUESTION PATTERN - Theory Exam**

### **Duration: 3 Hours.**

### Maximum Marks: 100

Note: Answer Ten questions by selecting Two questions from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks.

### Instruction to the question setters.

Each unit should have four questions. Each question carries 10 Marks. Each question may have two subdivisions only.



6000236113	Project Management	L	Т	Р	С
THEORY		3	0	0	3

### Introduction

Project management is the systematic application of knowledge, skills, tools, and techniques to project activities to meet specific project requirements. It involves planning, organizing, and managing resources to achieve project goals within defined scope, time, and budget constraints. Project management encompasses several key processes and phases, including initiation, planning, execution, monitoring and controlling, and closing. It is essential across various industries to ensure projects are completed successfully, efficiently, and effectively, aligning with organizational objectives and stakeholder expectations. Project managers play a crucial role in leading teams, managing risks, ensuring quality, and communicating with stakeholders to drive project success.

### **Course Objectives**

After completing this subject, the student will be able,

- To understand the concept, characteristics and elements of projects.
- To understand the stages in Project Life Cycle.
- To appreciate the need for Project Portfolio Management System.
- To know the considerations in choosing appropriate project management structure.
- To understand the components of techno-economic feasibility studies.
- To know about the detailed project report
- To learn about project constraints.
- To understand the techniques of evaluation.
- To get insight into the Social Cost Benefit Analysis Method.
- To know how to construct project networks using PERT and CPM.
- To learn how to crash project networks
- To understand the meaning of project appraisal.
- To understand the meaning of project audits.
- To know the qualities of an effective project manager.
- To understand the stages in the Team Development model.



6000236113	Project Management	L	Т	Р	С
THEORY		3	0	0	3

#### **Course Outcomes**

- CO 1: Explain the principles of Project Management
- CO 2: Create and manage project schedules.
- **CO 3**: Create structure and manage the project commitments.
- CO 4: Acquire to Gain enterprise support.
- CO 5: Prepare a Detailed Project Report (DPR).

# Pre-requisites

Basic Knowledge. **CO/PO Mapping** 

CO / PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
CO1	3	-	-	-	-	3	1
CO2	3	-	-	-	1	3	1
CO3	3	-	-	1	1	3	1
CO4	3	-	-	-	1	3	1
CO5	3	-	-	1	1	3	1

Legend: 3-High Correlation, 2-Medium Correlation, 1-Low Correlation

### **Instructional Strategy**

- It is advised that teachers take steps to pique pupils' attention and boost their curiosity to learn.
- Implement task-based learning activities where students work on specific tasks or projects.
- Incorporate technology tools and resources, such as online platforms, interactive multimedia, and virtual communication tools, to enhance engagement and provide additional practice opportunities.
- All demonstrations/Hand-on practices may be followed in the real environment as far as possible.



6000236113	Project Management	L	Т	Р	С
THEORY		3	0	0	3

Assessment Methodology

	Co	ontinuous Assess	End Semester Examination		
	CA1	CA2	CA3	CA4	(60 marks)
Mode	Written test (Two units)	Written test (Another Two units)	Quiz MCQ (Online / Offline)	Model Examination	Written Examination
Duration	2 Periods	2 Periods	1 Hour	3 Hours	3 Hours
Exam Marks	50	50	60	100	100
Converted to	15	15	5	20	60
Marks	15		5	20	60
Tentative Schedule	6th Week	12th Week	13-14th Week	16th Week	

**CA1 and CA2:** Assessment written test should be conducted for 50 Marks for two units. The marks scored will be converted to 15 Marks. Best of one will be considered for the internal assessment of 15 Marks.

CA1and CA2, Assessment test should be conducted for two units as below.

(5 X 10 Marks = 50 Marks).

Eight questions will be asked, students should write Five questions. Each unit Four questions can be asked. Each question may have subdivisions. Maximum two subdivisions shall be permitted.

**CA3:** 60 MCQ can be asked by covering the entire portion. It may be conducted by Online / Offline. The answer scripts of every student (online / offline) for this assessment should be kept for records and future verification. The marks scored should be converted to 5 marks for the internal assessment.

**CA4:** Model examination should be conducted as per the end semester question pattern. The marks should be converted to 20 marks for the internal assessment.



THEORY         3         0         0         3	6000236113	Project Management	L	Т	Р	С
	THEORY	U U	3	0	0	3

#### **Question Pattern:**

Answer Ten questions by selecting two questions from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks each.

Four questions will be asked from every unit, students should write any two questions. The question may have two subdivisions only.

Unit I	Project Management – An Overview, Project Portfolio Management Syste	m and
	Structure, Steps in Defining Project and Project Delays	
Project – 0	Classification – Importance of Project Management – An Integrated Approach –	7
Project Po	rtfolio Management System - The Need - Choosing the appropriate Project	
Manageme	ent Structure: Organizational considerations and project considerations - steps in	
defining th	he project – project Rollup – Process breakdown structure – Responsibility	
Matrices –	External causes of delay and internal constraints.	
Unit II	Various Stages and Components of Project Feasibility Studies, Phases of a P	Project,
	Stages in Project Life Cycle and Project Constraints	
Project fe	asibility studies - Opportunity studies, General opportunity studies, specific	7
opportunit	y studies, pre-feasibility studies, functional studies or support studies, feasibility	
study – co	omponents of project feasibility studies - Managing Project resources flow -	
project pla	anning to project completion: Pre-investment phase, Investment Phase and	
operational	l phase – Project Life Cycle – Project constraints.	
Unit III	Project Evaluation under Certainty and Uncertainty, Project Eval	uation,
	Commercial and Social Cost Benefit Analysis	
Project Ev	aluation under certainty - Net Present Value (Problems - Case Study), Benefit	7
Cost Ratio	, Internal Rate of Return, Urgency, Payback Period, ARR – Project Evaluation	
under unc	ertainty – Methodology for project evaluation – Commercial vs. National	
Profitabilit	y – Social Cost Benefit Analysis, Commercial or National Profitability, social or	
national pr	ofitability.	



THEORY

Unit IV	Developing Project Network using PERT and CPM, Project Appraisal and C	Control
	Process.	
Developinş	g a Project Plan - Developing the Project Network - Constructing a Project	7
Network (F	Problems) – PERT – CPM – Crashing of Project Network (Problems - Case Study)	
– Resource	e Levelling and Resource Allocation - how to avoid cost and time overruns -	
Steps in P	roject Appraisal Process - Project Control Process - Control Issues - Project	
Audits – ť	he Project Audit Process - project closure - team, team member and project	
manager ev	valuations.	
Unit V	Project Managing Versus Leading of Project, Qualities of Project Manag	ger and
	Managing Project Teams, Team Building Models and Performance Tear	ns and
	Team Pitfalls.	
Managing	versus leading a project - managing project stakeholders – social network building	7
Including	versus leading a project - managing project stakeholders – social network building	
(menading	management by wandering around) – qualities of an effective project manager –	
managing	management by wandering around) – qualities of an effective project manager –	
managing	management by wandering around) – qualities of an effective project manager – project teams – Five Stage Team Development Model – Situational factors	10

## Suggested list of Students Activity,

### **Project Simulation and Role-Playing:**

- Activity: Participate in simulated project scenarios where students take on different roles within a project team (e.g., project manager, team member, stake holder).
- Purpose: This helps students understand the dynamics of project management, including leadership, communication, and team collaboration.



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THEORY		3	0	0	3

### **Case Study Analysis:**

- Activity: Analyze real-world case studies of successful and failed projects.
- Purpose: This activity enables students to apply theoretical knowledge to practical situations, identify best practices, and learn from the challenges and solutions implemented in real projects.

### **Group Project:**

- Activity: Work in teams to manage a project from initiation to closure, simulating a real project environment.
- Purpose: Group projects help students learn how to work collaboratively, manage group dynamics, and apply project management tools and techniques in a team setting.

### **Project Management Software Training:**

- Activity: Gain hands-on experience with project management software such as Microsoft Project, Asana, or Trello.
- Purpose: This activity equips students with practical skills in using technology to plan, track, and manage project tasks and resources efficiently.

### **Reference Books:**

- Clifford F. Gray And Erik W. Larson, Project Management The Managerial Process, Tata Mcgraw Hill.
- 2. Dragan Z. Milosevic, Project Management Toolbox: Tools And Techniques For The Practicing Project Manager,
- Gopalakrishnan, P/ Ramamoorthy, V E, Textbook Of Project Management, Macmillan India. Ltd.



6000236113	Project Management	L	Т	Р	С
THEORY		3	0	0	3

#### Web Reference

https://youtu.be/pc9nvBsXsuM

NPTEL Courses

https://youtu.be/PqQqTAu\_FiM

### **END SEMESTER QUESTION PATTERN - Theory Exam**

#### **Duration: 3 Hours.**

#### Maximum Marks: 100

Note: Answer Ten questions by selecting Two questions from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks.

#### Instruction to the question setters.

Each unit should have four questions. Each question carries 10 Marks. Each question may have two subdivisions only.



1020236115	La landara 4.0	L	Т	Р	С
THEORY	Industry 4.0	3	0	0	3

#### Introduction

Industry 4.0, also known as the Fourth Industrial Revolution, represents the current trend of automation and data exchange in manufacturing technologies. It integrates advanced technologies such as artificial intelligence (AI), the Internet of Things (IoT), cloud computing, and big data analytics to create "smart factories" that are highly efficient and adaptive.

Industry 4.0 is transforming the manufacturing landscape by leveraging advanced technologies to create more efficient, flexible, and intelligent production processes. For diploma engineering students, understanding these concepts is crucial as they will play a key role in the future of engineering and manufacturing. Learning Industry 4.0 will not only enhance your technical skills but also prepare you for the evolving job market in the digital age.

#### **Course Objectives**

The objective of this course is to prepare the student,

- To understand the basics of Technology of Industry 4.0 and IoT
- To learn about the Artificial Intelligence and Application Domains
- To study Robotic Process Automation and programming.
- To understand the Augmented & Virtual Reality and its applications

To learn and evolution of IoT, Sensors, and Actuators

### **Course Outcomes**

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to,

CO1: Describe the Industry 4.0 technology and Industrial Internet of Things

CO2: Explain the Artificial Intelligence (AI) and Future Prospects of AI.

CO3: Explain Robotic Process Automation (RPA) for Manufacturing Industry

CO4: Describe Augmented & Virtual Reality and its

aapplication.

CO5: Explain the applications of IoT, Sensors, and Actuators in industries

### **Pre-requisites**

Basic Knowledge of Industry 4.0 and its Applications



1020236115	Industry 4.0	L	Т	Р	С
THEORY		3	0	0	3

**CO/PO Mapping** 

CO / PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
C01	3				1		1
CO2	3				1		1
CO3	3				1		1
CO4	3				1		1
CO5	3				1		1

Legend: 3-High Correlation, 2-Medium Correlation, 1-Low Correlation

# Assessment Methodology

	Co	Continuous Assessment (40 marks)				
	CA1	CA2	CA3	CA4	Examination (60 marks)	
Mode	Written test (Two units)	Written test (Another Two units)	Quiz MCQ (Online / Offline)	Model Examination	Written Examination	
Duration	2 Periods	2 Periods	1 Hour	3 Hours	3 Hours	
Exam Marks	50	50	60	100	100	
Converted to	15	15	5	20	60	
Marks	15		5	20	60	
Tentative Schedule	6th Week	12th Week	13-14th Week	16th Week		



1020236115	Industry 4.0	L	Т	Р	С
THEORY		3	0	0	3

**CA1 and CA2:** Assessment written test should be conducted for 50 Marks for two units. The marks scored will be converted to 15 Marks. Best of one will be considered for the internal assessment of 15 Marks.

CA1and CA2, Assessment test should be conducted for two units as below.

Answer five questions (5 X 10 Marks = 50 Marks).

Eight questions will be asked, students should write Five questions. Each unit Four questions can be asked. Each question may have subdivisions. Maximum two subdivisions shall be permitted.

**A3:** 60 MCQ can be asked by covering the entire portion. It may be conducted by Online / Offline. The answer scripts of every student (online / offline) for this assessment should be kept for records and future verification. The marks scored should be converted to 5 marks for the internal assessment.

**CA4:** Model examination should be conducted as per the end semester question pattern. The marks should be converted to 20 marks for the internal assessment.

## **Question Pattern:**

Answer Ten questions by selecting two questions from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks each.

Four questions will be asked from every unit, students should write any two questions. The question may have two subdivisions only.



1020236115	Industry 4.0	L	Т	Р	С
THEORY		3	0	0	3

Unit I: Introduction to Industry 4.0	
Need – Reason for Adopting Industry 4.0 - Definition – Goals and Design Principles -	7
Technologies of Industry 4.0 – Big Data – Artificial Intelligence (AI) – Industrial Internet	
of Things - Cyber Security – Cloud – Augmented Reality.	
Unit II: Artificial Intelligence	
Artificial Intelligence: Artificial Intelligence (AI) – What & Why? - History of AI -	7
Foundations of AI - The AI - Environment - Societal Influences of AI - Application	
Domains and Tools - Associated Technologies of AI - Future Prospects of AI - Challenges	
of AI.	
Unit III: Robotic Process Automation (RPA)	
Robotic Process Automation (RPA): Introduction to RPA – Need for automation –	7
Programming constructs in RPA – Robots and Softbots – RPA architecture and process	
methodologies - Industries best suited for RPA - Risks & Challenges with RPA.	
Unit IV: Augmented & Virtual Reality	
Augmented Reality: Definition - Tools for Augmented Reality - Hololens -	7
Advantages and Challenges of AR - Applications of AR in Education, Industries -	
Mixed Reality.	
Virtual Reality: Definition - Types of Head Mounted Displays - Tools for Virtual	
Reality – Applications of VR in Education, Industries - Difference between VR and AR.	
Unit V: IoT, Sensors and Actuators	
Evolution of IoT – Definition & Characteristics of IoT - Architecture of IoT –	7
Technologies for IoT – Developing IoT Applications – Applications of IoT – Industrial	
IoT – Security in IoT	
Analog and Digital Sensors - Interfacing temperature sensor, ultrasound sensor and	
infrared (IR) sensor with Arduino - Interfacing LED and Buzzer with Arduino.	
Assessment Test and Revision with Student activity	10



1220236351	Industry 4.0	L	Т	Р	С
THEORY	·	3	0	0	3

### Textbook:

- 1. Sudip Misra, Chandana roy, and Anandarup Mukherjee, Introduction to Industrial Internet of Things and Industry 4.0, Taylor & amp; Francis India, 2021.
- 2. Dr Anand Kumar Singh and Dr. Manish Gangil, INDUSTRY 4.0, Shashwat Publication, 2022.
- 3. Alasdair Gilchrist, Industry 4.0: The Industrial Internet of Things, 1st Edition, Apress, 2017.
- 4. Dr Kamlesh Lakhwani, Dr Hemant Kumar Gianey, Joseph Kofi Wireko, and Kamal Kant Hiran, Internet of Things (IoT), First Edition, BPB Publications, 2020.

### Website links for reference:

• <u>https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLbRMhDVUMngdcLdH4-YF1uJI4IuhcDZPR</u>

## END SEMESTER QUESTION PATTERN - Theory Exam

### **Duration: 3 Hrs.**

### Max. Marks: 100

**Note:** Answer Ten questions by selecting two questions from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks each.

### Instruction to the Question Setters

Four questions will be asked from every unit, students should write any two questions for 10 marks. The question may have two subdivisions only.



1220236351			С
	Internship	540 Periods	
PROJECT			12
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### Introduction

Internships in educational institutions are designed to provide students with practical experience in their field of study and to bridge the gap between academic knowledge and professional practice.

## Objectives

After completing Internship, Interns will be able to,

- Apply the theoretical knowledge and skill during performance of the tasks assigned in internship.
- Demonstrate soft skills such as time management, positive attitude and communication skills during performance of the tasks assigned in internship.
- Document the Use case on the assigned Task.
- Enable interns to apply theoretical knowledge gained in the classroom to real-world practical applications.
- Provide hands-on experience in the industrial practices.
- Develop essential skills such as communication, organization, teamwork, and problemsolving.
- Enhance specific skills related to the intern's area of focus.
- Offer a realistic understanding of the daily operations and responsibilities.
- Provide opportunities to work under the guidance of experienced supervisors and administrators.
- Allow interns to explore different career paths.
- Help interns make informed decisions about their future career goals based on first-hand experience.
- Facilitate the establishment of professional relationships with supervisor, administrators, and other professionals in the field.
- Provide access to a network of contacts that can be beneficial for future job opportunities and professional growth.



1220236351	Internship	540 Periods	С
PROJECT	<b>P</b>		12

- Foster personal growth by challenging interns to step out of their comfort zones and take on new responsibilities.
- Build confidence and self-efficacy through successful completion of internship tasks and projects.
- Give insight into the policies, regulations, and administrative practices.
- Allow interns to observe and understand the implementation of standards and policies in practice.
- Provide opportunities for constructive feedback from supervisors and mentors, aiding in the intern's professional development.
- Enable self-assessment and reflection on strengths, areas for improvement, and career aspirations.
- Encourage sensitivity to the needs and backgrounds of different groups, promoting inclusive and equitable industrial practices.

## **Course Outcomes**

- **CO1**: Demonstrate improved skills.
- **CO2**: Exhibit increased professional behaviour.
- **CO3**: Apply theoretical knowledge and principles in real-world practices.
- **CO4**: Develop and utilize assessment tools to evaluate the learning and practices.
- **CO5**: Engage in reflective practice to continually improve their learning and professional growth.



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	Internship	540 Periods	
PROJECT			12

### Facilitating the Interns by an Internship Provider.

Orient intern in the new workplace. Give interns an overview of the organization, Explain

the intern's duties and introduce him or her to co-workers.

Develop an internship job description with clear deliverables and timeline.

Allow the interns in meetings and provide information, resources, and opportunities for professional development.

The interns have never done this kind of work before, they want to know that their work is measuring up to organizational expectations, hence provide professional guidance and mentoring to the intern.

Daily progress report of Intern is to be evaluated by industry supervisor. examine what the intern has produced and make suggestions. Weekly supervision meetings can help to monitor the intern's work.

#### **Duties Responsibilities of the Faculty Mentor**

To facilitate the placement of students for the internship

To liaison between the college and the internship provider

To assist the Industrial Training Supervisor during assessment

#### **Instructions to the Interns**

- Students shall report to the internship provider on the 1st day as per the internship schedule.
- Intern is expected to learn about the organization, its structure, product range, market performance, working philosophy etc.
- The interns shall work on live projects assigned by the internship provider.



1220236351			С
PROJECT	Internship	540 Periods	12

- The Intern shall record all the activities in the daily log book and get the signature of the concerned training supervisor.
- Intern shall have 100% attendance during internship programme. In case of unavoidable circumstances students may avail leave with prior permission from the concerned training supervisor of the respective internship provider. However, the maximum leave permitted during internship shall be as per company norms where they are working and intern shall report the leave sanctioned details to their college faculty mentor.
- The interns shall abide all the Rules and Regulations of internship provider
- Intern shall follow all the safety Regulations of internship provider.
- On completion of the internship, the intern shall report to the college and submit the internship certificate mentioning duration of internship, evaluation of interns by internship provider, Student's Diary and Comprehensive Training Report.

### **Attendance Certification**

Every month students have to get their attendance certified by the industrial supervisor in the prescribed form supplied to them. Students have also to put their signature on the form and submit it to the institution supervisor. Regularity in attendance and submission of report will be duly considered while awarding the Internal Assessment mark.

### **Training Reports**

The students have to prepare two types of reports: Weekly reports in the form of a diary to be submitted to the concerned staff in-charge of the institution. This will be reviewed while awarding Internal



1220236351	Internship	540 Periods	С
PROJECT			12

#### **Industrial Training Diary**

Students are required to maintain the record of day-to-day work done. Such a record is called Industrial training Diary. Students have to write this report regularly. All days for the week should be accounted for clearly giving attendance particulars (Presence, absence, Leave, Holidays etc.). The concern of the Industrial supervisor is to periodically check these progress reports.

### **Comprehensive Training Report**

In addition to the diary, students are required to submit a comprehensive report on training with details of the organisation where the training was undergone after attestation by the supervisors. The comprehensive report should incorporate study of plant/product/process/construction along with intensive in-depth study on any one of the topics such as processes, methods, tooling, construction and equipment, highlighting aspects of quality, productivity and system. The comprehensive report should be completed in the last week of Industrial training. Any data, drawings etc. should be incorporated with the consent of the Organisation.

#### **Scheme of Evaluation**

#### **Internal Assessment**

Students should be assessed for 50 Marks by industry supervisor and polytechnic faculty mentor during 8th Week and 15th Week. The total marks (50 + 50) scored shall be converted to 40 marks for the Internal Assessment.

Sl. No.	Description	Marks
А	Punctuality and regularity. (Attendance)	10
В	Level / proficiency of practical skills acquired. Initiative in learning / working at site	10
С	Ability to solve practical problems. Sense of responsibility	10
D	Self expression / communication skills. Interpersonal skills / Human Relation.	10
Е	Report and Presentation.	10
	Total	50



1220236351	Internship	540 Periods	С
PROJECT	F		12

### **End Semester Examination - Project Exam**

Students should be assessed for 100 Marks both by the internal examiner and external examiner appointed by the Chairman Board of Examinations after the completion of internship period (Dec - May). The marks scored will be converted to 60 marks for the End Semester Examination.

Sl. No.	Description	Marks
А	Daily Activity Report.	20
В	Comprehensive report on Internship, Relevant Internship Certificate from the concerned department.	30
С	Presentation by the student at the end of the Internship.	30
D	Viva Voce	20
	Total	100



1220236353			С
	Fellowship	540 Periods	
PROJECT			12

#### Introduction

The Fellowship in the Diploma in Engineering program is designed to provide aspiring engineers with a comprehensive educational experience that combines theoretical knowledge with practical skills. This fellowship aims to cultivate a new generation of proficient and innovative engineers who are equipped to meet the challenges of a rapidly evolving technological landscape.

Participants in this fellowship will benefit from a robust curriculum that covers core engineering principles, advanced technical training, and hands-on projects. The program emphasizes interdisciplinary learning, encouraging fellows to explore various branches of engineering, from mechanical and civil to electrical, electronics & communication and computer engineering. This approach ensures that graduates possess a versatile skill set, ready to adapt to diverse career opportunities in the engineering sector.

In addition to academics, the fellowship offers numerous opportunities for professional development. Fellows will engage with industry experts through seminars, workshops, and internships, gaining valuable insights into real-world applications of their studies. Collaborative projects and research initiatives foster a culture of innovation, critical thinking, and problem-solving, essential attributes for any successful engineer.

By offering this fellowship, participants become part of a vibrant community of learners and professionals dedicated to advancing the field of engineering. The program is committed to supporting the growth and development of each fellow, providing them with the tools and resources needed to excel both academically and professionally.

The Fellowship in the Diploma in Engineering is more than just an educational endeavor; it is a transformative journey that equips aspiring engineers with the knowledge, skills, and experiences necessary to make significant contributions to society and the engineering profession.



PROJECT	1220236353	Fellowship	540 Periods	С
	PROJECT			12

### Objectives

After completing students will be able to,

- Provide fellows with a solid foundation in core engineering principles and advanced technical knowledge across various engineering disciplines.
- Equip fellows with hands-on experience through laboratory work, projects, and internships, ensuring they can apply theoretical knowledge to real-world scenarios.
- Promote interdisciplinary understanding by encouraging exploration and integration of different engineering fields, fostering versatility and adaptability in fellows.
- Encourage innovation and creativity through research projects and collaborative initiatives, enabling fellows to develop new solutions to engineering challenges.
- Facilitate professional growth through workshops, seminars, and interactions with industry experts, preparing fellows for successful careers in engineering.
- Develop critical thinking and problem-solving skills, essential for tackling complex engineering problems and making informed decisions.
- Strengthen connections between academia and industry by providing opportunities for internships, industry visits, and guest lectures from professionals.
- Foster leadership qualities and teamwork skills through group projects and collaborative activities, preparing fellows for leadership roles in their future careers.
- Instill a sense of ethical responsibility and awareness of the social impact of engineering practices, encouraging fellows to contribute positively to society.
- Promote a culture of lifelong learning, encouraging fellows to continually update their knowledge and skills in response to technological advancements and industry trends.
- Prepare fellows to work in a global engineering environment by exposing them to international best practices, standards, and cross-cultural experiences.



1220236353	Fellowship	540 Periods	С
PROJECT	renowsnip	540 I enous	12

#### **Course Outcomes**

**CO 1:** Demonstrate a strong understanding of core engineering principles and possess the technical skills necessary to design, analyze, and implement engineering solutions across various disciplines.

**CO 2:** Apply theoretical knowledge to practical scenarios, effectively solving engineering problems through hands-on projects, laboratory work, and internships.

**CO 3:** Exhibit the ability to conduct research, develop innovative solutions, and contribute to advancements in engineering through critical thinking and creative approaches to complex challenges.

**CO** 4:Understand and adhere to professional and ethical standards in engineering practice, demonstrating responsibility, integrity, and a commitment to sustainable and socially responsible engineering.

**CO 5:** Enhance strong communication skills, both written and verbal, and be capable of working effectively in teams, demonstrating leadership and collaborative abilities in diverse and multidisciplinary environments.

### Important points to consider to select the fellowship project.

Selecting the right fellowship project is crucial for maximizing the educational and professional benefits of a Diploma in Engineering program.

- **Relevance to Future Plans**: Choose a project that aligns with your long-term career aspirations and interests. This alignment will ensure that the skills and knowledge you gain will be directly applicable to your desired career path.
- **Industry Relevance**: Consider the current and future relevance of the project within the industry. Opt for projects that address contemporary challenges or emerging trends in engineering.



PROJECT

- Access to Facilities: Ensure that the necessary facilities, equipment, and materials are available to successfully complete the project. Lack of resources can hinder the progress and quality of your work.
- Mentorship and Guidance: Select a project that offers strong mentorship and support from experienced faculty members or industry professionals. Effective guidance is crucial for navigating complex problems and achieving project objectives.
- **Project Scope**: Assess the scope of the project to ensure it is neither too broad nor too narrow. A well-defined project scope helps in setting clear objectives and achievable milestones.
- **Feasibility**: Evaluate the feasibility of completing the project within the given timeframe and with the available resources. Consider potential challenges and ensure you have a realistic plan to address them.
- **Technical Skills**: Choose a project that allows you to develop and enhance important technical skills relevant to your field of study. Practical experience in using specific tools, technologies, or methodologies can be highly beneficial.
- •
- **Soft Skills**: Consider projects that also offer opportunities to develop soft skills such as teamwork, communication, problem-solving, and project management.
- **Innovative Thinking**: Select a project that encourages creativity and innovative problemsolving. Projects that push the boundaries of traditional engineering approaches can be particularly rewarding.
- **Societal Impact**: Consider the potential impact of your project on society or the engineering community. Projects that address significant challenges or contribute to social good can be highly fulfilling and make a meaningful difference.



## DIRECTORATE OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, CHENNAI – 600 025 REGULATION 2023

12

1220236353			С
	Fellowship	540 Periods	
PROJECT			12

#### **Guidelines to select Fellowship**

- Ensure the program is accredited by a recognized accrediting body and has a strong reputation for quality education in engineering.
- Ensure it covers core engineering principles that align with your interests and career goals.
- Investigate the qualifications and experience of the faculty mentor. Look for programs with faculty who have strong academic backgrounds, industry experience, and active involvement in research.
- Check if the program provides adequate hands-on training opportunities, such as laboratory work, workshops, and access to modern engineering facilities and equipment.
- Assess the program's connections with industry. Strong partnerships with companies can lead to valuable internship opportunities, industry projects, and exposure to real-world engineering challenges.
- Explore the availability of research opportunities. Participation in research projects can enhance your learning experience and open doors to innovative career paths.
- Look for programs that offer professional development resources, such as workshops, seminars, and networking events with industry professionals and alumni.
- Ensure the program provides robust support services, including academic advising, career counseling, mentorship programs, and assistance with job placement after graduation.
- Consider the cost of the program and available financial aid options, such as scholarships, grants, and fellowships. Evaluate the return on investment in terms of career prospects and potential earnings. Research the success of the program's alumni. High employment rates and successful careers of past graduates can indicate the program's effectiveness in preparing students for the engineering field.



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#### **Duties Responsibilities of the Faculty Mentor**

Each student should have a faculty mentor for the Institute.

- Get the approval from the Chairman Board of Examinations with the recommendations of the HOD/Principal for the topics.
- Provide comprehensive academic advising to help fellows select appropriate specializations, and research projects that align with their interests and career goals.
- Guide fellows through their research projects, offering expertise and feedback to ensure rigorous methodology, innovative approaches, and meaningful contributions to the field.
- Assist fellows in developing technical and professional skills through hands-on projects, laboratory work, and practical applications of theoretical knowledge.
- Offer career advice and support, helping fellows explore potential career paths, prepare for job searches, and connect with industry professionals and opportunities.
- Provide personal mentorship, fostering a supportive relationship that encourages growth, resilience, and a positive academic experience.
- Facilitate connections between fellows and industry professionals, alumni, and other relevant networks to enhance their professional opportunities and industry exposure.
- Ensure fellows have access to necessary resources, including research materials, lab equipment, software, and academic literature.
- Regularly monitor and evaluate the progress of fellows, providing constructive feedback and guidance to help them stay on track and achieve their goals.
- Instill and uphold high ethical and professional standards, encouraging fellows to practice integrity and responsibility in their work.
- Assist with administrative tasks related to the fellowship program, such as preparing progress reports, writing recommendation letters, and facilitating grant applications.
- Organize and participate in workshops, seminars, and other educational events that enhance the learning experience and professional development of fellows.
- Address any issues or conflicts that arise, providing mediation and support to ensure a positive and productive academic environment.



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#### **Instructions to the Fellowship Scholar**

- Regularly meet with your faculty mentor for guidance on academic progress, research projects, and career planning. Be proactive in seeking advice and support from your mentor.
- Develop strong organizational skills. Use planners, calendars, and task management tools to keep track of assignments, project deadlines, and study schedules. Prioritize tasks to manage your time efficiently.
- Take advantage of opportunities to participate in research projects and hands-on activities. These experiences are crucial for applying your theoretical knowledge and gaining practical skills.
- Focus on improving essential professional skills such as communication, teamwork, problemsolving, and leadership. Participate in workshops and seminars that enhance these competencies.
- Actively seek networking opportunities through industry events, seminars, and meetings. Establish connections with peers, alumni, and professionals in your field to build a strong professional network.
- Seek internships, co-op programs, or part-time jobs related to your field of study. Real-world experience is invaluable for understanding industry practices and enhancing your employability.
- Uphold high ethical standards in all your academic and professional activities. Practice integrity, honesty, and responsibility. Adhere to the ethical guidelines and standards set by your institution and the engineering profession.
- Adopt a mindset of lifelong learning. Stay updated with the latest developments and trends in engineering by reading industry journals, attending conferences, and taking additional courses.



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Documents to be submitted by the student to offer fellowship.

- **Completed Application Form**: This is typically the standard form provided by the institution or fellowship program that includes personal information, educational background, and other relevant details.
- **Detailed CV/Resume**: A comprehensive document outlining your educational background, knowledge experience, interest in research experience, publications, presentations, awards, and other relevant achievements if any.
- **Personal Statement**: A document explaining your motivation for applying to the fellowship, your career goals, how the fellowship aligns with those goals, and what you intend to achieve through the program.
- **Recommendation Letters**: Letters from faculty mentor, employer, or professionals who can attest to your academic abilities, professional skills, and suitability for the fellowship.
- **Proposal/Description**: A detailed proposal or description of the fellowship project or study you plan to undertake during the fellowship. This should include objectives, methodology, expected outcomes, and significance of the project.
- **Enrollment Verification**: Documentation verifying your current acceptance status in the academic institution or industry where the fellowship will be conducted.
- **Funding Information**: Details about any other sources of funding or financial aid you are receiving, if applicable. Some fellowships may also require a budget proposal for the intended use of the fellowship funds.
- Samples of Work: Copies of the relevant work that demonstrates your capabilities and accomplishments in your field.
- Endorsement Letter: A letter from your current academic institution endorsing your application for the fellowship, if required.
- Ethical Approval Documents: If your research involves human subjects or animals, you may need to submit proof of ethical approval from the relevant ethics committee.
- Additional Documents: Any other documents requested by the fellowship program required by the institution.



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## Attendance Certification

Every month students have to get their attendance certified by the supervisor in the prescribed form supplied to them. Students have also to put their signature on the form and submit it to the faculty mentor. Regularity in attendance and submission of report will be duly considered while awarding the Internal Assessment mark.

## Rubrics for Fellowship. Review I & II.

Sl. No.	Topics	Description
1	Alignment with Objectives	Assess how well the project aligns with the stated objectives and requirements. Determine if the student has addressed the key aspects outlined in the project guidelines.
2	Depth of Research:	Evaluate the depth and thoroughness of the literature review. Assess the student's ability to identify and address gaps in existing research.
3	Clarity of Objectives:	Check if the student has clearly defined and articulated the objectives of the project. Ensure that the objectives are specific, measurable, achievable, relevant, and time-bound (SMART).
4	Methodology and Data Collection:	Evaluate the appropriateness and justification of the research methodology. Assess the methods used for data collection and their relevance to the research questions.



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5	Analysis and Interpretation:	Examine the quality of data analysis techniques used. Assess the student's ability to interpret results and draw meaningful conclusions.
6	Project Management:	Evaluate the project management aspects, including adherence to timelines and milestones. Assess the student's ability to plan and execute the project effectively.
7	Documentation and Reporting:	Check the quality of documentation, including code, experimental details, and any other relevant materials. Evaluate the clarity, structure, and coherence of the final report.
8	Originality and Creativity:	Assess the level of originality and creativity demonstrated in the project. Determine if the student has brought a unique perspective or solution to the research problem.
9	Critical Thinking:	Evaluate the student's critical thinking skills in analyzing information and forming conclusions. Assess the ability to evaluate alternative solutions and make informed decisions.
10	Problem-Solving Skills:	Evaluate the student's ability to identify and solve problems encountered during the project. Assess adaptability and resilience in the face of challenges.



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#### **INTERNAL MARKS - 40 Marks**

As per the rubrics each topic should be considered for the Review I and Review II. Equal weightage should be given for all the topics. It should be assessed by a faculty mentor and the industrial professional or research guide.

Review 1 shall be conducted after 8th week and Review 2 shall be conducted after 14th week in the semester. Average marks scored in the reviews shall be considered for the internal assessment of 30 Marks.

## Scheme of Evaluation

PART	DESCRIPTION	MARKS
Α	Assessment as per the rubrics.	30
В	Attendance	10
Total		40



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## **END SEMESTER EXAMINATION - Project Exam**

Students should be assessed for 100 Marks both by the internal examiner and external examiner appointed by the Chairman Board of Examinations after the completion of fellowship. The marks scored will be converted to 60 marks for the End Semester Examination.

Sl. No.	Description	Marks
A	Daily Activity Report.	20
В	Comprehensive report of the Fellowship Work.	30
С	Presentation by the student.	30
D	Viva Voce	20
	Total	100



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## Introduction

Every student must do one major project in the Final year of their program. Students can do their major project in Industry or R&D Lab or in-house or a combination of any two for the partial fulfilment for the award of Diploma in Engineering.

For the project works, the Department will constitute a three-member faculty committee to monitor the progress of the project and conduct reviews regularly.

If the projects are done in-house, the students must obtain the bonafide certificate for project work from the Project supervisor and Head of the Department, at the end of the semester. Students who have not obtained the bonafide certificate are not permitted to appear for the Project Viva Voce examination.

For the projects carried out in Industry, the students must submit a separate certificate from Industry apart from the regular bonafide certificate mentioned above. For Industry related projects there must be one internal faculty advisor / Supervisor from Industry (External), this is in addition to the regular faculty supervision.

The final examination for project work will be evaluated based on the final report submitted by the project group **of not exceeding four students**, and the viva voce by an external examiner.

#### Objectives

Academic project work plays a crucial role in the education of Diploma in engineering students, as it helps them apply theoretical knowledge to practical situations and prepares them for real-world engineering challenges.



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- **Integration of Knowledge**: Consolidate and integrate theoretical knowledge acquired in coursework to solve practical engineering problems.
- **Skill Development**: Enhance technical skills related to the specific field of engineering through hands-on experience and application.
- **Problem-Solving Abilities**: Develop critical thinking and problem-solving abilities by addressing complex engineering issues within a defined scope.
- **Project Management**: Gain experience in project planning, execution, and management, including setting objectives, timelines, and resource allocation.
- **Teamwork and Collaboration**: Foster teamwork and collaboration by working in multidisciplinary teams to achieve project goals and objectives.

**Research Skills**: Acquire research skills by conducting literature reviews, gathering relevant data, and applying research methodologies to investigate engineering problems.

- **Innovation and Creativity**: Encourage innovation and creativity in proposing and developing engineering solutions that may be novel or improve upon existing methods.
- **Communication Skills**: Improve communication skills, both oral and written, by presenting project findings, writing technical reports, and effectively conveying ideas to stakeholders.
- Ethical Considerations: Consider ethical implications related to engineering practices, including safety, environmental impact, and societal concerns.
- **Professional Development**: Prepare for future professional roles by demonstrating professionalism, initiative, and responsibility throughout the project lifecycle.

## **Course Outcomes**

- **CO1:** Demonstrate the ability to apply theoretical concepts and principles learned in coursework to solve practical engineering problems encountered during the project.
- **CO2:** Develop and enhance technical skills specific to the field of engineering relevant to the project, such as design, analysis, simulation, construction, testing, and implementation.
- **CO3:** Apply critical thinking and problem-solving skills to identify, analyze, and propose solutions to engineering challenges encountered throughout the project lifecycle.
- **CO4:** Acquire project management skills by effectively planning, organizing, and executing project tasks within defined timelines and resource constraints.
- **CO5:** Improve communication skills through the preparation and delivery of project reports, presentations, and documentation that effectively convey technical information to stakeholders.

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#### Important points to consider to select the In-house project.

- Selecting a project work in Diploma Engineering is a significant decision that can greatly influence your learning experience and future career prospects.
- Choose a project that aligns with your career aspirations and interests within the field of engineering. Consider how the project can contribute to your professional development and future opportunities.
- Ensure the project aligns with your coursework and specialization within the Diploma program. It should complement and build upon the knowledge and skills you have acquired in your studies.
- Evaluate the scope of the project to ensure it is manageable within the given timeframe, resources, and constraints. Avoid projects that are overly ambitious or impractical to complete effectively.
- Assess the availability of resources needed to conduct the project, such as equipment, materials, laboratory facilities, and access to relevant software or tools. Lack of resources can hinder project progress.
- Select a project that genuinely interests and motivates you. A project that captures your curiosity and passion will keep you engaged and committed throughout the project duration.
- Consider the availability and expertise of faculty advisors or industry mentors who can provide guidance and support throughout the project. Effective mentorship is crucial for success.
- Clearly define the learning objectives and expected outcomes of the project. Ensure that the project will help you achieve specific learning goals related to technical skills, problem-solving, and professional development.
- Look for opportunities to propose innovative solutions or explore new methodologies within your project. Projects that encourage creativity can set you apart and enhance your learning experience.
- Consider ethical implications related to the project, such as safety protocols, environmental impact, and compliance with ethical guidelines in research and engineering practices.



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- Evaluate whether the project offers opportunities for collaboration with peers, experts from other disciplines, or industry partners. Interdisciplinary projects can broaden your perspective and enhance your teamwork skills.
- Consider the potential impact of your project on society or the engineering community. Projects that address significant challenges or contribute to social good can be highly fulfilling and make a meaningful difference.

By carefully considering these points, Diploma Engineering students can make informed decisions when selecting project work that not only enhances their academic learning but also prepares them for successful careers in engineering.

## Duties Responsibilities of the internal faculty advisor.

Each group should have an internal faculty advisor assigned by the HOD/Principal.

- The in-house project should be approved by the project monitoring committee constituted by the Chairman Board of Examinations.
- The in-house project should be selected in the fifth semester itself. Each in-house project shall have a maximum of four students in the project group.
- Provide comprehensive academic advising to help in the selection of appropriate in-house project that align with their interests and career goals.
- Offer expertise and feedback to ensure rigorous methodology, innovative approaches, and meaningful contributions to the field.
- Assist in developing technical and professional skills through hands-on projects, laboratory work, and practical applications of theoretical knowledge.
- Provide personal mentorship, fostering a supportive relationship that encourages growth, resilience, and a positive academic experience.
- Facilitate connections between students and industry professionals, alumni, and other relevant networks to enhance their professional opportunities and industry exposure.
- Ensure students have access to necessary resources, including research materials, lab equipment, software, and academic literature.
- Regularly monitor and evaluate the progress of the in-house project, providing constructive feedback and guidance to help them stay on track and achieve their goals.



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- Instil and uphold high ethical and professional standards, encouraging students to practice integrity and responsibility in their work.
- Assist in preparing progress reports, writing recommendation letters, and facilitating grant applications.
- Organize and participate in workshops, seminars, and other educational events that enhance the learning experience and professional development.
- Address any issues or conflicts that arise, providing mediation and support to ensure a positive and productive academic environment.

## Instructions to the students.

- Regularly meet with your internal faculty advisor for guidance on academic progress, research projects, and career planning. Be proactive in seeking advice and support from your faculty advisor.
- Use planners, calendars, and task management tools to keep track of assignments, project deadlines, and study schedules. Prioritize tasks to manage your time efficiently.
- Take advantage of opportunities to participate in in-house projects and hands-on activities. These experiences are crucial for applying your theoretical knowledge and gaining practical skills.
- Focus on improving essential professional skills such as communication, teamwork, problemsolving, and leadership. Participate in workshops and seminars that enhance these competencies.
- Actively seek networking opportunities through industry events, seminars, and meetings. Establish connections with peers, alumni, and professionals in your field to build a strong professional network.



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- Seek internships, co-op programs, or part-time jobs related to your field of study. Real-world experience is invaluable for understanding industry practices and enhancing your employability.
- Uphold high ethical standards in all your academic and professional activities. Practice integrity, honesty, and responsibility. Adhere to the ethical guidelines and standards set by your institution and the engineering profession.
- Adopt a mind-set of lifelong learning. Stay updated with the latest developments and trends in engineering by reading industry journals, attending conferences, and taking additional courses.

## Documents to be submitted by the student for an in-house project.

Submit a printed report of your in-house project work along with the fabrication model / analysis report for the End Semester Examination.

Sl. No.	Topics	Description
1	Objectives	Clearly defined and specific objectives outlined. Objectives align with the project's scope and purpose.
2	Literature Review	Thorough review of relevant literature. Identification of gaps and justification for the project's contribution.
3	Research Design and Methodology	Clear explanation of the research design. Appropriateness and justification of chosen research methods.
4	Project Management	Adherence to project timeline and milestones. Effective organization and planning evident in the project execution.

## **Rubrics for In-House Project Work**



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5	Documentation	Comprehensive documentation of project details. Clarity and completeness in recording methods, results, and challenges.
6	Presentation Skills	Clear and articulate communication of project findings. Effective use of visuals, if applicable.
7	Analysis and Interpretation	In-depth analysis of data. Clear interpretation of results in the context of research questions.
8	Problem-Solving	Demonstrated ability to identify and address challenges encountered during the project.Innovative solutions considered where applicable.
9	Professionalism and Compliance	Adherence to ethical standards in research. Compliance with project guidelines and requirements.
10	Quality of Work	Overall quality and contribution of the project to the field. Demonstrated effort to produce high-quality work.

## SCHEME OF EVALUATION

The mark allocation for Internal and End Semester Viva Voce are as below.

Internal Marks (40 Marks)*			
Review 1	Review 2	Review 3	
(10 Marks)	(15 Marks)	(15 marks)	
Committee: 5 Marks.	Committee: 7.5 Marks	Committee: 7.5 Marks	
Supervisor: 5 Marks	Supervisor: 7.5 Marks	Supervisor: 7.5 Marks	

Note: \* The rubrics should be followed for the evaluation of the internal marks during reviews.



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END SEMESTER EXAMINATION - Project Exam				

#### KAMINATION - Pr ND SEMESTER E oject Exai

The performance of each student in the project group would be evaluated in a viva voce examination conducted by a committee consisting of an external examiner and the project supervisor and an internal examiner.

End Semester (100) <sup>#</sup>					
Record	Presentation	Viva Voce	Model / Analysis		
(20 Marks)	(20 Marks)	(20 Marks)	Report		
			(40 Marks)		
External: 10	External: 10	External: 10	External: 20		
Internal: 5	Internal: 5	Internal: 5	Internal: 10		
Supervisor: 5	Supervisor: 5	Supervisor: 5	Supervisor: 10		

<sup>#</sup>The marks scored will be converted to 60 Marks.

